# PART II OPERATION MANUAL

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF USING 7200GS

### 1.1 Using LCD (or LED) digital operator

- 7200GS are standard with LCD digital operator JNEP-34. Moreover, an LED digital operator JNEP-33 is also available. Three two digital operator have the same operation functions except the LCD and 7-segments LED display difference.
- The LCD and LED digital operator has 2 modes: DRIVE mode and PRGM mode. When the inverter is stopped, DRIVE mode or PRGM mode can be selected by pressing the key PRGM mode, In DRIVE mode, the operation is enabled. Instead, in the PRGM mode, the parameter settings for operation can be changed but the operation is not enabled.
- a> The LCD digital operator component names and functions shown as below:

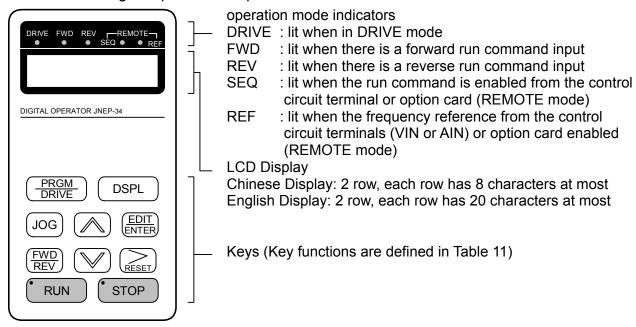
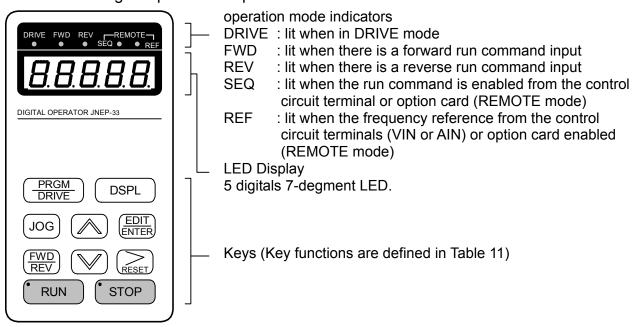


Fig 9 LCD Digital operator component names and functions

b> The LED digital operator component names and functions shown as below:

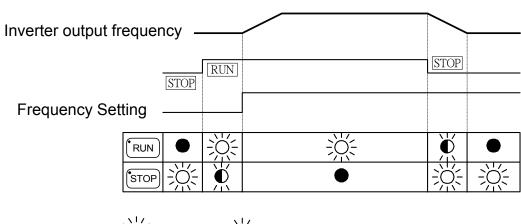


### Fig 10 LED Digital operator component names and functions

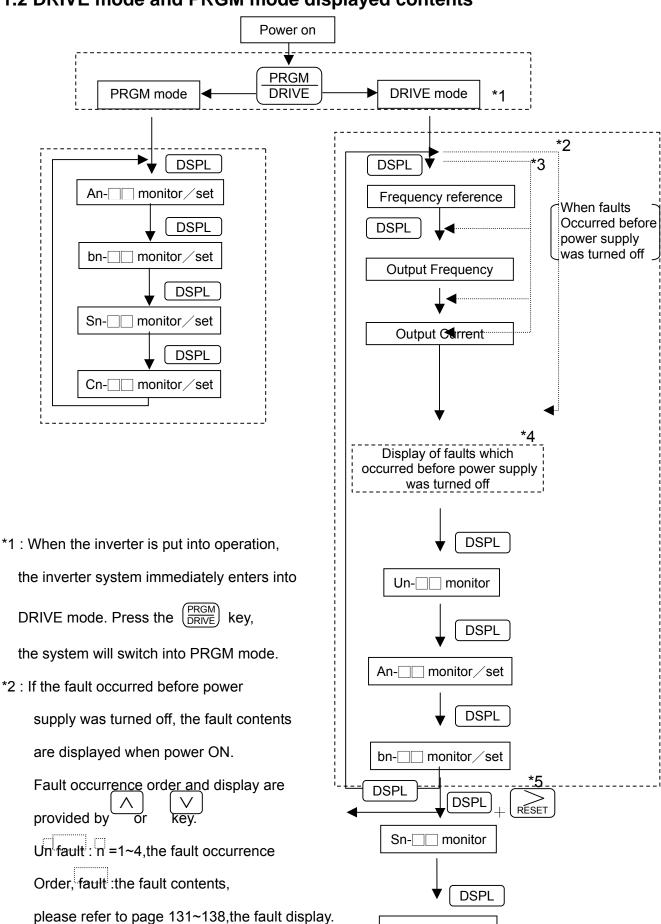
Table 11 Key's functions

Key	Name	Function
PRGM DRIVE	PRGM/DRIVE key	Switches between operation (PRGM) and operation (DRIVE).
DSPL	DSPL key	Display operation status
JOG	JOG key	Enable jog operation from digital operator in operation (DRIVE).
(FWD) REV	FWD/REV key	Select the rotation direction from digital operator.
RESET	RESET key	Set the number of digital for user constant settings. Also it acts as the reset key when a fault has occurred.
	INCRENMNT key	Select the menu items, groups, functions, and user constant name, and increment set values.
	DECRENENT key	Select the menu items, groups, functions, and user constant name, and decrement set values.
EDIT ENTER	EDIT/ENTER key	Select the menu items, groups, functions, and user constants name, and set values (EDIT). After finishing the above action, press the key (ENTER).
(RUN	RUN key	Start inverter operation in (DRIVE) mode when operator is used. The led will light.
STOP	STOP key	Stop 7200GS operation from LCD digital operator. The key can be enable or disabled by setting a constant Sn-05 when operating from the control circuit terminal (in this case, the LED will light).

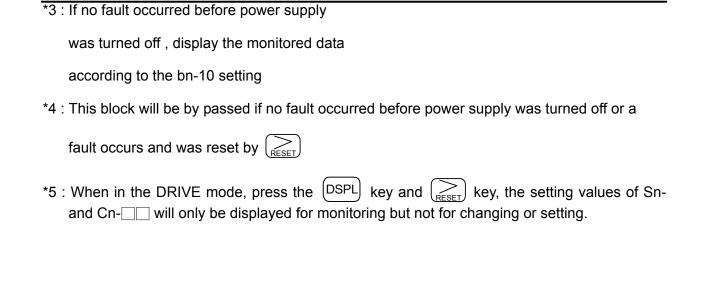
RUN, STOP indicator lights or blinks to indicate the 3 operating status:



### 1.2 DRIVE mode and PRGM mode displayed contents



Cn- monitor



### 1.3 Parameter Description

The 7200GS has 4 groups of user parameters:

Parameters*4	Description		
An-□□ Frequency command			
bn-	Parameter settings can be changed during running		
Sn-□□	System parameter settings (can be changes only after stop)		
Cn-	Control parameter settings (can be changed only after stop)		

The parameter setting of Sn-03 (operation status) will determine if the setting value of different parameter groups are allowed to be changed or only to be monitored, as shown below:

Sn-03	DRIV	E mode	PRGM mode			
311-03	To be set	To be monitored	To be set	To be monitored		
0000*1	An, bn Sn, Cn		An, bn, Sn, Cn	_		
0101 <sup>*3</sup>	An	bn, Sn, Cn	An	bn, Sn, Cn		

<sup>\*1:</sup> Factory setting

- \*2 : When in DRIVE mode, the parameter group Sn-, Cn- can only be monitored if the key and the DSPL key are to be pressed at the same time,
- \*3 : After a few trial operation and adjustment, the setting value Sn-03 is set to be "0101" so as not be modified again.
- \*4 : The 7200GS has one group of monitoring parameters in addition to the above 4 groups of user parameters.

Un- : Can be monitored by the users under the DRIVE mode.

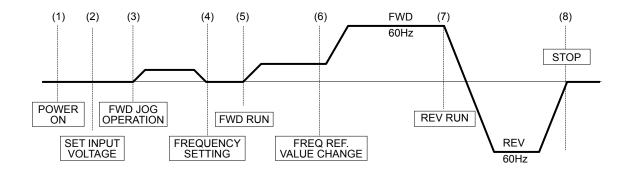
### 1.4 Sample example of using LCD digital operator

Note:

Before operation: Control parameter Cn-01 value must be set as the input AC voltage value. For example, Cn-01=380 if AC input voltage is 380.

This sample example will explain the operating of 7200GAS according to the following time chart.

### OPERATION MODE

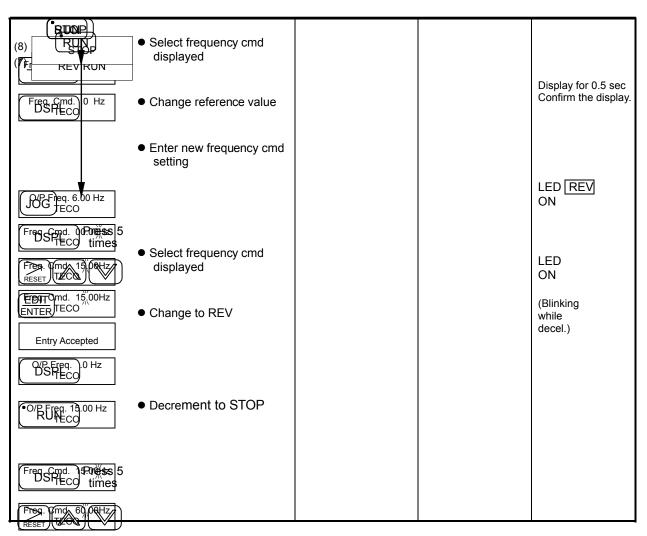


### ■ Sample operation

Description	Key Sequence	Digital Operator Display	Remarks
(1) When POWER ON Sect frequency reference value displayed			
Select PRGM mode  (2) Input voltage			LED DRIVE OFF
setting (e.g. AC input voltage is 380V)  Select CONTROL			
	-40-		

PARAMETER	
Freq. Cmd. 00.00Hz TECO	
PRGM-01 DRMCmd. 1	Display for 0.5
Ds Cn-01 Press 3 ● Display Cn-01 setting  Disput Vollagetimes	sec sec
ENTER t Voltage  ■ Input Voltage 380V	
RESERVE TO SERVE TO S	
EDIT ENFER Accepted	

	D	Description	Key Sequence	Digital Operator Display	Remarks
(§) (5) (3)	(continued)  Frequency command change	<ul> <li>Select DRIVE mode</li> <li>Select output frequency displayed</li> <li>Select direction of rotation (When power on, initially defaulted FWD)</li> <li>Jog operation</li> <li>Select frequency cmd displayed</li> </ul>			LED DRIVE ON LED FWD ON
		<ul> <li>Change frequency cmd</li> <li>Set new frequency cmd</li> <li>Select O/P frequency</li> </ul>			Display for 0.5 sec Confirm the display.
		displayed  Running operation			LED ON



EPRITOMD. 60.00Hz ENTER FECO

Entry Accepted

O/P Freq. 60.00 Hz DSHECO

REV ECO

O/P Freq. 0 Hz

### 1.5 Control Mode Selection

The 7200GS standard with four selectable control modes:

- ① GP: V/F control mode (General Purpose V/F control mode).
- ② SL: Sensorless Vector Control mode (with motor parameters auto tuning function).
- ③ PID: PID with Auto Energy Saving Control mode.
- 4 PG: V/F+PG closed loop Control mode.

The control mode can be selected by parameter Sn-13:

Sn-13 setting	LCD Display (English)	Descriptions
00	Sn-13=00	CD: \//E control mode (factory actting)
00	V/F Ctrl Mode	GP: V/F control mode (factory setting)
01	Sn-13=01	SL: Sensorless Vector Control mode
01	SL Ctrl Mode	SL. Sensoness vector Control mode
10	Sn-13=10	PID: PID with Auto Energy Saving
10	PID Ctrl Mode	Control mode
11	Sn-13=11	PG: V/F+PG closed loop Control
	PG Ctrl Mode	mode

### Caution:

- 1. Factory setting as V/F control mode (GP mode), When the required control mode is selected by Sn-13, the selected control mode is effective only after turning off the power supply till the display of digital operator (LCD or LED digital operator) is off, then turn on the power supply again.
- 2. The AUTO TUNE feature can be used to identify and store the important motor parameters in the first time sensorless vector operation after installation, and when switching to anyone of the other three control modes, then switched back to the sensorless vector control mode, the AUTO TUNE feature has to be used to identify and store the motor parameters once again.

### 2. SETTING USER CONSTANT

# 2.1 Descriptions of constant/function list

### Formate

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Change	Cotting Dongs	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	Valid Access Levels				Ref.
No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Setting Range			GP	SL	PID	PG	Page
			0								
			or								
			×								

● Parameter NO.: NO. of the parameter group An-☐☐, bn-☐☐, Sn-☐☐, Cn-☐☐ and Un-☐☐.
Name: Parameter function name.
● LCD Display (English): The LCD display contents.
Change During Operation:
: The parameter setting can be changed during running.
imes : The parameter setting can not be changed during running.
Setting Range: The allowable setting range of the parameter.
● Setting Unit: The allowable setting unit ("—" means without unit).

- Valid Access Levels:
  - ① GP: V/F control mode (General Purpose V/F control mode).

under different control mode.

② SL: Sensorless Vector Control mode (with auto tuning function).

• Factory Setting: Some of the parameter have different factory setting value

- ③ PID: PID with Auto Energy Saving Control mode.
- 4 PG: V/F+PG closed loop Control mode.

○ : The parameter is access valid under this control mode (i.e. the
parameter group can be monitored or set by the user)

 $\times$ : The parameter is access invalid under this control mode.

Number (1~3): different number with different function definitions.

## 2.2 Frequency command (in Multi-speed operation) An-

Under the DRIVE mode, the user can monitor the parameters and set their values.

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Change	Setting Range	Setting	Factory	Valid Access I			evels	Ref.
No.		LCD Display (English) During Setting Ran Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	Page	
An-01	Frequency	An-01=000.00Hz		0.00.490.00.11	0.041.1=	00 0011-					
	Command 1	Frequency Command 1	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	00.00Hz	0	0	0	0	
An-02	Frequency	An-02=000.00Hz		0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz					
A11-02	Command 2	Frequency Command 2	0	0.00~180.00 HZ	0.01HZ	0.00HZ	$\circ$	0	0	0	
An-03	Frequency	An-03=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	0	0	
AII-US	Command 3	Frequency Command 3	U	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01112	0.00112					
An-04	Frequency Command 4	An-04=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	0	0	
A11-04		Frequency Command 4			0.01112	0.00112	0	0	0	0	
An-05	Frequency Command 5	An-05=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	×	×	
7 00		Frequency Command 5		0.00 1.00.00 1.2	0.0112	0.001.12			/\	/\	
An-06	Frequency	An-06=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	×	×	
	Command 6	Frequency Command 6							/\	/\	
An-07	Frequency	An-07=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	×	×	
	Command 7 From	Frequency Command 7							/\	/\	
An-08	Frequency	An-08=000.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	×	×	
	Command 8	Frequency Command 8					)	)			
An-09	Jog Frequency	An-09=006.00Hz	0	0.00~180.00 Hz	0.01Hz	6.00Hz	0	0	0	0	
	Command	Jog Command									

<sup>\*1.</sup> The displayed "Setting Unit" can be changed through the parameter Cn-20.

<sup>\*2.</sup> At factory setting, the value of "Setting Unit" is 0.01Hz.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The setting of An-01~09 should be with the multi-function analog terminals  $\mathfrak{s}$ ~ $\mathfrak{g}$ .

# 2.3 Parameters Can Be Changed during Running bn-

Under the DRIVE mode, the Parameter group can be monitored and set by the users.

Function	Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Change During	Setting Range	Setting		Va	alid <i>A</i> Lev	Acce /els	ss	Ref.
Tunction	No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Nange	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	Page
	bn-01	Acceleration Time 1	bn-01=0010.0s Acc. Time 1	0	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s	0	0	0	0	
Acc/Dec	bn-02	Deceleration Time 1	bn-02=0010.0s Dec. Time 1	0	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s	0	0	0	0	45
time	bn-03	Acceleration Time 2	bn-03=0010.0s Acc. Time 2	0	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s	0	0	0	0	43
	bn-04	Deceleration Time 2	bn-04=0010.0s Dec. Time 2	0	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s	0	0	0	0	
Analog Frequency	bn-05	Analog Frequency Cmd. Gain (Voltage)	bn-05=0100.0% ~Freq. Cmd. Gain	0	0.0~1000.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0	0	0	0	46
Command	bn-06	Analog Frequency Cmd. Bias (Voltage)	bn-06=0000.0% ~Freq. Cmd. Bias	0	-100.0%~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0	0	0	0	40
Torque Boost	bn-07	Auto Torque Boost Gain (Ineffective in Auto energy-saving mode)	bn-07=1.0 Auto_Boost Gain	0	0.0~2.0	0.1	1.0* <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	46
Motor Slip	bn-08	Rated Slip of Motor	bn-08 =0.0% Motor Rated Slip	0	0.0~9.9%*2	0.1%	0.0%	1	2	×	×	47 48
Energy Saving	bn-09	Energy Saving Gain	bn-09=080% Eg. Saving Gain	0	0~200%	1%	80%	0	0	×	0	48
	bn-10	Monitor No. After power ON	bn-10=1 Power On. Contents	0	1~3	1	1	0	0	0	0	48
A01 Gain	bn-11	Multi-Function Analog Output A01 Gain	bn-11=1.00 ~Output A01 Gain	0	0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	1	1	1	2	48~50
A02 Gain	bn-12	Multi-Function Analog Output A02 Gain	bn-12=1.00 ~Output A02 Gain	0	0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	1	1	1	2	148~5U
	bn-13	PID Detection Gain	bn-13=01.00 PID Det. Gain	0	0.01~10.00	0.01	1.00	×	×	0	×	
	bn-14	PID Proportional Gain	bn-14=01.0 PID P-Gain	0	0.0~10.0	0.1	1.0	×	×	0	×	
PID Control	bn-15	PID Integral Gain	bn-15=010.0s PID I-Time	0	0.0~100.0s	0.1s	10.0s	×	×	0	×	50 147
	bn-16	PID Differential Time	bn-16=0.00s PID D-Time	0	0.00~1.00s	0.01s	0.00s	×	×	0	×	
	bn-17	PID Bias	bn-17=000% PID Bias	0	0~109%*2	1%	0%	×	×	0	×	

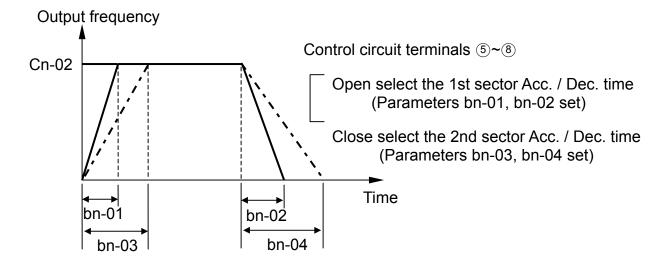
<sup>\*1.</sup> The factory setting value is 1.2 for SL control mode.

\*2. Cn-04 is to be the 100% level.

- (1) Acceleration Time 1 (bn-01)
- (2) Deceleration Time 1 (bn-02)
- (3) Acceleration Time 2 (bn-03)
- (4) Deceleration Time 2 (bn-04)

Parameter	Name	LCD Display			LCD Display   During   Setting Pange   Setting			Factory	Valid Access Leve					
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	0 0	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG				
bn-01	Acceleration Time 1	bn-01=0010.0s		0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s								
DII-U I	Acceleration Time 1	Acc. Time 1	0	0.0~6000.08	0.18	10.08	0	0	0					
bn-02	Deceleration Time 1	bn-02=0010.0s		0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s								
011-02	Deceleration fille f	Dec. Time 1	O	0.0~0000.05	0.15	10.05	0	0		0				
bn-03	Acceleration Time 2	bn-03=0010.0s	)	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s								
DI1-03	Acceleration Time 2	Acc. Time 2	O	0.0~0000.05	0.15	10.05	0	0	0	$\circ$				
bn-04	Deceleration Time 2	bn-04=0010.0s		0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	10.0s		0						
DI1-04	Deceleration Time 2	Dec. Time 2	O	0.0-0000.08	0.15	10.05	0			0				

- Set individual Acceleration / Deceleration times
- Acceleration time: the time required to go from 0% to 100% of the maximum output frequency.
- Deceleration time: the time required to go from 0% to 100% of the maximum output frequency.
- If the acceleration / deceleration time sectors 1 and 2 are input via the multifunction inputs terminal ⑤~⑧, the acceleration / deceleration can be switched between 2 sectors even in the running status.



### Note:

1. To set the S-curve characteristics function, please refer to Sn-06.

### (5) Analog Frequency Cmd. Gain (Voltage) (bn-05)

### (6) Analog Frequency Cmd. Bias (Voltage) (bn-06)

Parameter	Name	LCD Display Change Setting Range Setting	During   Setting Range   Se		LCD Display   During   Setting Range   Setting   Factory	Setting Range   Setting	Factory	Valid	Acce	ess Levels	
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
bn-05	Analog Frequency Cmd. Gain (Voltage)	bn-05=0100.0% ~Freq. Cmd. Gain	0	0.0~1000.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0	0	0	0	
bn-06	Analog Frequency Cmd. Bias (Voltage)	bn-06=0000.0% ~Freq. Cmd. Bias	0	-100.0%~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0	0	0	0	

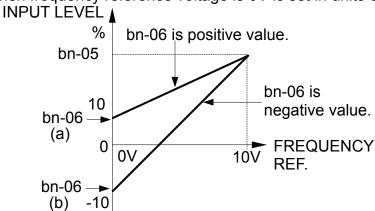
- •bn-05: The input level when frequency reference voltage is 10V is set in units of 1%, examples are shown below.
- •bn-06: The input level when frequency reference voltage is 0V is set in units of 1%

<Example>

 $\bigcirc$  bn-05 = 50.0

② a: bn-06 = 10.0

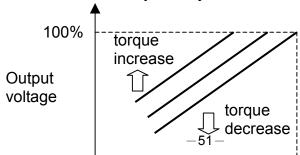
b: bn-06 = -10.0



### (7) Auto Torque Boost Gain (bn-07)

1	Parameter	Name	LCD Display			Setting Range Setting	Valid Access Leve				
	No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	bn-07	Auto Torque Boost Gain (Ineffective in Auto energy-saving mode)	bn-07=1.0 Auto_Boost Gain	0	0.0~2.0	0.1	1.0	0	0	0	$\circ$

The inverter can increase the output torque to compensate the load increase automatically through the auto torque boost function. Then the output voltage will increase. As a result, the fault trip cases can be decreased. The energy efficiency is also improved. In the case that the wiring distance between the inverter and the motor is too long (e.g. more than 100m), the motor torque is a little short because of voltage drop. Increase the value of bn-11 gradually and make sure the current will not increase too much. Normally, no adjustment is required.



Base frequency

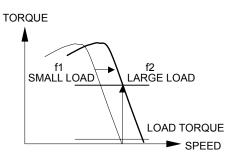
bn-07 is ineffective when the Auto-Energy Saving function is effective (Sn-08=X1XX) in the PID control mode (Sn-13=10).

### (8) Rated Slip of Motor (bn-08)

### 1. GP

Parameter	Nama	ne i ' ' i During i Setting Range i		Name   LCD Display   During   Setting Range   Setting		Factory	Valid	alid Access Level				
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
bn-08	Rated Slip of Motor	bn-08 =0.0%		0.0~9.9%	0.1%	0.0%	1	2		\ <u></u>		
DI1-00	Nated Slip of Motor	Motor Rated Slip	0	0.0~9.976	U. 1 /0	0.0 %		۷				

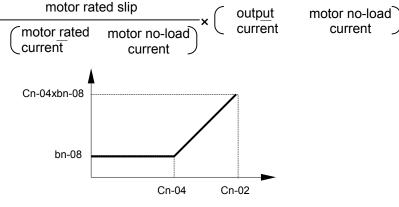
Motor rated slip is set in units of 0.1%



Simplified speed control is performed without encoder (PG or TG). With frequency offset f<sub>1</sub> to f<sub>2</sub>, speed fluctuation due to load is reduced.

- When the output current of the inverter is larger than motor no-load current (Cn-34), the output frequency of the inverter is compensated.
- The amount of frequency compensation is determined by the formula below. The maximum voltage frequency (Cn-04) is 100%.
- If the output current is equal to the motor rated current (Cn-09), the output frequency is compensated for by the motor rated slip (bn-08).
- If frequency reference is equal to or smaller than minimum output frequency (Cn-07) or motor is in a regeneration mode, slip compensation is not performed.
- The amount of output frequency compensation in a constant torque area and a constant output area is shown in the figure below.

Amount of output frequency compensation =



Motor rated current: Cn-09 Motor no-load current: Cn-34

Motor rated slip:

bn-08

●When 0.0 is set in bn-08, output frequency compensation is not performed.

### 2. SL

Parameter	Name	LCD Display Change		ICIDIISNIAV I Setting I Factory I		Setting Range	I Sett		ctory Valid Acces		cess Levels		
No.	ivaille	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG			
bn-08	Rated Slip of Motor	bn-08 =1.7Hz		0.0~20.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.7Hz*	1	2	\ \	~			
511-00	Trated Slip of Motor	Motor Rated Slip		0.0 -20.0112	V. 11 12	1.7112	•						

<sup>\*</sup> Factory setting depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 set value)

• To calculate the motor rated slop by the below equation:

Motor Rated Slop (Hz)= [rated speed (rpm)—nameplate full load speed (rpm)] 
$$\times \frac{P}{120}$$
 (Hz)

P=motor poles

### (9) Energy Saving Gain (bn-09)

Paramet	er Name	LCD Display	Change During Setting Range		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	evels
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
bn-09	Energy Saving Gain	bn-09=080%		0~200%	1%	80%			\ \	
511-09	Lifelgy Saving Gain	Eg. Saving Gain		0 200 /6	1 /0	00 /6		)		

- ●Input the energy-saving operation command (Sn-15~18=63), While a light load causes the inverter output voltage to be reduced and save energy. Set this value as a percentage of the V/F pattern. The setting range is 0~200%. The energy saving function is disabled when energy saving gain (bn-09) is 100%.
- Please refer to page 97, the time chart when energy-saving operation command is input.

### (10) Monitor No. after Power ON (bn-10)

Ī	Parameter	Nome	Change Change Setting Range		Change During Setting Range Setting		Factory	Valid	Acce	ess Le	evels
	No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	bn-10	Monitor No. After	bn-10=1		1~3	1	1				
	DII-10	power ON	Power On. Contents	0	1~3	ı	Ī		0		

Data to be monitored after turning on power supply is selected with constant NO.

bn-10=1: Frequency reference

bn-10=2 : Output frequency

bn-10=3 : Output current

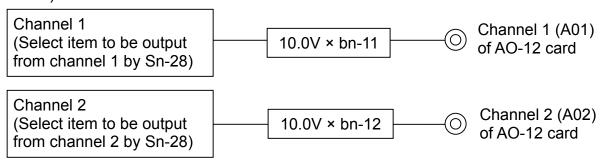
(11) Multi-function Analog Output A01 Gain (bn-11)

(12) Multi-function Analog Output A02 Gain (bn-12)

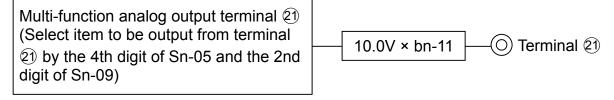
### 1. GP, SL, PID

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Change	During   Setting Range   Se		Setting Factory	Valid Access Level					
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
bn-11	Multi-Function Analog	bn-11=1.00		0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	1	1	1	2		
DII-TT	Output A01 Gain	~Output A01 Gain	0	0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00		•	'			
bn-12	Multi-Function Analog	bn-12=1.00		0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	1	1	1	2		
DII-12	Output A02 Gain	~Output A02 Gain	0	0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	I	ı	ı	_		

◆To set the output voltage level of A01 channel of analog monitor optional card (AO-12) by bn-11 and bn-12. The output voltage level is set in the form of 10V×bn-11 (or bn-12).



● To set the output voltage level of multi-function analog output terminal ②1. The output voltage level is set in the form of 10V×bn-11



### 2. PG

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Change During Setting Range		Setting	Factory	Valid Access Level					
No.	Name	(English)	Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
bn-11	Multi-Function Analog	bn-11=2		1~13		2	1	1	1	2		
DII-11	Output ② items	Output Frequency	0	1-15	_	2			,			
bn-12	Multi-Function Analog	bn-12=		0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	4	1	4	2		
DII-12	Output ②1 Gain	$\sim$ Output Gain		0.01~2.55	0.01	1.00	l	1	ļ	2		

●bn-11: Select the item to be output from terminal ②

bn-11 setting	LCD Display (English)	Functions
01	Freq. Cmd.	Frequency Command (Reference)
02	O/P Freq.	Output Frequency
03	O/P I	Output Current
04	O/P V	Output Voltage

05	DC Volt	DC Voltage
06	O/P KW	Output Power (KW)
07-11	Reserved	Not used
12	Sp. FBK	Amount of speed feedback
13	Sp. Compen.	Amount of speed control compensation

●bn-12: To set the output voltage level of multi-function analog output terminal ②). The output voltage level is set in the form of 10V×bn-12



\* The analog monitor optional card (AO-12) can not be used in PG control mode.

### (13) PID Control function (bn-13~bn-17)

● Please refer to Appendix C "PID CONTROL".

# 2.4 System Parameters Sn- $\square$

Function	Parameter			Description	Factory	Change During	Valid	d Acce	ss Le	vels	Ref.	
1 unction	No.		(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	Page	
Capacity Setting	Sn-01	Inverter Capacity Selection	Sn-01=29 440V 25HP	Inverter Capacity Selection	*1	×	1	2	1	1	55~ 62	
V/f Curve	Sn-02	V/f Curve Selection	Sn-02=01 V/f Curve	V/f pattern Selection	01	×	0	0	0	0	63~ 65	
Operator Status	Sn-03	Display of Operator	Sn-03=0000 Operate Setting	0000: Setting and reading of An-	0000	×	0	0	0	0	66	
		Constants Initialization		1110: Constants Initialigation (2- wire)* <sup>2</sup> 1111: Constants Initialigation (3- wire)* <sup>2</sup>								
		Operation Mode Select		0: Frequency Command = Control circuit terminals ③ or ④1: Frequency Command = Frequency Command 1 (An-01)								
Operation Mode Select 1	Sn-04		Sn-04=0011 Stopping Method	0 -: RUN · STOP Command = Control circuit terminals1 -: RUN · STOP Command = LCD Digital Operator	0011	0011	×	0	0	0	0	67~ 69
Select		Stopping Method Selection		00: Stopping method = Ramp to stop 01: Stopping method =Coasting to stop 10: Stopping method =Full-range DC injection branking stop 11: Stopping method = Coasting stop (timer function provided)								
				0: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal1: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal								
				0 -: Reverse run enabled 1 -: Reverse run disabled								
Operation Mode Select 2	Sn-05	I/O terminal function selection	- 0: Control input terminals ①	0000	0000 ×	1	1	1	2	70~ 71		
				0: Selection of item to be analog output (terminals ②), ②)*³ 1: Selection of item to be analog output (terminals ②), ②)*³								
Operation Mode Select 3	Sn-06	S-curve and frequency Command characteristics	Sn-06=0000 S-curve Cmd. Char.	00: S curve=0.2sec 01: S curve=0.0sec (NO S curve) 10: S curve=0.5sec 11: S curve=1.0sec	0000	×	0	0	0	0	72~ 74	
				-0: Reference command has forward characteristics (0-10V or 4-20mA/0~100%) -1: Reference command has reverse characteristics (0-10V or 4-20mA/100~0%)								

I is missing
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Function	Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description		Change During	Valid	d Acce	Access Levels		_ Re	
i uncuon	No.	ivaille	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	Pa	
				0: Overtorque detection disabled								
				1: Overtorque detection enabled								
				0 -: Enabled only if at agreed frequency								
Operation		Overtorque	Sn-07=0000	1 -: Enable during operation (except during DC injection)								
Operation Mode Select 4	Sn-07	Overtorque Detection	Over Tq. Detect	- 0: Operation continued after overtorque is detected	0000	×	1	2	1	1		
				- 1: Coasts to stop if overtorque is detected	-							
				0: Overtorque detection with current								
				1: Overtorque detection with torque							L	
				0: Frequency reference input by option card (AI-14B, DI-08 or SI-M)								
				1: Frequency reference input by digital operetor or control cirauit input terminals								
				0 -: RUN/STOP command input by option card (Al-14B, Dl-08 or SI-M)								
Operation Mode Select 5	Sn-08	Option Card/Invater Function Selection	Sn-08=0000 Al/DI & SI-M Card	1 -: RUN/STOP command input by digital operator or control circuit input terminals	0000	×	1	1	2	3	7	
		23.00.0011		00: SI-M communication fault, deceleration to stop (bn-02)	1							
				01: SI-M communication fault, coast to stop								
				10: SI-M communication fault, deceleration to stop (bn-04)								
				11: SI-M communication fault, continue to run								
				0: Analog output (tereminal ② -②) depends on Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit.								
				1: Analog output (tereminal ②1-②) is set by SI-M card.								
				0 -: Analog output (tereminal	-							
Operation Mode Select 6	Sn-09	Analog Output Selection and Slip	Sn-09=0000 ~Output Select	②-②)1 -: Analog output (tereminal	0000	×	1	2	3	×		
		Compensetion		②-②) - 0: Not used	-							
				- 1: Not used								
				0: No slip compensation during regenerating	-							
				1: Slip compensation even during regenerating								
Protective	0 - 10	Stall	Sn-10=0000	0: Stall prevention during acceleration enabled	0000		_					
Characteristic Select 1	Sn-10	Prevention	Stall Select	1: Stall prevention during acceleration disabled	0000	×	0	0	0			
				0 -: Stall prevention during deceleration enabled								
				1 -: Stall prevention during deceleration disabled								
				- 0: Stall prevention during running enabled								
	Ì	I	I	- 1: Stall prevention during running	1	l	l	1	1	1		

0: Decel time during stall prevention (bn-02 set value)  1: Decel time during stall prevention (bn-04 set value)			
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	Parameter		LCD Display		Factory	Change	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	s Levels	
Function	No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	Re Pa
				0: Not used							
				0 -: Fault contact is not energized during Retry operation	-						
Protective		Retry and momentary	Sn-11=0000	1 -: Fault contact is energized during Retry operation							
Characteristic Select 2	power loss protection   Retry & Ride -Thru   -0: Operation si momentary		-0: Operation stopped by momentary power loss detection (UV1)	0000	×	0	0	0	0	8	
				-1: Operation conticues after momentary power loss							
				0: Not used							
				1: Not used							
				0: External fault input (terminal  ③) is NO-contact input							
				1: External fault input: is NC-contact input							
				0 -: External fault signal: always detected							
Destrution		External	0- 40-0000	1 -: External fault signal: detected during running only							
Protective Characteristic Select 3	Sn-12	Fault Function Selection	External Fault to stop	00: External fault detected: ramp to stop (major fault) by bn-02 set value	0000	×	0	0	0	0	8
				01: External fault detected: Coasting to stop (major fault)							
				10: External fault detected: ramp to stop (major fault) by bn-04 set value							
				11: External fault detected: opeation to continue (major fault)							
				00: GP – V/F Control mode01: SL – Sensorless Vector Control							
Control Mode		Control	Sn-13=00								
Select	Sn-13	Mode Select	V/F Ctrl mode	10: PID—PID With Auyo Energy Soving Control mode	00	×	0	0	0	0	
				11: PG – V/F+PG closed loop Control mode							
Protective Characteristic	Sn-14	Electronic Thermal	Sn-14=0000	0: Motor overload (OL1) protection: effective	0000	×	0	0	0	0	
Select 4				1: Motor overload (OL1) protection: ineffective	-						
				0 -: Motor overload protection: standard motor							
				1 -: Motor overload protection: Inverter duty motor							

- 0: Motor overload protection time constants are standard time (8 minutes)  - 1: Motor overload protection time constants are short-time (5 minutes)		
0: Inverter overload (OL2) protection 103% continuous, 150% for one minute* <sup>2</sup> 1: Inverter overload (OL2) protection 113% continuous, 123% for one minute* <sup>2</sup>		

F	Parameter	Name	LCD Display		Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Le		vels	Re	
Function	No.	Name	(English)	Description		Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	Pag
	Sn-15	Terminal (5) Function	Sn-15=03 Term.5 Function	00 ~ 66	Selects terminal ⑤ function (factory preset for multi-step speed reference 1)	03	×	0	0	0	0	8
	Sn-16	Terminal (6) Function	Sn-16=04 Term.6 Function	00 ~ 66	Selects terminal ⑥ function (factory preset for multi-step speed reference 2)	04	×	0	0	0	0	8
	Sn-17	Terminal ⑦ Function	Sn-17=06 Term.7 Function	00 ~ 66	Selects terminal ⑦ function (factory preset for jog frequency reference)	06	×	0	0	0	0	8
Multi-	Sn-18	Terminal (8) Function	Sn-18=08 Term.8 Function	00 ~ 66	Selects terminal ® function (factory preset for external baseblock by NO contact input)	08	×	0	0	0	0	į
Function Select	Sn-19	Multi-function analog input (Terminal 16)	Sn-19=00 Multi-Fct Input	00 ~ 0B	Selects terminal (6) function (factory preset for auxilary frequency command)	00	×	0	0	0	0	!
	Sn-20	Multi-function contact output (Terminal 9-10)	Sn-20=00 Term. 9 Function	00 ~ 0E	Selects terminal ⑨ - ⑩ function (factory preset for running)	00	×	0	0	0	0	1
	Sn-21	Multi-function PHC output (Terminal 25-27)	Sn-21=01 Term. 25 Function	00 ~ 0E	Selects terminal 25 - 27 function (factory preset for zero speed)	01	×	0	0	0	0	1
	Sn-22	Multi-function PHC output (Terminal 26-27)	Sn-22=02 Term. 26 Function	OO Selects terminal ② - ② function (factory preset for Agreed frequency)		02	×	0	0	0	0	1
Language	Sn-23	LCD Language selection	Sn-23=0 Language: English		English	0	×	0	0	0	0	1
_	Sn-24	Not used	Sn-24=00 Reserved		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	
Option Card Function Select	Sn-25 ~ Sn-28	*3	*3	*3		*3	×	1	2	3	4	1

Auto- tuning	Sn-29	Motor parameters Auto tuning Selection	OH 25-0	Autotuning invalid     Autotuning valid	0	×	×	0	×	×	108
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- \*1. Differs according to inverter capacity.
- $^{*}2.$  Effective only for inverter models of capacity 220V 40HP (30KW) or more, 440V 75HP (55KW) or more.
- \*3. Differs according to control mode.

# ■ Inverter Capacity Selection Sn-01

Inverter capacity has been preset at the factory. However, if a spare control board is used, reset the inverter capacity referring to the table below. Control constant Cn- actory setting values (initial values) differ according to Sn-01 setting.

### 1. GP, PID, PG

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels						
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG			
Sn-01	Inverter Capacity	Sn-01=29	Inverter Capacity Selection	*1	V	1	2	1	1			
011 01	Selection	440V 25HP	inverter dapatity defection	•			1					

### **Inverter Capacity Selection**

Name		Data of Sn-01	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07
		LID	0.5	4	_			7.5	40	45
inverte	er rating	HP	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15
Inverte	ter rated capacity kVA			2.1	2.7	4.1	6.9	10.3	13.7	20.6
May a	annlicable	motor capacity HP (kW)	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15
Wax. c	applicable motor capacity — Till (KVV)			(0.75)	(1.5)	(2.2)	(3.7)	(5.5)	(7.5)	(11)
Inverte	er rated cu	3.2	4.8	6.4	9.6	16	24	32	48	
Fact	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	1.9	3.4	6.1	8.7	13.5	20.1	25.1	36.7
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	11.760	5.732	2.407	1.583	0.684	0.444	0.288	0.159
	Cn-32	Torque compensation iron loss W	48	64	108	142	208	252	285	370
	Cn-33	Torque compensation limit V	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7

	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
									1	1	

# Inverter Capacity Selection

Data of Sn-01			08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
Inverter rating HP			20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100
Inverter rated capacity kVA			27.4	34	41	54	68	78	95	130
Max. applicable motor capacity HP (kW)			20 (15)	25 (18.5)	30 (22)	40 (30)	50 (37)	60 (45)	75 (55)	100 (75)
Invert	er rated cu	rrent A	64					224	300	
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	50.3	62.9	72.9	96.7	124	143.5	183.5	230
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Factory Setting	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	0.109	0.077	0.060	0.041	0.033	0.028	0.019	0.007
Factory	Cn-32	Torque compensation iron loss W	471	425	582	536	641	737	790	1800
	Cn-33	Torque compensation limit V	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	80	80	80	80	80

 $<sup>*\,\</sup>mbox{The allowable maximum carrier frequency is 10kHz}$ 

# Inverter Capacity Selection

Nan	ne	Data of Sn-01	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A
Inverter rating HP			0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Inve	Inverter rated capacity kVA			2.1	3.4	4.1	6.9	10.3	13.7	20.6	27.4	34	41
Max. applicable motor capacity HP (kW)			0.5 (0.4)	1 (0.75)	2 (1.5)	3 (2.2)	5 (3.7)	7.5 (5.5)	10 (7.5)	15 (11)	20 (15)	25 (18.5)	30 (22)
Inve	Inverter rated current A		1.6	2.6	4.0	4.8	8	12	16	24	32	40	48
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	1.0	1.7	2.9	4.0	6.8	10.0	12.6	18.6	24.8	31.1	36.3
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Factory Setting	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	47.02	22.929	9.629	6.333	2.735	1.776	1.151	0.634	0.436	0.308	0.239
Factory	Cn-32	Torque compensation iron loss W	48.1	63.9	108	142	208	252	285	370	471	425	582
	Cn-33	Torque compensation limit V	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

# Inverter Capacity Selection

### 440V Class

Nam	e	Data of Sn-01	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Inverter rating HP				50	60	75	100	125	150	175	215	250	300	400
Inver	ter rated ca	apacity kVA	54 68 82 110 138 180 195 230 260 290 385 5				514							
Max. applicable motor capacity HP (kW)			40 (30)	50 (37)	60 (45)	75 (55)	100 (75)	125	150 (110)	175	215 (160)	250 (185)	300 (220)	400 (300)
Inver	ter rated co	urrent A	64	80	96	128	165	192	224	270	300 340 450			600
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	48.7	59.0	70.5	88.0	114	143	175	206	235	290	348	465
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Factory Setting	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	0.164	0.133	0.110	0.074	0.027	0.051	0.036	0.032	0.023	0.020	0.022	0.014
Factory	Cn-32	Torque compensation iron loss W	536	641	737	790	1800	2900	2900	2600	2500	2600	1850	3600
	Cn-33	Torque compensation limit V	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80

# \* The allowable maximum carrier frequency of 440V class 100HP to 215HP are to be as follows:

440V Horse Power	100HP	125HP	150HP	175HP	215HP
Max. Allowable Carrier Frequency	8kHz	6kHz	6kHz	5kHz	10kHz

# 2. SL

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID 1	PG	
Sn-01	Inverter Capacity	Sn-01=29	Inverter Capacity Selection	*1	\ \	1	2	1	1	
311-01	Selection	440V 25HP	inverter Capacity Selection	•	^	'	2	PID 1	'	

# **Inverter Capacity Selection**

Data of Sn-01 Name				01	02	03	04	05	06	07
Invert	er rating	НР	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15
Inverter rated capacity kVA			1.4	2.1	2.7	4.1	6.9	10.3	13.7	20.6
Max. applicable motor capacity HP (kW)				1 (0.75)	2 (1.5)	3 (2.2)	5 (3.7)	7.5 (5.5)	10 (7.5)	15 (11)
Inverter rated current A			3.2	4.8	6.4	9.6	16	24	32	48
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	1.9	3.4	6.1	8.7	13.5	20.1	25.1	36.7
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ing	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	11.760	5.732	2.466	1.600	0.707	0.398	0.222	0.230
Factory Setting	Cn-32	Motor leakage inductance mH	42.24	19.07	13.40	9.81	6.34	4.22	2.65	2.23
Fac	Cn-33	Torque limit %	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	bn-08	Rated slip of motor Hz	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.3	1.5	1.3	1.7

# Inverter Capacity Selection

# 220V Class

					ı		ı	ı	ı	ı
Name	:	Data of Sn-01	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
Invert	er rating	HP	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100
Invert	er rated ca	pacity kVA	27.4	34	41	54	68	78	95	130
Max.	applicable	motor capacity HP (kW)	20 (15)	25 (18.5)	30 (22)	40 (30)	50 (37)	60 (45)	75 (55)	100 (75)
Inverter rated current A			64	80	96	130	160	183	224	300
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	50.3	62.9	72.9	96.7	124	143.5	183.5	230
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ing	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	0.138	0.102	0.080	0.067	0.045	0.035	0.028	0.019
Factory Setting	Cn-32	Motor leakage inductance mH	1.48	1.39	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15
Fac	Cn-33	Torque limit %	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	80	80	80	80	80
	bn-08	Rated slip of motor Hz	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4

<sup>\*</sup> The allowable maximum carrier frequency is 10kHz

# Inverter Capacity Selection

# 440V Class

Nan	ne	Data of Sn-01	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A
Inve	erter ratin	g HP	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Inve	Inverter rated capacity kVA			2.1	3.4	4.1	6.9	10.3	13.7	20.6	27.4	34	41
Max	Max. applicable motor capacity HP (kW)			1 (0.75)	2 (1.5)	3 (2.2)	5 (3.7)	7.5 (5.5)	10 (7.5)	15 (11)	20 (15)	25 (18.5)	30 (22)
Inve	Inverter rated current A			2.6	4.0	4.8	8	12	16	24	32	40	48
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	1.0	1.7	2.9	4.0	6.8	10.0	12.6	18.6	24.8	31.1	36.3
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	10.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ting	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	47.02	22.929	9.629	6.333	2.735	1.776	1.151	0.634	0.436	0.308	0.239
Factory Setting	Cn-32	Motor leakage inductance mH	168.7	80.76	53.25	40.03	24.84	16.87	10.59	8.93	5.90	5.54	4.59
Fac	Cn-33	Torque limit %	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	bn-08	Rated slip of motor Hz	2.7	2.6	2.5	3.0	3.2	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7

# Inverter Capacity Selection

# 440V Class

		Data of Sn-01	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Nam	е													
Inver	Inverter rating HP			50	60	75	100	125	150	175	215	250	300	400
Inver	ter rated ca	apacity kVA	54	68	82	110	138	180	195	230	260	290	385	514
			40	50	60	75	100		150	215	250	300	400	
Max.	applicable	motor capacity HP (kW)	(30)	(37)	(45)	(55)	(75)	125	(110)	175	(160)	(185)	(220)	(300)
Inver	ter rated c	urrent A	64	80	96	128	165	192	224	270	300	340	450	600
	Cn-09	Motor rated current A	48.7	59.0	70.5	88.0	114	143	175	206	235	290	348	465
	Cn-23	Carrier frequency upper limit kHz	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-24	Carrier frequency lower limit kHz	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	3.0*	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-25	Carrier frequency proportional gain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ting	Cn-31	Motor phase-to-phase resistance Ω	0.164	0.133	0.110	0.074	0.027	0.051	0.036	0.032	0.023	0.020	0.022	0.014
Factory Setting	Cn-32	Motor leakage inductance mH	3.59	2.60	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26
Fac	Cn-33	Torque limit %	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
	Cn-37	Momentary power loss assurance time s	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-40	Minimum baseblock time s	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Cn-41	V/f during speed search %	100	100	100	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
	bn-08	Rated slip of motor Hz	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2

 $\ast$  The allowable maximum carrier frequency of 440V class 100HP to 215HP are to be as follows:

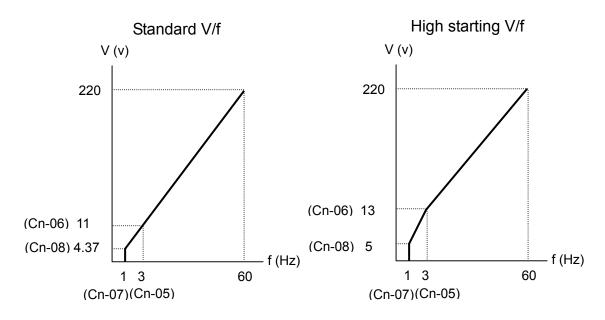
440V Horse Power	100HP	125HP	150HP	175HP	215HP
Max. Allowable Carrier Frequency	8kHz	6kHz	6kHz	5kHz	10kHz

# ♥ V/f Pattern Selection Sn-02

	Parameter	Name	LCD Display	ay Description		Change During	Valid Access Levels			
ı	No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Sn-02	V/f Curve Selection	Sn-02=01 V/f Curve	V/f pattern Selection	01	×	0	0	0	0

- V/f pattern is selected by the setting of Sn-02. When V/f pattern is selected, set input voltage of the inverter in Cn-01.
  - Data (0) (E) (of Sn-02): Change disabled
  - Data F (of Sn-02): Change enabled
     (V/f patterns are shown on the following pages).
- The V/f pattern is fixed to Sn-02=0F for the SL control mode; The users have to check the V/f pattern to meet the load application if switched to one of the other three control mode (GP, PID or PG) from SL control mode.
- To select the high starting torque V/f pattern for inverter mode of capacity 440V 100HP (75KW) or more is recommended.
- In the sensorless vector control mode (SL), if sufficient torque cannot be obtained at a low speed, change the V/f pattern setting of Cn-02 to Cn-08 to high starting V/f.

# [Example]



### V/f Pattern of 220V Class\* 3 to 60 HP (2.2 to 45kW)

	Specifications	Sn-02	V/f Pattern∏		Specif	ications	Sn-02	V/f Pattern□
	2280 2280 5,007z	•			50Hz	Low Starting torque	8	
2:	5 28 8 8 1511 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 13			High Starting Torqueा		High Starting torque	9	
burpose	(V <sub>N</sub> ) 60Hz 22226 Saturation	① F		High Startir	60Hz	Low Starting torque	Α	
General-purpose	60Hz 22 206 131 0 34 3 50Hz ration	(HALZ)		OUNZ	High Starting torque	В		
	(V <sub>I</sub> V <sub>I</sub> )  22920  7217  1616 1111 0 69 5 3 606692 2 9 8 9 6	(Hz)		(-	90Hz		C	
	Variable torque	4 Hz) (5 (Hz)		Rated Output Operation (Machine tool)	120Hz		D	
Variable Torque Characteristics	(v) Variable 220 (v) Variable 220 torque 3 (E) 604Hz 11 639 11 639 11 7 66 0113 Variable 2013 tôrque 4	© <b>©</b>				0Hz	ш	

- For 440V class, 2 times voltage value shown in table above.
- Consider the following items as conditions for selecting a V/f pattern. They must be suitable for:
- (1) The voltage and frequency characteristics of the motor.
  (2) The maximum rotation speed of the motor.
  Select high starting torque only in the following conditions. Normally, this selection is not required.
  (1) The wiring distance is long [492ft (150m) and above].
  (2) Voltage drop at startup is large.
  (3) AC reactor is inserted in the input or output of the inverter.
  (4) A motor smaller than the maximum applicable inverter is used.

  - (4) A motor smaller than the maximum applicable inverter is used.

## V/f Pattern of 220V Class\* 75 and 100HP (55 and 75kW), (75 to 400HP for 440V class)

	Specifications	Sn-02	V/f Pattern∏		Specif	fications	Sn-02	V/f Pattern∏
	(Vy) 2280 80	(			50Hz	Low Starting torque	(8)	
	25 20 <sub>14</sub> 8 138 11 00133235 580	① <b>2</b> )		g Torque		High Starting torque	9	
purpose	(Vk) 60Hz 22220 Satur	① F		High Starting Torque	60Hz	Low Starting torque	Α	
General-purpose	260Hz 20 14 118 0 0 3 3 3 Saturation	(444)			00112	High Starting torque	В	
	(V <sub>(V)</sub> ) 22920 7217 1414 8 8 0 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(Hz)		(10	90	0Hz	С	
Characteristics	Variable torque  50 1z  8  14  8 16  16  16  17  18  18  18  18  18  18  18  18  18	4 Hz) (5 (Hz)		Rated Output Operation (Machine tool)	12	20Hz	D	
Variable Torque Characteristics	(V) Variable torque 3  (E) 60 Hz 14 38.  0 1.5 torque 04	© <b>(E)</b>		Rated	18	0Hz	E	

- For 440V class, 2 times voltage value shown in table above.
- Consider the following items as conditions for selecting a V/f pattern. They must be suitable for:
- They must be suitable for:

  (1) The voltage and frequency characteristics of the motor.

  (2) The maximum rotation speed of the motor.

  Select high starting torque only in the following conditions. Normally, this selection is not required.

  (1) The wiring distance is long [492ft (150m) and above].

  (2) Voltage drop at startup is large.

  (3) AC reactor is inserted in the input or output of the inverter.

  (4) A motor smaller than the maximum applicable inverter is used.

  # Up to 100HP (75kW) for 220V class.

  - # Up to 100HP (75kW) for 220V class.

# **♡** Operator Status Sn-03

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	No. Name (English) Description		Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Sn-03	Display of Operator	Sn-03=0000 Operate Setting	0000: Setting and reading of An, Bn,Cn,Sn, enabled 0101: Setting and reading of An, Readinng of Bn,Cn, Sn enabled	0000	×	0	0	0	0	
	Constants Initialization		1110: Constants Initialigation (2-wire)* <sup>2</sup> 1111: Constants Initialigation (3-wire)* <sup>2</sup>							

 The ability to set or read the different groups of constants is determined by Sn-03 as show below.

Cn 03	DRIVE	Mode	PRGM N	Mode	Domarka		
Sn-03	Setting	Reading	Setting	Reading	Remarks		
0000	An, bn	Sn, Cn	An, bn, Sn, Cn		Factory setting		
0101	An bn, Sn, Cn		An	bn, Sn, Cn	*		

<sup>\*</sup> It is recommended that Sn-03 be set to 0101 and reading mode entered after test run adjustment. Note: To read the Sn or Cn constants while in the DRIVE mode, depress the DSPL key with depressed.

● Initialization (Sn-03=1110, 1111)

After depressing the ENTER key, input the initial value of An-\_\_\_, bn-\_\_\_, Sn-\_\_\_, Cn-\_\_\_, (except Sn-01,Sn-02) into NV-RAM. When the value is written in without an error, "Entry accepted (End)" is displayed. When the value is written in with an error, "\_\_\_\*\* Error (Err)" alarm is displayed. The values of Sn-15 to -18 differ as follows between initializations with Sn-03 = 1110 and with Sn-03 = 1111.

Multi-function Terminal	1110 (2 Wire Sequence)	1111 (3 Wire Sequence)
Terminal 5 (Sn-15)	3* (Multi-step speed command 1)	0 (FWD/REV run select)
Terminal 6 (Sn-16)	4* (Multi-step speed command 2)	3 (Multi-step speed reference 1)
Terminal 7 (Sn-17)	6* (Jog frequency reference)	4 (Multi-step speed reference 2)
Terminal 8 (Sn-18)	8* (External baseblock command)	6 (Jog frequency reference)

<sup>\*</sup> Values have been factory-set.

<sup>\*\*</sup> \_\_\_ contents depend on the parameter setting items.

# **♡** Operation Mode Selection 1 Sn-04

Parameter	Name I is a line in the crinting		Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Ivaille	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Operation Mode		0: Frequency Command = Control circuit terminals ③ or ④1: Frequency Command = Frequency Command 1 (An-01)						
Sn-04	Select	Sn-04=0011 Stopping Method	0 -: RUN · STOP Command = Control circuit terminals1 -: RUN · STOP Command = LCD Digital Operator	0011	×	0	0	0	0
	Stopping Method Selection	Stopping Welliou	OD: Stopping method = Ramp to stop O1: Stopping method = Coasting to stop  10: Stopping method = Full-range DC injection branking stop  11: Stopping method = Coasting stop (timer function provided)						

#### **(1)1st digit** (frequency reference selection)

1st digit = 0: Reference input from control circuit terminal 13 or 14 is the master speed frequency reference.

1st digit = 1: Frequency reference 1 (An-01) is the master speed frequency reference.

Note: For combination of multi-step speed operation, refer to pages 90.

### (2)2nd digit (run command selection)

2nd digit = 0: Run command from control circuit terminal is accepted.

2nd digit = 1: Run command from the digital operator is accepted.

Valid run command and frequency references differ as shown in the table below, depending on the combination of the 1st and 2nd digits.

CONSTANT	SYSTEM CONSTANTS 4	2nd digit	1st digit	2nd digit	1st digit	2nd digit	1st digit	2nd digit	1st digit
REFERENCE	OTOTEW CONSTANTS 4	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
	Master Speed Frequency Reference	Contro termina	l circuit l 13, 14	An-01		Control circuit terminal 13, 14		An-	01
	FWD Run Command (Terminal 1)	0		0		×		×	:
	REV Run Command (Terminal 2)	0		0		>	<	×	:
	External Fault (Terminal 3)	0		0					)
	Fault Reset (Terminal 4)								]
Control	Command of Terminal 5	0		0			]		]
Terminal	Command of Terminal 6	0		0					)
	Command of Terminal 7	0		0		0			)
	Command of Terminal 8	0				0			)
	Aux. Input						)		)
	Fault Contact Output	0		0		0			)
	Multi-function Contact Output	0		0			)		)
	Multi-function PHC Output	0		0			)		)
Operator	RUN Key	,	<b>(</b>	,	(		)		)
	JOG Key	>	<b>(</b>	,	<b>(</b>				)
	STOP Key	E	₹*	Œ	₹*		)		)
	FWD/REV Key	,	(	,	(				)
	>/RESET Key		]	[	]				
	DRIVE/PRGM Key	Valid only when inverter stopped		Valid only when inverter stopped				Valid on inverter	
	REF LED	Lit		OFF		Lit		OF	F

SEQ LED	Lit	Lit	OFF	OFF
Monitor display	0	0	0	0

- Ualid only when the inverter stops. (FWD run command, REV run command, and DC injection braking command are "open".)
- ☐ FWD/REV run command is not accepted.
- when the STOP key is depressed, processing differs as follows, depending on the setting of the 1st digit of Sn-05.

1st digit = 0: During running by signals from control circuit terminals, the STOP key from the operator is accepted.

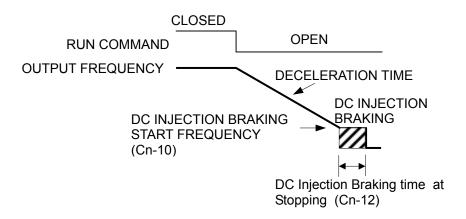
If the STOP key is depressed, the inverter stops according to the setting of 3rd and 4th digits of Sn-04, while the STOP LED indicator blinks. This stop command is held within the inverter until both the FWD run command and REV run command of control circuit terminals become "open", or another frequency reference is selected in the multi-step speed command or jog frequency reference section.

1st digit=1: During running by signals from control circuit terminals, the STOP key from the operator is not accepted.

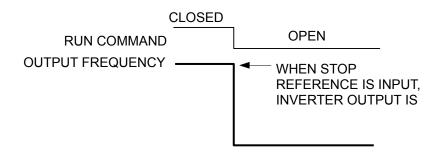
#### (3)3rd digit, 4th digit (stop method selection)

Stop method differs by the setting of 3rd and 4th digits as shown below.

#### $\bigcirc$ Sn-04 = 00 XX RAMP to stop

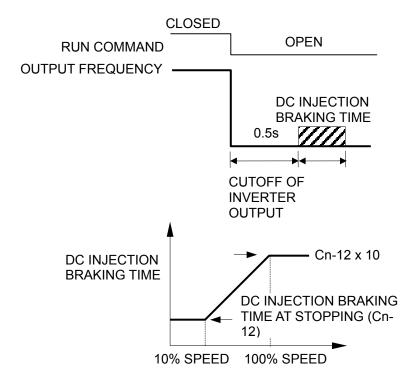


# ② Sn-04 = 01 XX Coast to stop



### ③ Sn-04 = 10 XX Full-range DC injection braking stop

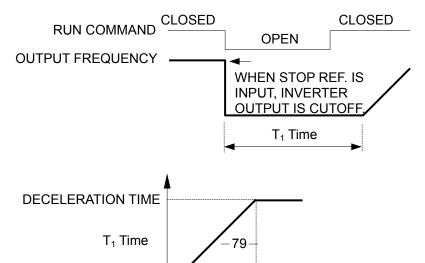
DC injection braking time differs by the output frequency when stop command is input as shown below.



# OUTPUT FREQUENCY WHEN STOP REFERENCE IS INPUT

# 4 Sn-04 = 11 XX Coasting to a Stop (timer function provided)

Once stop command is input, run command is disregarded during  $T_1$  time.



# OUTPUT FREQUENCY WHEN STOP REFERENCE IS INPUT.

# **♡ Operation Mode Selection 2 Sn-05**

#### 1. GP, SL, PID

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	No.	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Sn-05	I/O terminal function selection	Sn-05=0000 I/O term. Fct	0: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal1: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal operation from control terminal0-: Reverse run enabled1-: Reverse run disabled -0: Control input terminals 1~8 are scanned twice1: Control input terminals 1~8 are scanned once.  0: Selection of item to be analog output (terminals 21, 22)*3  1: Selection of item to be analog output (terminals 21, 22)*3	0000	×	1	1	1	2	

#### (1)1st digit

Select processing to be performed when the STOP key of the digital operator is depressed during running by control circuit terminals.

1st digit = 0: During running by signals from control circuit terminals, the STOP key from the digital operator is accepted. If the STOP key is depressed, the inverter stops according to the setting of the 3rd and 4th digits of Sn-04 while the STOP LED indicator blinks. This stop command is held within the inverter until both the FWD run command and REV run command of control circuit terminals become "open", or other frequency reference is selected in the multi-step speed command or jog frequency reference section.

1st digit = 1: During running by signals from control circuit terminals, the STOP key from the digital operator is not accepted.

#### (2)2nd digit (REV run prohibited)

2nd digit = 0: REV run command from control circuit terminals or the digital operator is accepted.

2nd digit = 1: REV run command from control circuit terminals or the digital operator is not accepted.

# (3)3rd digit (selection of double scanning sequence command)

3rd digit = 0: Sequence command (control circuit terminals 1 to 8) is scanned twice.

3rd digit = 1: Sequence command (control circuit terminals 1 to 8) is scanned once.

# (4)4th digit (selection of the multi-function analog output)

Multi-function analog output (control circuit terminals 21, 22) output signal can be selected by Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit.

Sn-05 4th Digit	Sn-09 2nd Digit	Description
0	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output frequency. (Max. frequency/100%)
1	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter current. (Rated current/100%)
0	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output voltage reference.

		(Cn-01/100%)	Γ
1	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output power.	1
'	'	(Max motor capacity/100%)	

#### 2. PG

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Description	Factory Setting	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	No.		Description		During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Sn-05 functi			0: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal    1: Stop key effective during operation from control terminal							
	I/O terminal	Sn-05=0000	0 -: Reverse run enabled 1 -: Reverse run disabled							
		I/O term. Fct	- 0: Control input terminals ①~8 are scanned twice 1: Control input terminals ①~8 are scanned once.	0000	×	1	1	1	2	
			0: Not used 1: Not used							

(1)1st, 2nd, 3rd, digit (functions same as GP, SL, PID control mode)

# (2)4th digit (Not used)

[Note] The item to be output from multi-function analog output (Control circuit terminals 21-22) is set by bn-11 in the GP control mode. Please refer to bn-11.

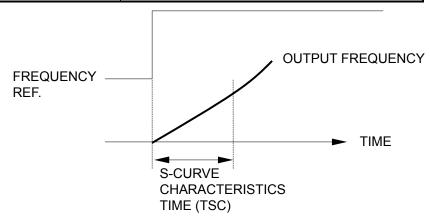
# **♡** Operation Mode Selection 3 Sn-06

Parameter	Parameter No. Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.		(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Sn-06	S-curve and frequency Command characteristics	Sn-06=0000 S-curve Cmd. Char.	00: S curve=0.2sec01: S curve=0.0sec (NO S curve)10: S curve=0.5sec11: S curve=1.0sec -0: Reference command has forward characteristics (0-10V or 4-20mA/0~100%) -1: Reference command has reverse characteristics (0-10V or 4-20mA/100~0%)	0000	×	0	0	0	0	
		0: Stop by reference input when frequency reference is missing 1: Operation to continue with 80% of frequence reference when frequency reference is missing	_							

### (1)1st digit, 2nd digit (S-curve selection of soft starter)

The S-curve characteristics of the soft starter depend on the setting of the 1st and 2nd digits as follows:

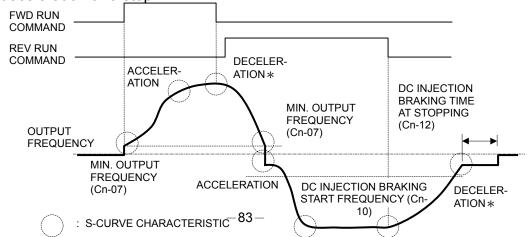
2nd digit	1st digit	Contents
0	0	The S-curve characteristic is 0.2 second.
0	1	No S-curve characteristics.
1	0	The S-curve characteristic is 0.5 second.
1	1	The S-curve characteristic is 1 second.



Note: S-curve characteristic time refers to the time from acceleration rate 0 to the time when a normal acceleration rate determined by a specified acceleration time is obtained.

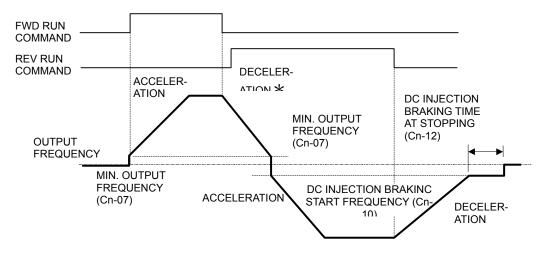
# (a)Time chart at FWD/REV run change with S-curve characteristic

The figure below shows the time chart at FWD/REV run change during deceleration and stop.



#### (b) The chart at FWD/REV run change without S-curve characteristic

The figure below shows the time chart at FWD/REV run change during deceleration and stop.

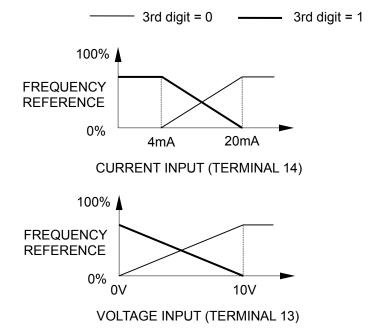


#### (2)3rd digit (reverse characteristic selection)

The input characteristics of the master speed frequency reference depend on the set value as follows. For the reverse characteristic, only + input is valid.

3rd digit = 0: Normal characteristic (0-10V or 4-20mA/0-100%)

3rd digit = 1: Reverse characteristic (10-0V or 20-4mA/0-100%)



(3)4th digit (operation selection when frequency reference is missing)

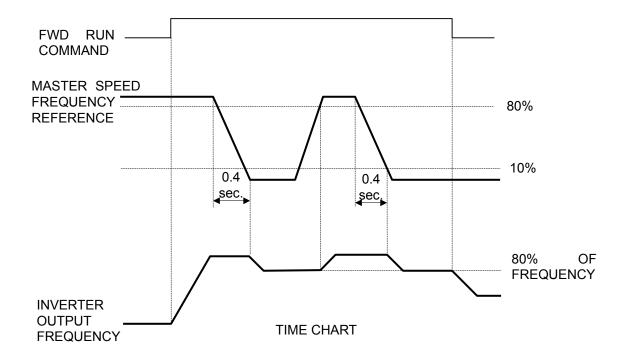
4th digit = 0: Normal operation (varies with change of reference)

4th digit = 1: Operation continues with 80% frequency.

When 4th digit = 1 is set, the current master speed frequency reference is compared at all times with the one that occurred 0.4 second before. When the current master speed frequency reference goes below 10% of the one that occurred 0.4 second before, operation continues with 80% (80% frequency) of the master speed frequency reference of the prior one. Consequently, the master speed frequency reference of the previous one (0.4 second before) is used as the current frequency reference.

In the following cases, this operation is released and the inverter returns to normal operation:

- Master speed frequency reference exceeding 80% frequency is input.
- Stop reference is input.
- Reference is missing during operation at less than 5% of frequency.



### **♡** Operation Mode Selection 4 Sn-07

#### 1. GP, PID, PG

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG		
			0: Overtorque detection disabled							
		vertorque Sn-07=0000 Over Tq. Detect	1: Overtorque detection enabled		×			1		
			0 -: Enabled only if at agreed frequency			1	2			
Sn-07	Overtorque		1 -: Enable during operation (except during DC injection)	0000					1	
	Detection		- 0: Operation continued after overtorque is detected							
			- 1: Coasts to stop if overtorque is detected							
			0: Overtorque detection with current							
			1: Overtorque detection with torque							

Define the operation at overtorque detection. Overtorque is detected by the following formula:

Inverter output current B overtorque detection level (Cn-26, Initial value: 160%)

(Detection time Cn-27, Initial value: 0.1 second, Hysteresis fixed at 10%)

#### (1)1st digit

1st digit = 0: Overtorque is not detected.

1st digit = 1: Overtorque is detected.

#### (2)2nd digit

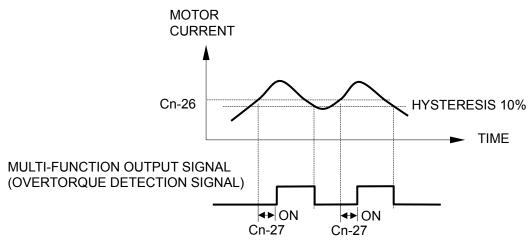
2nd digit = 0: Overtorque is detected only during agreed frequency.

2nd digit = 1: Overtorque is detected during stop or during running except for DB.

# (3)3rd digit

3rd digit = 0: When overtorque is detected, "Over Torque (OL3) Alarm" blinks on the digital operator and the operation continues.

3rd digit = 1: When overtorque is detected, "Over Torque (OL3) Fault" is displayed on the digital operator and the inverter output is shut OFF. Fault contact signal is output. (Treated as a fault).



Setting either Sn-20 or 22 to "0B" enables signal to be output at overtorque detection.

# (4)4th digit (Not used)

### 2. SL

Parameter	Nama	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	
			0: Overtorque detection disabled1: Overtorque detection enabled	rque detection enabled  ed only if at agreed ency e during operation (except g DC injection) cion continued after orque is detected e to stop if overtorque is						
			0 -: Enabled only if at agreed frequency		×	1	2	1		
Sn-07	Overtorque Detection		1 -: Enable during operation (except during DC injection)						1	
	Detection	Over Tq. Detect	- 0: Operation continued after overtorque is detected							
			- 1: Coasts to stop if overtorque is detected							
			0: Overtorque detection with current							
			1: Overtorque detection with torque							

(1)1st, 2nd, 3rd digit (functions same as GP, PID,PG control mode)

# (2)4th digit

4th digit = 0: Overtorque detected with current.

4th digit = 1: Overtorque detected with torque.

### **♡ Operation Mode Selection 5 Sn-08**

#### 1. GP, SL

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Description	Factory	Change	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name		Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-08	Option Card/Invater Function	Sn-08=0000 AI/DI & SI-M Card	0: Frequency reference input by option card (Al-14B, Dl-08 or Sl-M) 1: Frequency reference input by digital operetor or control cirauit input terminals 0-: RUN/STOP command input by option card (Al-14B, Dl-08 or Sl-M) 1-: RUN/STOP command input by digital operator or control circuit	0000	×	1	1	2	3
	Selection	All of a Grini Gald	input terminals  00: SI-M communication fault, deceleration to stop (bn-02)  01: SI-M communication fault, coast to stop  10: SI-M communication fault, deceleration to stop (bn-04)						
			11: SI-M communication fault, continue to run						

#### (1)1st digit (option/inverter change)

Specify whether option card or inverter frequency reference is used for operation.

1st digit = 0: Option card frequency reference is accepted.

1st digit = 1: Frequency reference from inverter control circuit terminals or the digital operator is accepted.

#### (2)2nd digit (run command option/inverter change)

Select whether operation is performed by the option card or inverter run command.

2nd digit = 0: Run command from option card received.

2nd digit = 1: Run command from inverter control circuit terminal or digital operator received.

# (3)3rd digit, 4th digit (selection of stopping method at communication error detection)

Stopping method at communication error detection can be selected by communication interface card (SI-M).

4th digit	3rd digit	Contents
0	0	Ramp to stop by bn-02 (major fault)
0	1	Coast to stop (major fault)
1	0	Ramp to stop by bn-04 (major fault)
1	1	Operation to continue (minor fault)

#### 2. PID

Parameter	None	LCD Display (English)	D d. C	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Name		Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Sn-08	Option Card/Invater Function & Energy Saving Selection	Sn-08=0000 Al/Dl & Eg. Saving	0: Frequency reference input by option card (AI-14B, DI-08 or SI-M) 1: Frequency reference input by digital operetor or control cirauit input terminals 0 -: RUN/STOP command input by option card (AI-14B, DI-08 or SI-M) 1 -: RUN/STOP command input by digital operator or control circuit input terminals  -0: Auto Energy Saving function ineffective (nornal V/f control method)  -1: Auto Energy Saving function effective  0: Not used  1: Not used	0000	×	1	1	2	3	

(1)1st, 2nd, digit (functions same as GP, SL control mode)

(2)3rd digit (Auto Energy Saving selection)

3rd digit = 0: Auto Energy Saving (AES) function ineffective

3rd digit = 1: Auto Energy Saving function effective. (ref. To Appendix B)

(3)4th digit (Not used)

#### 3. PG

Parameter	Nama	LCD Display	Decembring	Factory	Change	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-08	Option Card/Invater Function Selection	Sn-08=0000 Al/Dl Card	0: Frequency reference input by option card (AI-14B, DI-08 or SI-M)1: Frequency reference input by digital operetor or control cirauit input terminals0101 Not used 0 1	0000	×	1	1	2	3

(1)1st digit (functions same as GP, SL control mode)

(2)2nd, 3rd, 4th digit (Not used)

# **♡** Operation Mode Selection 6 Sn-09

#### 1. GP

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-09	Analog Output Selection and Slip Compensetion	Sn-09=0000 ~Output Select	0: Analog output (tereminal ②1-②) depends on Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit. 1: Analog output (tereminal ②1-②) is set by SI-M card. 0 -: Analog output (tereminal ②1-②)1 -: Analog output (tereminal ②1-②) 1 -: Not used 1	0000	×	1	2	3	×

## (1)1st digit (selection of analog output)

Multi-function analog output signal contents can be set either by the inverter or option card.

1st digit = 0: Output according to Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit setting contents.

1st digit = 1: Output according to contents set by communication interface card (SI-M).

#### (2) 2nd digit (selection of multi-function analog output signal)

Multi-function analog output (control circuit terminals 21 - 22) output signal can be selected according to Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit set value. Output signal level is set by bn-11.

Sn-05 4th Digit	Sn-09 2nd Digit	Description
0	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output frequency. (Max. frequency/100%)
1	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter current. (Rated current/100%)
0	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output voltage reference. (Cn-01/100%)
1	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output power. (Max. applicable motor capacity/100%)

#### (3) 3rd, 4th digit (Not used)

#### 2. SL

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	rano	(English)	Bookipaon	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-09	Analog Output Selection and Slip Compensetion	Sn-09=0000 ~Output Select	0: Analog output (tereminal 21-22) depends on Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit1: Analog output (tereminal 21-22) is set by SI-M card0 -: Analog output (tereminal 21-22)1 -: Analog output (tereminal 21-22) -0: Not used -1: Not used 0: No slip compensation during regenerating	0000	×	1	2	3	×
			1: Slip compensation even during regenerating						

- (1)1st digit (functions same as GP control mode)
- (2)2nd digit (selection of multi-function analog output signal)

Multi-function analog output (control circuit terminals 21 - 22) output signal can be selected according to Sn-05 4th digit and Sn-09 2nd digit set value. Output signal level is set by bn-11.

Sn-05 4th Digit	Sn-09 2nd Digit	Description
0	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output frequency. (Max. frequency/100%)
1	0	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter current. (Rated current/100%)
0	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output voltage reference. (Cn-01/100%)
1	1	Outputs analog signal proportional to inverter output torque. (10V/250% motor rated torque)

#### (3)3rd digit (Not used)

**(4)4th digit** (Slip compensation during regenerating selection)

4th digit = 0: No slip compensation during regenerating.

4th digit = 1: Slip compensation even during regenerating.

#### 3. PID

Parameter	Name		Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels					
No.	No.	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Sn-09	Analog Output Selection and Slip Compensetion	Sn-09=0000 ~Output Select	01 Not used0-: Analog output (tereminal 21-22)1-: Analog output (tereminal 21-22) -01 0 Not used 1	0000	×	1	2	3	×		

- (1)1st digit (Not used)
- (2) 2nd digit (functions same as GP control mode)

(3) 3rd, 4th digit (Not used)

# ♥ Protective Characteristic Selection 1 Sn-10

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG		
			0: Stall prevention during acceleration enabled								
		1: Stall prevention during acceleration disabled									
			0 -: Stall prevention during deceleration enabled								
Sn-10 Stall Prevention	Sn-10=0000	1 -: Stall prevention during deceleration disabled	0000	×	0						
OII 10		Stall Select	- 0: Stall prevention during running enabled	0000							
			- 1: Stall prevention during running disabled								
			0: Decel time during stall prevention (bn-02 set value)								
			1: Decel time during stall prevention (bn-04 set value)								

#### (1)1st digit (selection of stall prevention during acceleration)

1st digit = 0: Stall prevention during acceleration is enabled.

1st digit = 1: Stall prevention during acceleration is disabled.

The function of stall prevention during acceleration automatically extends acceleration according to load status (inverter output current), thus preventing the motor from stalling during acceleration. The stall prevention level during acceleration in a constant output area is reduced as follows:

Acceleration stall prevention maximum voltage level (Cn-28) x \* frequency (Cn-04) output frequency

When the 1st digit of Sn-10 is 1, the output frequency increases at the rate determined by acceleration time:

# (2)2nd digit (selection of stall prevention during deceleration)

2nd digit = 0: Stall prevention during deceleration is enabled.

2nd digit = 1: Stall prevention during deceleration is disabled.

The function of stall prevention during deceleration automatically extends deceleration time according to the magnitude of the main circuit DC voltage, thus preventing overvoltage during deceleration.

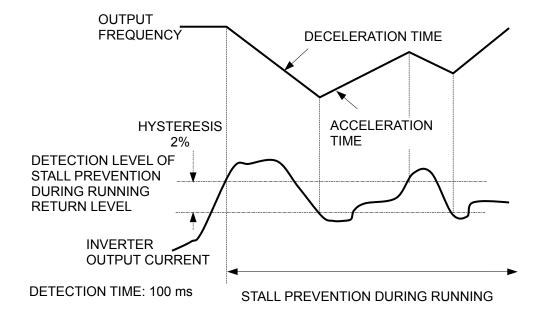
When the 2nd digit of Sn-10 is 1, the output frequency decreases at the rate determined by deceleration time. For positioning applications, specify "stall prevention during deceleration not provided" (2nd digit = 1) in order to obtain stopping accuracy. With large inertia loads, use a braking resistor to prevent overvoltage.

#### (3) 3rd digit (stall prevention during running)

3rd digit = 0: Stall prevention during running is enabled.

3rd digit = 1: Stall prevention during running is disabled.

Stall prevention operation during running starts decelerating when the output current reaches 100ms or greater than the set value of Cn-30 during frequency coincidence (operation level of stall prevention during running). The inverter decelerates as long as the output current exceeds the set value of Cn-30 (operation level of stall prevention during running). When the output current goes below the set value, the inverter reaccelerates. The deceleration time selected in the 4th digit of Sn-10 is taken. Even during stall prevention while running, stall prevention during deceleration and stall prevention during acceleration are enabled.



(4) 4th digit (selection of deceleration time during stall prevention while running)
4th digit = 0: The inverter decelerates for the deceleration time specified in bn-02.
4th digit = 1: The inverter decelerates for the deceleration time specified in bn-04.

# ♥ Protective Characteristic Selection 2 Sn-11

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels					
No.	ivaille	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Sn-11	Retry and momentary power loss protection	Sn-11=0000 Retry & Ride-Thru	0: Not used1: Not used0-: Fault contact is not energized during Retry operation1-: Fault contact is energized during Retry operation  -0: Operation stopped by momentary power loss detection (UV1) -1: Operation conticues after momentary power loss 0: Not used	0000	×	0	0	0	0		

#### (1)1st digit (Not used)

(2) 2nd digit (fault contact signal during auto reset/restart operation)

2nd digit = 0: A fault contact signal is not output during auto reset/restart operation.

2nd digit = 1: A fault contact signal is output during auto reset/restart operation.

(3) 3rd digit (operation continued at momentary power loss)

3rd digit = 0: When momentary power loss is detected, "DC Volt. Low (Uv1) Fault" occurs and the inverter output is shut OFF.

3rd digit = 1: If momentary power loss time is within momentary power loss ridethru time (Cn-37), the operation continues after the momentary power loss. If the momentary power loss ride-thru time is exceeded, undervoltage fault "DC Volt. Low (Uv1) Fault" occurs and the inverter output is shut OFF.

#### Notes:

- When the 3rd digit = 1, be sure not to shut OFF the external sequence signal. (e.g. FWD, REV)
- 2. For lifters, do not use this function. (the 3rd digit = 0)

### (4)4th digit (Not used)

# ♥ Protective Characteristic Selection 3 Sn-12

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
		0: External fault input (terminal ③) is NO-contact input 1: External fault input: is NC- contact input							
			0 -: External fault signal: always detected						
External Fault Sn-12 Function Selection	Sn-12=0000	1 -: External fault signal: detected during running only							
		External Fault	00: External fault detected: ramp to stop (major fault) by bn-02 set value	0000	×	0	0	0	0
			01: External fault detected: Coasting to stop (major fault)						
			10: External fault detected: ramp to stop (major fault) by bn-04 set value						
			11: External fault detected: opeation to continue (major fault)						

When an external fault signal of terminal 3 is input, "External Fault 3 (EF3) Fault" is displayed and a fault contact signal is output immediately. The inverter stops according to the setting of the 3rd and 4th digits. The external fault signal is held within the inverter until a fault reset signal is input.

# (1)1st digit (level selection of external fault signal)

1st digit = 0: NO contact input (when "closed", external fault operation is performed).

1st digit = 1: NC contact input (when "open", external fault operation is performed).

## (2) 2nd digit (acceptance of external fault signal)

2nd digit = 0: External fault signals are always accepted.

2nd digit = 1: External fault signals are accepted only during running. (Not accepted during baseblock).

# (3) 3rd digit, 4th digit (selection of processing at external fault detection)

4th digit	3rd digit	Contents
0	0	Ramp to stop by bn-02 (major fault)
0	1	Coast to stop (major fault)
1	0	Ramp to stop by bn-04 (major fault)
1	1	Operation to continue (minor fault)

# ♥ Control Mode Selection Sn-13

Parameter No. Name	LCD Display	Description	Factory Setting	Change During Operation	Valid Access Levels				
	(English)	Description			GP	SL	PID	PG	
			00: GP-V/F Control mode						
Sn-13 Control Mode Select	Sn-13=00	01: SL – Sensorless Vector Control mode	00	×					
		10: PID – PID With Auyo Energy Soving Control mode			0	0	0	0	
			11: PG – V/F+PG closed loop Control mode						

●The four control mode can be selected by parameter Sn-13 as below.

Sn-13 setting	LCD Display (English)	Descriptions
00	Sn-13=00	CD: \//E Control made (factor), actting)
00	V/F Ctrl Mode	GP: V/F Control mode (factory setting)
01	Sn-13=01	SL: Sensorless Vector Control mode
01	SL Ctrl Mode	SL. Sensoness vector Control mode
10	Sn-13=10	PID: PID With Auyo Energy Soving
10	PID Ctrl Mode	Control mode
11	Sn-13=11	PG: V/F+PG closed loop Control
11	PG Ctrl Mode	mode

•When the required control mode is selected by Sn-13 setting, the selected control mode functions are effective only after turning off power supply till the display of digital operator (LCD or LED digital operator) is off, then turn on the power supply again.

# ♥ Protective Characteristic Selection 5 Sn-14

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Description	Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name		Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
		Sn-14=0000 Over Load Select	0: Motor overload (OL1) protection: effective				0		
			1: Motor overload (OL1) protection: ineffective						
			0 -: Motor overload protection: standard motor						
	Electronic Thermal Overload Protection Sn-14=0000 - 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-		1 -: Motor overload protection: Inverter duty motor	0000				0	
Sn-14			O: Motor overload protection time constants are standard time (8 minutes)		X	0			0
		1: Motor overload protection time constants are short-time (5 minutes)							
		0: Inverter overload (OL2) protection 103% continuous, 150% for one minute* <sup>2</sup>							
			1: Inverter overload (OL2) protection 113% continuous, 123% for one minute* <sup>2</sup>						

#### (1)1st digit (motor protection)

1st digit = 0: Electronic thermal motor protection is enabled.

1st digit = 1: Electronic thermal motor protection is disabled.

#### (2) 2nd digit (selection of electronic thermal characteristics)

2nd digit = 0: Electronic thermal characteristics are in accordance with reduced torque motor (standard motor).

2nd digit = 1: Electronic thermal characteristics are in accordance with constant torque motor (special motor).

#### (3) 3rd digit (electronic thermal time constant)

3rd digit = 1: Used for standard motor and special motor (standard ratings).

3rd digit = 1: Used for motors other than the above (short-time ratings).

#### **(4) 4th digit** (selection of inverter protective characteristics)

4th digit = 0: When inverter output current exceeds 103%, the inverter protection electronic thermal characteristics start operating: Inverter protection "Inverter overload (OL2) Fault" operates at 150% for one minute to shut OFF inverter output.

4th digit = 1: When inverter output current exceeds 113%, the inverter protection electronic thermal characteristics start operating: Inverter protection "Inverter overload (OL2) Fault" operates at 123% for one minute to shut OFF inverter output.

Note: This function is effective only for inverter models with capacity 40HP (30kW)

or larger (230V class), and 75HP (55kW) or larger (460V class).

# ♥ Multi - Function Contact Input Selection Sn-15 to Sn-18

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Description		Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)		Description		Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-15	Terminal (5) Function	Sn-15=03 Term.5 Function	00~66	Selects terminal ⑤ function (factory preset for multi-step speed reference 1)	03	×	0	0	0	0
Sn-16	Terminal (6) Function	Sn-16=04 Term.6 Function	00~66	Selects terminal <sup>6</sup> function (factory preset for multi-step speed reference 2)	04	×	0	0	0	0
Sn-17	Terminal ⑦ Function	Sn-17=06 Term.7 Function	00~66	Selects terminal ⑦ function (factory preset for jog frequency reference)	06	×	0	0	0	0
Sn-18	Terminal (8) Function	Sn-18=08 Term.8 Function	00~66	Selects terminal ® function (factory preset for external baseblock by NO contact input)	08	×	0	0	0	0

Set				Vali	d Acce	Access Levels		
Value	Function	LCD Display (English)	Description		SL	PID	PG	
00	FWD / REV RUN selection	3-Wire RUN	3-wire sequence mode (00 Open: FWD run, set in Sn-15) terminal 1-run, Closed: REV run, 2-stop, 5 FWD / REV selection.	0	0	0	0	
01	Operation signal selection Local/Remote	LOC/REMOT Control	Open: Operated according to setting of Sn-04 1st and 2nd digits.  Closed: Operated by frequency reference and run command from digital operator.	0	0	0	0	
02	Option / inverter reference selection	Opt. Card Switch	Open: Operated by frequency reference from option card.  Closed: Operated by frequency reference from the inverter.	0	0	0	0	
03	Multi-step speed reference 1	Multi-Fct Command 1		1	1	2	2	
04	Multi-step speed reference 2	Multi-Fct Command 2	Combination of multi-step speed references 1 to 3 correspond to speed reference (master speed An-01) and speed references 2 to 8 (An-02 to 08).	1	1	2	2	
05	Multi-step speed reference 3	Multi-Fct Command 3	0.7 4.14 6,500 1010 1010 2 10 0 ( 4.1 0 2 10 00)	1	1	X	X	
06	Jog frequency reference selection	JOG Command	Closed: Jog frequency reference is selected.	1	1	2	2	
07	Accel / decel time selection	Acc. & Dec Switch	Open: Accelerates/decelerates with ACCEL time 1 and DECEL time 1. (bn-01, bn-02 set values)  Closed: Accelerates/decelerates with ACCEL time 2 and DECEL time 2. (bn-03, bn-04 set values)	0	0	0	0	
08	External baseblock (NO contact input)	Ext. B.B. NO_Cont.	Closed: Inverter output is shut OFF. (Frequency reference is held).	0	0	0	0	
09	External baseblock (NC contact input)	Ext. B.B. NC_Cont.	Open: Inverter output is shut OFF. (Frequency reference is held).	0	0	0	0	
0A	Accel / decel speed prohibit command (HOLD command)	Inhibit Acc. & Dec.	Frequency reference is held. (SFS operation is stopped).	0	0	0	0	
0B	Inverter overheat alarm	Over Heat Alarm	Closed: OH2 blinks on operator and operation continues. (Mirror fault)	0	0	0	0	
$\Diamond$	Multi-function analog input enabled / disabled	Cmd. Control	Closed: Multi-function analog input is enabled. (terminal 16)  Open: Multi-function analog input is disabled. (terminal 16)	0	0	×	0	

Set	Function	LCD Display (English)	Description	Vali	vels		
Value	Function	LCD Display (English)	Description	GP	SL	PID	PG
0D	No speed control	Speed Ctrl Select	Closed: Speed control is not provided.	X	X	X	0
0E	Integral valve reset in speed control	Integral Reset	Closed: Integral valve is reset in speed control	X	X	X	0
0F	Not used	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_
10	UP command	UP Command	Closed: Output frequency increment	0	0	0	$\circ$
11	DOWN command	DOWN Command	Closed: Output frequency decrement	0	0	0	0
12	E IOC command	Forward log	Closed: Forward jog run			)	
12	FJOG command	Forward Jog	FWD LED lights. Display: 6Hz		0	0	0
			Closed: Reverse jog run				
13	RJOG command	Reverse Jog	Digital operator REV LED does not light.	0	0	0	$\circ$
			Display: 6Hz				
14 to 1F	Not used	Reserved	_	_	-		_
20 to 2F	External fault 5	External fault 5	External fault signal input		0	0	0
30 to 3F	External fault 6	External fault 6			0	0	0
40 to 4F	External fault 7	External fault 7			0	0	0
50 to 5F	External fault 8	External fault 8		0	0	0	0
60	DC injection braking command (JOG with priority)	DC Braking Command	Closed: DC injection braking applied when the frequency output is less than the DC injection start frequency and the DC injection braking command is closed.	0	0	0	0
61	Search 1	Max. Freq. Sp_Search	Closed: Search from max frequency	0	0	0	$\times$
62	Search 2	Set Freq. Sp_Search	Closed: Search from set frequency	0	0	0	×
63	Energy-saving operation	Erg. Saving Run	Closed: Energy-saving	0	0	0	0
64	0.554	O/D From Sn Soorch	Closed: Speed search from output frequency			\/	
64	Search 3	O/P Freq. Sp_Search	Open: Base Block	0	0	X	0
65	Integral valve reset at PID control	Integral Reset	Closed: Integral value reset at PID control	×	×	0	×
66	PID control cancel	PID Invalid	Closed: PID control canceled	×	×	0	×
67 to FF	Not used	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-
		l .					

Setting error "I/P Ferm. Incorrect (OPE3) Alarm" occurs by setting to Sn-15 to -18 in the following cases.

- When set values are not listed from smaller to the larger.
- When more than two search references of set values 61, 62 and 64 are set simultaneously.

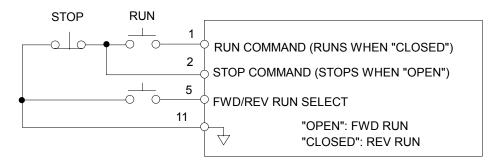
When the following combination is set at Sn-15 to -18, set value fault "I/P Ferm. Incorrect (OPE3) Alarm" occurs.

- 1. Set values are not in descending order.
- 2. More than two search commands of set values 61 and 62 are set.
- 3. UP/DOWN commands are not set simultaneously. (only one command can be set)

- 4. UP/DOWN and accel/decel prohibit commands are set simultaneously.
- 5. More than two set values except FF are set.

#### (1) FWD/REV run selection (set value = 0)

When 0 is set in Sn-15, the mode becomes 3-wire sequence mode.



#### (2) Operation signal selection (set value = 1)

Selection of operation signals is enabled only while the inverter is not running.

Open: The inverter operates according to the setting of 1st, 2nd digits.

Closed: The inverter operates by frequency reference and run command from the digital operator.

#### < Example >

For local/remote mode selection, set  $Sn-04 = x \times 00$ .

Open: Frequency reference and run command from control circuit terminals are accepted.

Closed: Frequency reference and run command from the digital operator is accepted.

#### (3) Option card/inverter reference selection (set value = 2)

Specify which of the option cards or inverter references is used for operation. The option card/inverter selection is effective only while the inverter is not running.

Open: Option card frequency reference and operation signals are accepted.

Closed: Frequency reference and operation signals from the inverter control circuit terminals or the digital operator are accepted.

# (4) Selection of multi-step speed references 1 to 3 and jogging frequency selection (set values = 3 to 6)

Up to nine step speeds can be selected by combinations of multi-step speed references and jog frequencies.

Jog Frequency	N	/lulti-Step Reference	European Befores				
Reference Selection	3	2	1	Frequency Reference			
×	×	×	×	Master speed frequency reference*			
×	×	×	0	Auxiliary analog reference			
×	×	0	×	Frequency reference 3 (An-03)			
×	×	0	0	Frequency reference 4 (An-04)			
×	0	×	×	Frequency reference 5 (An-05)			
×	0	×	0	Frequency reference 6 (An-06)			
×	0	0	×	Frequency reference 7 (An-07)			
×	0	0	0	Frequency reference 8 (An-08)			
0	_	_	_	Jog frequency (An-09)			

<sup>\*</sup> In operator mode (1st digit of Sn-04 is 1), frequency reference 1 (An-01) is enabled.

- For multi-step speed operation with frequency reference from digital operator, perform the following setting:
  - (1) Sn-04 =  $xxx1 \rightarrow An-01$  becomes effective.
  - 2) Sn-19 $\neq$ 00  $\rightarrow$  An-02 becomes effective.

#### (5) Accel/decel time selection (select value = 7)

Accel/decel time is switched when "closed". Switching is permitted even during acceleration or deceleration.

Open: The accel/decel time set by bn-01 and bn-02 is accepted.

Closed: The accel/decel time set by bn-03 and bn-04 is accepted.

#### (6) External baseblock (set value = 8)

Baseblock is performed when "closed". External baseblock differs as follows depending on the input status of the run command:

- When an external baseblock signal is input during running, b blinks on the digital operator and inverter output is shut OFF. When the external baseblock signal disappears, the inverter restarts with the frequency reference at that time. The voltage returns to the set value in the voltage recovery time.
- When a stop signal is input and an external baseblock signal is input while the inverter is decelerating, "B.B. (bb) Alarm" blinks on the digital operator, the inverter output is shut OFF, and the output frequency is set to 0Hz.

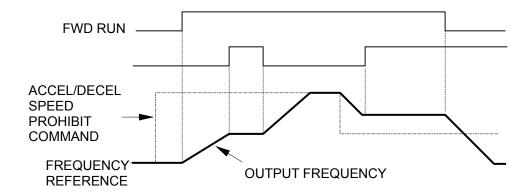
<sup>+</sup> When the multi-function analog input is selected by functions other the frequency reference (Sn-19 = 0), frequency reference 2 (An-02) becomes effective. When the multi-function analog input is not used, set F to the set value.

#### (7) External baseblock (set value =9)

Baseblock is performed when "open". All other operations are the same as when set value = 8.

#### (8) Accel/decel speed prohibit command (set value = A)

As long as accel/decel speed prohibit command is input, accel/decel speed is prohibited and the output frequency at that time is held. When stop command is input, accel/decel speed prohibit state is freed and the system enters stop state. The figure below shows a time chart.



Note: If the run command is input again after the stop command is input while the accel/decel prohibit command is input, the holding output frequency is stored unless the accel/decel prohibit command is released. Therefore, operation is performed at the stored output frequency. Also when the power supply is turned OFF in the accel/decel prohibit command input status, the holding output frequency is still stored.

#### (9) Inverter overheat alarm (set value = B)

As long as an inverter overheat signal is input, "Over Heat (OH2) Alarm" blinks on the digital operator.

#### (10)Auxiliary analog reference input (set value = C)

When this function is selected by the multi-function terminal, the function set in the multi-function analog input is subject to the following restrictions.

Open: Multi-function analog input is not accepted.

(Same operation as when F is set in Sn-19)

Closed: Multi-function analog input is accepted.

#### (11)No Speed Control (set value = D)

To use or not use speed control can be switched over during operation. When the contact for the speed control is closed, no speed control is available. Integral value in speed control is held until the operation stops.

Open: Speed control provided (closed loop)

Closed: Speed control not provided (open loop)

### (12)Integral Value Reset in Speed Control (set value = E)

Integral value in speed control can be reset during operation.

Open: PI control (Integral value in speed control is added).

Closed: P control (Integral value in speed control is reset at time constant of accel/decel time to be selected).

### (13)UP command/DOWN command (set value = 10, 11)

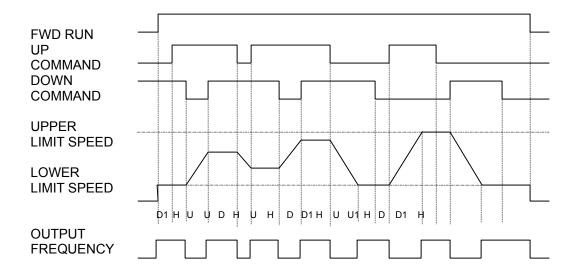
Acceleration/deceleration is performed by inputting the UP/DOWN commands without changing frequency reference in the forward (reverse) run command input status and operation can be performed at a desired speed.

Set value = 10: UP command

Set value = 11: DOWN command

UP command	Closed	Open	Open	Closed
DOWN command	Open	Closed	Open	Closed
Status	Accel	Decel	Hold	Hold

The following time chart indicates when the UP/DOWN commands are used.



U= UP (accel) status

D= DOWN (decel) status

H= HOLD (constant speed) status

U1 = During clamp at upper limit speed even in UP status

D1 = During clamp at lower limit speed even in DOWN status

#### Notes:

1. When the UP/DOWN commands are used, set Sn-04 1st digit (frequency reference selection) as shown below.

Set 1st digit = 0 without fail.

Setting 1st digit = 1 disables the UP/DOWN commands.

2. When the UP/DOWN commands are selected, upper limit speed is set disregarding frequency reference.

Upper limit speed = max. output freq. (Cn-02) × freq. reference lower limit (Cn-14)

- 3. The largest value among minimum output frequency (Cn-07), frequency reference lower limit (Cn-15) and main frequency reference input from control circuit terminal 13 or 14 is employed as lower limit speed.
- 4.By inputting the FWD/REV run commands, operation is started at the lower limit speed even if the UP/DOWN command is not input.

When the power supply is turned OFF in the HOLD status, the held output frequency is stored. By inputting the FWD/REV run commands in the HOLD status continuously after the power supply is turned ON, operation is performed at the stored output frequency.

5. When the JOG run command is input during running by UP/DOWN commands, the JOG run command has priority.

### (14)FJOG command, RJOG command (set value = 12, 13)

Forward and reverse jog frequency operation is enabled.

Set value = 12 FJOG command: Forward run by jog frequency reference (An-09) at closed.

Set value = 13 RJOG command: Reverse run by jog frequency reference (An-09) at closed.

#### Notes:

- 1.When FJOG command or RJOG command is input during running, FJOG command or RJOG command has priority.
- 2. When both FJOG and RJOG commands are closed for 500ms or more, the inverter stops according to the stopping method selection (Sn-04).
- 3.FJOG or RJOG command can be set individually.

### (15)External faults 1 to 4 (set values = 2X, 3X, 4X, 5X: X is 0 to F)

When external faults 1 to 4 are input, "External Fault 3 (EF3)" to "External Fault 8 (EF8)" is displayed on the digital operator, and the inverter operates according to combinations of four bits shown in the table below. The hexadecimal equivalent of combinations of four bits shown below is set in the 1st digit of the setting value (2X, 3X, 4X, 5X) of external faults 1 to 4.

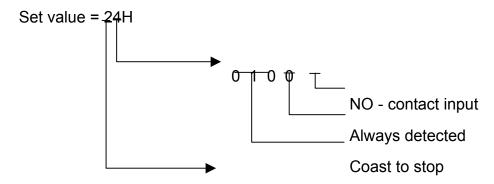
Bit No.	0	1
0	External fault input: NO - contact input	External fault input: NC - contact input
1	External fault signal: Always detected	External fault signal: Detected during running only
3,2	Selection of processing at external fault detection	00: Ramp to stop (major fault) 01: Coast to stop (major fault) 10: Ramp to stop by bn-04 (major fault) 11: Operation to continue (minor fault)

<Example> External fault 1 is set as follows.

: NO - contact input

: Signal is always detected

: Processing is coast to stop



External fault 1 signal is input from terminal ⑤

The inverter operates differently as described below when experiencing major faults or minor faults. The digits in the error display "External Fault 3 (EF3)" to "External Fault 8 (EF8)" indicate the terminal numbers in which external faults 1 to 4 are set.

### Major faults

If an external fault is input, the fault is displayed and the inverter stops according to process selection at external fault detection. Fault contact output relay is output immediately.

#### Minor faults

Fault display blinks only when external fault is input (the display is made for 0.5 second even when input is less than 0.5 second).

<Example> External faults 1 to 4 are set to multi-function terminals 1 to 4. (Nos. of terminal 5 to 8)

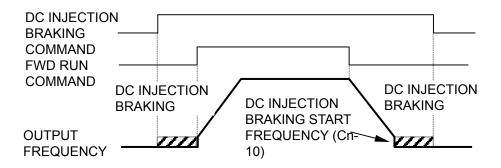
No. of Fault	Multi-function	Display on Digital Operator						
No. or Fault	Terminal	(Major Fault) – Light	(Minor Fault) – Blinking					
External Fault 5	Terminal 5	Ext. Fault 5 (EF5) Fault	Ext. Fault 5 (EF5) Alarm					
External Fault 6	Terminal 6	Ext. Fault 6 (EF6) Fault	Ext. Fault 6 (EF6) Alarm					
External Fault 7	Terminal 7	Ext. Fault 7 (EF7) Fault	Ext. Fault 7 (EF7) Alarm					
External Fault 8	Terminal 8	Ext. Fault 8 (EF8) Fault	Ext. Fault 8 (EF8) Alarm					

#### Additional Notes of External Faults:

- 1. External fault reset is enabled in baseblock status.
- The following shows the priority order of process selection when more than one external fault is input.
   Coast to stop > ramp to stop by bn-04 > ramp to stop by bn-02.
- 3. Fault retry is disabled when an external fault is input.

### (16)DC injection braking command (set value = 60)

When DC braking command is input when the inverter stops, DC braking operation is performed. When operation signal or jog operation command is input, the DC braking operation is stopped and the operation is started. (Privileged operation)



### (17)Search command (set value = 61,62)

To start the motor during coasting when commercial power supply/inverter changing operation is performed, the motor can be operated without tripping by using the speed search function.

Set value = 61: Speed search starts with the maximum frequency.

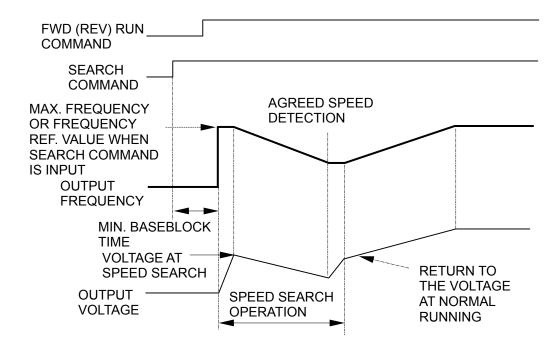
Set value = 62: Speed search starts with the frequency reference value when search command is input.

Search commands with set values of 61 and 62 cannot be set at the same time.

By inputting the run command with the search command "closed" during baseblock, speed search starts after shutting down the inverter output for the minimum baseblock time (Cn-40).

Speed search operation starts when inverter output current is larger than the set value of the speed search operation level (Cn-38). The frequency at which inverter output current is smaller is determined as the speed synchronous point: Re-acceleration/deceleration is performed in the set accel/decel time up to the set frequency.

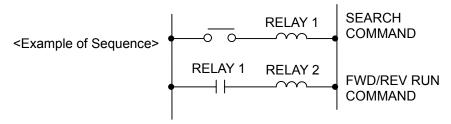
The following shows the time chart where the speed search command is input.



### Notes:

1. In momentary power loss operation continuation mode, speed search operation is performed beginning with current output frequency, regardless of the existence of search command. After completion of speed search, the operation is performed according to the run command.

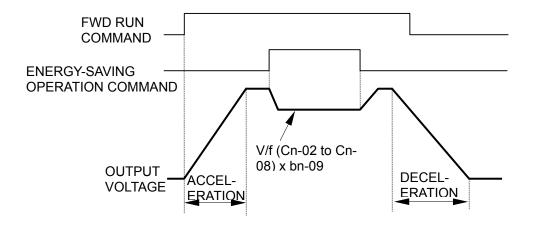
2. Determine a sequence so that FWD/REV run command enters at the same time or later than search command.



3. More than two search commands for set values of 61 and 62 cannot be set.

### (18)Energy-saving operation command (set value = 63)

When energy-saving operation command is input, output voltage is reduced only during agreed frequency and energy-saving operation is performed. The output voltage during energy-saving operation command is the product of normal V/f (Cn-02 to Cn-08) and energy-saving gain (bn-09 initial value 80%). Output voltage attenuates and returns in voltage recovery time.



Time Chart - When energy-saving operation command is input

### (19)Search command 3 (set value = 64)

Special application for power regeneration converter momentary power loss.

### (20)Integral value reset (set value = 65)

Value I is reset to 0 when an integral value reset command is input from multifunction contact input (terminal 5~8, set 65 either to Sn-15 to 18). Refer to Appendix C.

### (21)PID control cancel (set value = 66)

PID control circuit can be canceled by multifunction contact input signal. Set 66 either to Sn-15 to 18 and close the contact (either terminal 5 to 8) during running. Then the PID control circuit is canceled and the aimed value signal is used as a frequency reference signal without being changed. In this case, the signal input level is 0 the 10V (or 4 to 20mA)/0 to 100%. Refer to Appendix C.

# ♥ Multi-Function Analog Input Selection Sn-19

Parameter	Name	LCD Display		Description	Factory	Change	Valid Access Levels			
No.	Name	(English)		Description	Setting	During Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-19 ∕	Multi-function analog input (Terminal (16))	Sn-19=00 Multi-Fct Input	00~0B	Selects terminal (16) function (factory preset for auxilary frequency command)	00	×	0	0	0	0

## Select the set values shown below for Sn-19.

Set	Function	LCD Display	Description	Valid	l Acce	ess Le	evels
value	Function	(English)	Description	GP	SL	PID	PG
00	AUX frequency reference*1	Auxiliary Freq. Cmd	Used for MASTER/AUX frequency reference selection.	0	0	0	0
<b>∕</b> 01	Frequency reference gain (F GAIN)	Freq. Cmd Gain	Total gain: Internal gain (bn-05) x F GAIN	0	0	0	0
02	Frequency reference bias 1 (F BIAS 1)	Cmd. Bias 1	Total bias: Internal bias (bn-06) + F BIAS 1	0	0	0	0
03	Frequency reference bias 2 (F BIAS 2)	Cmd. Bias 2	Total bias: Internal bias (bn-06) + F BIAS 2	0	0	0	0
04	Overtorque detection level	Over Tq. Level	Internal overtorque detection level (Cn-26) ineffective.	0	0	0	0
05	V BIAS*2	V/F curve Cmd. Bias	V BIAS addition after V/f conversion.	0	0	0	0
06	Accel/decel time reduction coefficient	Acc. & Dec. coeff.	Accel/decel time varied by analog input.	0	0	0	0
07	DC braking current	DC Braking current	DC injection braking current varied by analog input. (10V/inverter rated current) Internal DC braking current setting (Cn-11) ineffective.	0	0	0	0
08	Stall level during running	Run stall Level	Stall level during running is set by analog input. Cn-30 becomes ineffective.	0	0	0	0
09	Frequency reference lower limit (PID Control selection)*3	Freq. Cmd. Low Bound (PID Command)* <sup>3</sup>	Frequency reference lower limit value is set by analog input. Either Cn-15 set value or analog input whichever is larger becomes effective. (PID Control performed)*3	0	0	*3	0
0A	Setting prohibit frequency 4 (Frequency reference lower limit)*4	Freq. Jump 4 (Freq. Cmd. Low Bound)*4	Setting prohibit frequency is set. The fourth value in addition to frequency values set by Cn-16 to 18 can be set.	0	0	*4	0
0В	Setting prohibit frequency 2 (Torque limit)*5	Freq. Jump 2 (Torque limit)* <sup>5</sup>	Set prohibit freq. 2 (The 2nd value in addition to frequency value set by Cn-16 can be set)  (Torque limit 10V/250%)*5	×	*5	0	×
0C to 0F	Not used	Reserved	-	_	_	_	_

<sup>\*1.</sup> Not to be used with An-02.

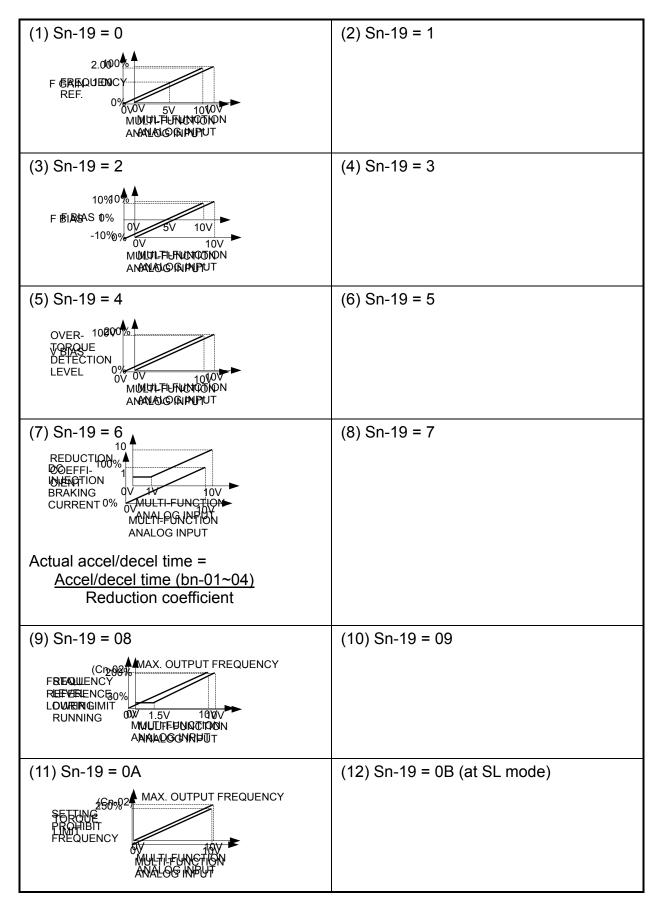
<sup>\*2. 440</sup> class: V BIAS value 0 to 200V

<sup>\*3.</sup> Function as PID control selection in the PID control mode (PID).

<sup>\*4.</sup> Function as frequency reference low limit in the PID control mode (PID).

<sup>\*5.</sup> Function as torque limit to the motor output torque in the sensorless vector control mode (SL).

## Multi-function Analog Input Characteristics



# ♥ Multi-Function Contact Output Selection Sn-20 to -22

Parameter			Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	(English)		Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-20	Multi-function contact output (Terminal 9-10)	Sn-20=00 Term. 9 Function	00~0E	Selects terminal ⑨ - ⑩ function (factory preset for running)	00	×	0	0	0	0
Sn-21	Multi-function PHC output (Terminal 25-27)	Sn-21=01 Term. 25 Function	00~0E	Selects terminal ② - ② function (factory preset for zero speed)	01	×	0	0	0	0
Sn-22	Multi-function PHC output (Terminal 26-27)	Sn-22=02 Term. 26 Function	00~0E	Selects terminal ② - ② function (factory preset for Agreed frequency)	02	×	0	0	0	0

# Select the set values shown below for Sn-20 to -22. Contact output for 0.1 sec. while detecting signal.

Set		LCD Display	5	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	evels
value	Function	(English)	Description	GP	SL	PID	PG
00	During running	Running	Closed: During running	0	0	0	$\circ$
01	Zero speed	Zero speed	Closed: Zero speed	0	0	0	$\circ$
02	Agreed frequency	Frequency Arrive	Frequency ref. Output Frequency ref. Closed: -Cn-22 ≤ frequency≤ +Cn-22	0	0	0	0
03	Agreed frequency setting	Agreed F Arrive	Closed: Set value 2 in agreed frequency status and (Cn-21-Cn-22)≦output frequency≦(Cn-21+Cn-22)	0	0	0	0
04	Frequency detection 1	Freq. Det. 1	Closed: Output frequency ≤ Cn-21	0	0	0	0
05	Frequency detection 2	Freq. Det. 2	Closed: Output frequency ≥ Cn-21	0	0	0	0
06	Inverter operation ready	Run Ready OK!	Closed: Inverter operation ready	0	0	0	0
07	During undervoltage detection	Low Volt Detect	Closed: During undervoltage detection	0	0	0	0
08	During baseblock	Output B.B.	Closed: During inverter output baseblock	0	0	0	$\circ$
09	Frequency reference mode	Freq. Cmd. Operator	Open: From control circuit terminal Closed: From operator	0	0	0	0
0A	Control command	Run Source Operator	Open: From control circuit terminal Closed: From operator	0	0	0	0
0B	Overtorque detection	Over Tq. Detect	Closed: During overtorque reference missing	0	0	0	$\circ$
0C	Frequency reference missing	Freq. Cmd. Missing	Closed: While frequency reference missing	0	0	0	0
0D	Not used	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_
0E	Fault	Fault	Closed: Fault (except CPF 00, CPF 01)	0	0	0	0
0F	Not used	Reserved	_	_	_	_	

### (1) Operation (set value = 0)

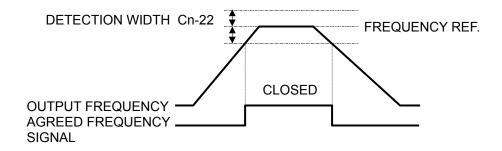
The operation contact is "closed" when FWD or REV run command is input, or the inverter outputs voltage.

### (2) Zero-speed (set value = 1)

The zero-speed contact is "closed" when inverter output frequency is less than the minimum output frequency.

### (3) Agreed frequency (set value = 2)

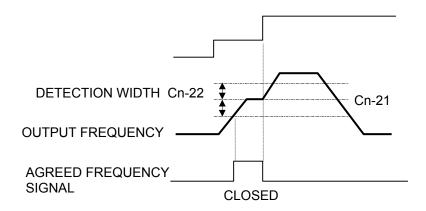
This is "closed" when output frequency is within the detection width shown in the figure below.



(Frequency ref. -Cn-22)  $\leq$  Output frequency  $\leq$  (Frequency ref. + Cn-22) Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

## **(4) Agreed frequency** (Set value = 3)

This is "closed" when acceleration or deceleration is completed and output frequency is within the detection width shown in the figure below.



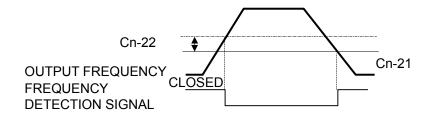
(Cn-21 -Cn-22)  $\leq$  Output frequency  $\leq$  Cn-21 +Cn-22)

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

### (5) Frequency detection (set value = 4)

This contact is "closed" when output frequency is equal to or less than Cn-21, as shown in the figure below.



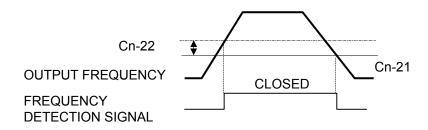
Output frequency ≤ Cn-21

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

### **(6) Frequency detection** (set value = 5)

This contact is "closed" when output frequency is equal to or greater than Cn-21, as shown in the figure below.



Output frequency ≥ Cn-21

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

## (7) Inverter operation ready (set value = 6)

This is "closed" when the inverter has become ready for operation.

## (8) During undervoltage (UV) detection (set value = 7)

This contact remains "closed" as long as the inverter is detecting undervoltage.

## **(9) During baseblock** (set value = 8)

This contact is always "closed" when inverter output is shut OFF.

# (10) Frequency reference mode (set value = 9)

This contact is "closed" when the frequency reference mode from the operator is selected.

### (11) Control command (set value = A)

This contact is "closed" when the control command from the keyboard is selected.

### (12) Overtorque detection (set value = B)

This contact remains "closed" as long as the inverter is detecting overtorque. Set overtorque detection level in Cn-26 and set overtorque detection time in Cn-27.

### (13) Frequency reference missing (set value = C)

This is "closed" when frequency reference missing is detected.

### **(14) Not used** (set value = D)

Multi-function contact output not used.

### **(15) Fault** (set value = E)

This contact is "closed" when the inverter detects a major fault. However, in the event of a fault in the watchdog (CPF00) or transmission between the mainframe and operator, the inverter is not operated.

### **(16) Not used** (set value = F)

Multi-function contact output not used.

# ♥ LCD Language Selection Sn-23

Parameter	Parameter No. Name LCD Display (English)		Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels			
No.			Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
LCD Language		Sn-23=0	0: English	(	\ /	)	)	(	
Sn-23	displayed selection	Language: English	1: Chinese	)	×	0	)	)	

# **♡ Option Card Function Selection** Sn-25 to Sn-28

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Description	Factory	Change During	Valid Access Levels			
No.	Name	LOD Display (Linglish)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-25									
~	*	*	*	*	×	1	2	3	4
Sn-28									

<sup>\*</sup> Differs according to control mode.

# 1. GP

Function	Sn-	Name	LCD Display					Descriptions		Factory Setting
		Analog Reference		4th digit	3rd digit	2nd digit	1st digit	Positive/negative values of freque reeference determine FWD/REV of		
	Sn-25	Card (Al- 14B)	Sn-25=0000 Al-14B Fun. Select	_	_	_	1	Positive frequency reference value determine forward operation Chegoutput		0000
		_		0	0	0	_	Not used		
				0	0	0	0	BCD input 1% resolution		
				0	0	0	1	BCD input 0.1% resolution		
		Digital		0	0	1	0	BCD input 0.01% resolution		
		Reference Card (DI-08)	Sn-26=0000	0	0	1	1	BCD input 1Hz resolution		
	Sn-26	Ferquency	DI-08 Fun. Select	0	1	0	0	BCD input 0.1Hz resolution		0000
		reference set		0	1	0	1	BCD input 0.01Hz resolution		
		mode		0	1	1	1	BINARY input 255/100%		
				1	0	0	0	BINARY input (input value sisplay decimal on operator)	ed in	
		Digital		_	_	_	0	Selects item 1 to be output from D	O-08	
		Output Card (DO-08)		_	_	_	1	Selects item 21 to be output from	DO-08	
		, ,	Sn-27=0010 DO-08 & PM-C	0	0	0	_	1F (F: output frequency)		
Option	Sn-27	Digital pulsa		0	0	1	_	6F (F: output frequency)		0010
Card Function		Digital pulse Monitor Card		0	1	0	_	10F (F: output frequency)		
Selection		(PM-C)		0	1	1	_	12F (F: output frequency)		
				1	0	0	_	36F (F: output frequency)		
				_	_	0	0	Output frequency (max. frequency/100%)		
								Output current		
				_	_	0	1	(Rated current/100%)		
								Output voltage	Channd 1	
				_	_	1	0	(Cn-01/100%)		
								DC voltage		
	Sn-28	Analog Monitor Card	Sn-28=0100	_	_	1	1	(220V: 400V/100%, 440V: 800V/100%)		0100
	311-20	(AO-12)	AO-12 Fun. Select	0	0	_	_	Output frequency		0100
					Ŭ			(max. frequency/100%)		
				0	1	_	_	Output current		
					·			(Rated current/100%)		
					0	_	_	Output voltage (Cn-01/100%)	Channd 2	
					_	119-	_			

1 1 (220V: 400V/100%, 440V: 800V/100%)
---

# 2. SL

Function	Sn-	Name	LCD Display					Descriptions	Factory Setting
		Analog Reference		4th digit	3rd digit	2nd digit	1st digit	Positive/negative values of frequency reeference determine FWD/REV operation	
	Sn-25	Card (Al- 14B)	Sn-25=0000 Al-14B Fun. Select	_	_		1	Positive frequency reference value determine forward operation Chegative=0 output	0000
		_		0	0	0	_	Not used	
				0	0	0	0	BCD input 1% resolution	
				0	0	0	1	BCD input 0.1% resolution	
		D: ". I		0	0	1	0	BCD input 0.01% resolution	
		Digital Reference	Sn 26-0000	0	0	1	1	BCD input 1Hz resolution	
	Sn-26	Card (DI-08) Ferquency	Sn-26=0000 DI-08 Fun. Select	0	1	0	0	BCD input 0.1Hz resolution	0000
		reference set mode	DI-06 Full. Select	0	1	0	1	BCD input 0.01Hz resolution	
		111000		0	1	1	1	BINARY input 255/100%	
				1	0	0	0	BINARY input (input value sisplayed in decimal on operator)	
		Digital		_	_	_	0	Selects item 1 to be output from DO-08	
		Output Card (DO-08)		_	_	_	1	Selects item 21 to be output from DO-08	
				0	0	0	_	Not used	
Option	Sn-27			0	0	1	_	Not used	0010
Card		Digital pulse Monitor Card		0	1	0	_	Not used	
Function Selection		(PM-C)		0	1	1	_	Not used	
				1	0	0	_	Not used	
				_	_	0	0	Output frequency	
								(max. frequency/100%)	
				_	_	0	1	Output current (Rated current/100%)	
				_	_	1	0	Output voltage Channel (Cn-01/100%)	1
								DC voltage	
	Sn-28	Analog Monitor Card	Sn-28=0100	_	_	1	1	(220V: 400V/100%, 440V: 800V/100%)	0100
		(AO-12)	AO-12 Fun. Select	_	_			Output frequency	
				0	0	_	_	(max. frequency/100%)	
				_				Output current	
				0	1	_	_	(Rated current/100%)	
				4	_			Torque monitor Channel	4
				1	0	_	_	(motor rated torque/100)	
				4	4			Output power	
				1	1	_	_	(motor rated power/100%)	

# 3. PID

Function	Sn-	Name	LCD Display					Descriptions		Factory Setting			
		Analog Reference		4th digit	3rd digit	2nd digit	1st digit 0	Positive/negative values of frequency reeference determine FWD/REV operations	ation				
	Sn-25	Card (Al- 14B)	Sn-25=0000 Al-14B Fun. Select	_	_	_	1	Positive frequency reference value determine forward operation Chegative output	e=0	0000			
		_		0	0	0	_	Not used					
				0	0	0	0	BCD input 1% resolution					
				0	0	0	1	BCD input 0.1% resolution					
		Digital		0	0	1	0	BCD input 0.01% resolution					
		Reference	Sn-26=0000	0	0	1	1	BCD input 1Hz resolution					
	Sn-26	Card (DI-08) Ferquency	DI-08 Fun. Select	0	1	0	0	BCD input 0.1Hz resolution		0000			
		reference set mode		0	1	0	1	BCD input 0.01Hz resolution					
				0	1	1	1	BINARY input 255/100%					
				1	0	0	0	BINARY input (input value sisplayed in decimal on operator)					
				_	_	_	0	Not used					
		_		_	_	_	1	Not used					
			Sn-27=0010 PM-C Fun. Select	0	0	0	_	1F (F: output frequency)					
0 "	Sn-27	Digital pulse Monitor Card (PM-C)		0	0	1	_	6F (F: output frequency)		0010			
Option Card				PM-C Fun. Select -	PM-C Fun. Select	PM-C Fun. Select	0	1	0	_	10F (F: output frequency)		
Function Selection				0	1	1	_	12F (F: output frequency)					
				1	0	0	_	36F (F: output frequency)					
							_	Output frequency					
				_	_	0	0	(max. frequency/100%)					
						_	1	Output current					
						0	-	(Rated current/100%)					
						1	0	Output voltage Cha	nnd 1				
					_	'	O	(Cn-01/100%)					
								DC voltage					
	Sn-28	Analog Monitor Card	Sn-28=0100	_	_	1	1	(220V: 400V/100%, 440V: 800V/100%)		0100			
	311-20	(AO-12)	AO-12 Fun. Select	0	0		_	Output frequency		0100			
					Ů			(max. frequency/100%)					
				0	1	_	_	Output current					
								(Rated current/100%)					
				1	0	_	_	Output voltage Cha (Cn-01/100%)	nnd 2				
								DC voltage					
				1	1	_	-	(220V: 400V/100%, 440V: 800V/100%)					

# 4. PG

Function	Sn-	Name	LCD Display					Descripti	ons	Factory Setting
		Analog Reference		4th digit	3rd digit	2nd digit	1st digit 0	Positive/nega reeference d	ative values of frequency etermine FWD/REV operation	
	Sn-25	Card (Al- 14B)	Sn-25=0000 Al-14B Fun. Select		_	_	1		uency reference value rward operation Chegative=0	0000
		_		0	0	0	_	Not used		-
				_	_	_	_	Not used		
				_	_		_	Not used		-
				-	_	_	_	Not used		•
			Sn-26=0000	_	_	_	_	Not used		
	Sn-26	_	Reserved	-	_	_	_	Not used		0000
				-	_	_	_	Not used		
				-	_	_	_	Not used		
				-	_	_	_	Not used		
				_	_	_	0	Speed contro	ol provided	
		PG Speed	ard Sn-27=0100	_	_	_	1	Speed contro		
				_	_	0	_	Integral conti	rol during accel/decel provided	
Option Card				_	_	1	_	Integral conti		
Function Selection	Sn-27	Control Card (FB-C)		0	0				Ramp to a stop	0100
		Function Selection 1	FB-C Function 1	0	U				(decel time 1: bn-02)	
				0	1	_	_	Processing at PG Line	Coasting to a stop	
				1	0			Baker	Ramp to a stop	
				'	Ů				(decel time 2: bn-04)	
				1	1	_	_		Operation to continne	
					_	0	0		Ramp to a stop	
							Ŭ	D	(decel time 1: bn-02)	
				_	_	0	1	Processing at	Coasting to a stop	
				_	_	1	0	Overspeed Detection	Ramp to a stop	
		PG Speed				-			(decel time 2: bn-04)	-
	Sn-28	Control Card (FB-C)	Sn-28=0101	_	_	1	1		Operation to continne	0101
	0.1.20	Function Selection 2	FB-C Function 2	0	0	_	_		Ramp to a stop	
		Jeiection 2						Processing	(decel time 1: bn-02)	<u> </u>
				0	1	_	_	at Excessive	Coasting to a stop	<u> </u>
				1	0	_	_	Speed Deviation	Ramp to a stop	
				-				Soviation	(decel time 2: bn-04)	. <b>.</b>
				1	1	_	_		Operation to continne	

# ♥ Motor Parameters Auto tuning Selection Sn-29

Parameter	Name	LCD Display (English)	Description	Factory	Change During	Vali	d Acce	ess Lev	vels
No.	Name	LOD Display (Linglish)	Description	Setting	Operation	GP	SL	PID	PG
Sn-29	Motor parameters Auto tuning	Sn-29=0	0: Autotuning invalid		\ \	<	)		\/
311-29	Selection	Motor Auto. Test	1: Autotuning valid	)	^		)		

# 2.5 Control Parameters Cn-□□

Function	Parameter	Nama	Operation				Factory	Valid	d Acc	ess Le	evels	Ref.
Function	No.	Name			Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	Page
	Cn-01	Input Voltage	Cn-01=220.0V Input Voltage	×	150~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-02	Max. Output Frequency	Cn-02=060.0Hz Max. O/P Freq.	×	50.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-03	Max. Output Voltage	Cn-03=220.0V	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0	
V/F	Cn-04	Max. Voltage Frequency	Max. Voltage Cn-04=060.0Hz	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
Pattern Setting	Cn-05	Middle Output Frequency	Cn-05=003.0Hz	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	3.0Hz	0	0	X	0	
	Cn-06	Voltage At Middle Output Frequency	Middle O/P Freq. Cn-06=016.5V	X	0.1~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	16.5V* <sup>1</sup>	1	2	×	1	
	Cn-07	Min Output Frequency	Middle Voltage Cn-07=001.5Hz	X	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz	1	2	1	1	
	Cn-08	Voltage At Min. Output Frequency	Min O/P Freq. Cn-08=011.0V	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0.1V	11.0V* <sup>1</sup>	1	2	3	1	
	Cn-09	Motor Rated Current	Min. Voltage Cn-09=031.0A Motor Rated I	X	*3	0.1A	31A* <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-10	DC Injection Braking Starting Frequency	Cn-10=01.5Hz DC Braking Start F	X	0.1~10.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz	0	0	0	0	
DC	Cn-11	DC Braking Current	Cn-11=050%  DC Braking Current	X	0~100%	1%	50%	0	0	0	0	
DC Braking — Function —	Cn-12	DC Injection Braking Time At Stop	Cn-12=00.0s DC Braking Stop Time	X	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.5s	1	1	2	1	
	Cn-13	DC Injection Braking Time At Start	Cn-13=00.0s DC Braking Start Time	X	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.0s	0	0	0	0	
Frequency	Cn-14	Frequency Command Upper Bound	Cn-14=100% Freq. Cmd. Up Bound	X	0~109%	1%	100%	0	0	0	0	
Limit	Cn-15	Frequency Command Lower Bound	Cn-15=000% Freq. Cmd. Low Bound	×	0~109%	1%	0%	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-16	Frequency Jump Point 1	Cn-16=000.0Hz Frequency Jump 1	X	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
Frequency	Cn-17	Frequency Jump Point 2	Cn-17=0.0Hz Frequency Jump 2	X	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	0	0	X	0	
Jump	Cn-18	Frequency Jump Point 3	Cn-18=0.0Hz Frequency Jump 3	X	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	0	0	×	0	
	Cn-19	Jump Frequency Width	Cn-19=01.0Hz Freq. Jump Width	×	0.0~25.5Hz	0.1Hz	1.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
Display Unit	Cn-20	Digital Operator Display Unit	Cn-20=00000 Operator DSPL Unit	×	0~39999	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Agreed	Cn-21	Frequency Agree Detection Level	Cn-21=000.0Hz F Agree Det. Level	×	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
Speed Detection	Cn-22	Frequency Agree Detection Width	Cn-22=02.0Hz F Agree Det. Width	X	0.1~25.5Hz	0.1Hz	2.0Hz	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-23	Carrier Frequency Upper Limit	Cn-23=6.0KHz Carry-Freq. Up Bound	X	0.4~15.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0.1KHz	6.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0	0	0	0	
Carrier Frequency	Cn-24	Carrier Frequency Lower Limit	Cn-24=6.0KHz Carry-Freq. Low Bound	X	0.4~15.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0.1KHz	6.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0	0	0	0	
			-	-127-								

	Cn-25	Carrier Frequency proportion Gain	Cn-25=00 Carry-Freq. P_ Gain	×	0~99	1	0* <sup>5</sup>	0	0	0	0		
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	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	evels	Ref.
Function	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	Page
	Cn-26	Overtorque	Cn-26=160%	X	30~200%	1%	160%	0	0	0	0	
OVER- Torque	011 20	Detection Level	Over Tq. Det. Level	^	00 20070	170	10070	)			0	
Detection	Cn-27	Overtorque Detection Time	Cn-27=00.1s	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.1s	0	0	0	0	
		Stall Prevention	Over Tq. Det. Time									
	Cn-28	Level During Acceleration	Cn-28=170% ACC. Stall	×	30~200%	1%	170%	0	0	0	0	
Stall Prevention	Cn-29	Constant HP Area stall prevention	Cn-29=050% CH* ACC. Stall	×	30~200%	1%	50%	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-30	Stall Prevention Level During Running	Cn-30=160% Running Stall	×	30~200%	1%	160%	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-31	Motor Terminal Resistance	Cn-31=0.308Ω Motor Line R	×	0~65.535Ω	0.001Ω	0.308Ω*4	0	0	0	0	
Torque Boost Control	Cn-32	Motor Iron Loss	Cn-32=425W Core Loss	×	0~65535W	1W	425W* <sup>4</sup>	1	2	1	1	
	Cn-33	Torque Compensation Limiter	Cn-33=100V Tq. Comp. Limiter	×	0~50V* <sup>1</sup>	1V	100V* <sup>4</sup>	1	2	1	1	
Simplified	Cn-34	Motor No Load Current	Cn-34=030% Motor No_Load I	×	0~99%	1%	30%*5	0	0	X	×	
Speed Control	Cn-35	Slip Compensation Delay time	Cn-35=02.0s Slip Comp Time	X	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	2.0s	1	2	X	X	
Fault Retry	Cn-36	Number of Auto Reatart Attempt	Cn-36=00 Retry Times	X	0~10	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Ride-thru Time	Cn-37	Power Loss Ride- thru Time	Cn-37=2.0s Ride-thru Time	X	0~2.0s	0.1s	2.0s* <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-38	Speed Search Detection Level	Cn-38=150% SP_Search Level	×	0~200%	1%	150%	0	0	0	×	
	Cn-39	Speed Search Time	Cn-39=02.0s SP_Search Time	×	0.1~25.5s	0.1s	2.0s	0	0	0	X	
Speed Search Control	Cn-40	Min. Baseblock Time	Cn-40=1.0s Min. B.B. Time	×	0.5~5.0s	0.1s	1.0s* <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	
	Cn-41	V/F Curve in Speed Search	Cn-41=100% SP_Search V/F Curve	X	10~100%	1%	100%	0	0	0	X	
	Cn-42	Voltage Recovery Time	Cn-42=0.3s Voltage Recovery	X	0.1~5.0s	0.1s	0.3s	0	0	0	0	
PID, PG functions	Cn-43 ~ Cn-60	PID, PG function* <sup>7</sup>		×				×	×	1	2	

<sup>\*1</sup> For 220V class. × 2 for 440V class.

<sup>\*2</sup> For 220V class. × 2 for 440V class.

<sup>\*3</sup> Setting range becomes 10 to 200% of inverter rated current.

<sup>\*4</sup> Factory settings differ depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 set value). This example shows combination of 440V 25HP (18.5KW) inverter and TECO standard motor 440V 4P 60Hz 25HP

<sup>\*5</sup> Motor rated current (Cn-09) becomes 100% level.

<sup>\*6</sup> Factory setting and setting range differ depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 set value).

<sup>\*7</sup> Parameter for PID or PG Control mode. Refer to Appendix C and D.

## ♥ V/F Pattern Selection Cn-01 to Cn-08

Parameter	Nama	LCD Display	Change	Catting Dans	Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-01	Input Voltage	Cn-01=220.0V	×	150~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0
CII-01	iliput voltage	Input Voltage		130 233.07	0.10	220.0 V	0	)	O	0
Cn-02	Max. Output	Cn-02=060.0Hz	\/	50.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz				0
CII-02	Frequency	Max. O/P Freq.	×	50.0~400.0HZ	U. ITIZ	00.0HZ	0	0	0	0
Cn-03	May Output Voltage	put Voltage Cn-03=220.0V Max. Voltage × 0.1~255.0V		0.1~255.0\/*1	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>				0
C11-03	wax. Output voitage	Max. Voltage		0.1~255.00	0.10	220.00	0	0	0	0
Cn-04	Max. Voltage	Cn-04=060.0Hz	\/	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz				
Cri-04	Frequency	Max. Volt Frequency	×	0.1~400.0HZ	0.102	00.0HZ	0	0	0	0
Cn-05	Middle Output	Cn-05=003.0Hz	\/	0.1.400.011=	0.1Hz	3.0Hz			\/	)
Cn-u5	Frequency	Middle O/P Freq.	×	0.1~400.0Hz	U.THZ	3.0HZ	0	0	X	0
0- 00	Voltage At Middle	Cn-06=016.5V	\/	0.4.055.0\(\psi\)	0.41/	16.5V* <sup>1</sup>		•	\/	4
Cn-06	Output Frequency	Middle Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	10.5	1	2	X	1
0- 07	Min Output	Cn-07=001.5Hz		0.4.400.011-	0.411-	4.511-	_	_	4	4
Cn-07	Frequency	Min O/P Freq.	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz	1	2	1	1
Cn 00	Voltage At Min. Output Frequency	Cn-08=011.0V	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0.41/	11 0) /*1	4	0	2	4
Cn-08		Min. Voltage			0.1V	11.0V* <sup>1</sup>	I	2	3	1

## (1) Input Voltage (Cn-01)

Ì	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-01	Input Voltage	Cn-01=220.0V Input Voltage	×	150~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0

- Set inverter input voltage.
- When the set value of n-01 is larger than the motor rated voltage, the following problems may occur. (Set Cn-01 to match the motor rated voltage).
  - (a) The motor is excited excessively during deceleration and heated.
  - (b) The motor vibrates during deceleration.
  - (c) The motor is saturated during deceleration and the main circuit devices are damaged.
- The inverter change the operation levels according to the Cn-01 setting automatically as below shown.

Input Vo	Itage (Cn-01)	LVH	0V L	evel	BTRI	_evel	UV L	.evel
Inverter	Set value	Signal	Detection	Return	Detection	Return	Detection	Return
220 Class	255 or less	L	400	380	380	375	210	220
440 Class	Set value≧400	L	800	760	760	750	420	440
440 Class	Set value < 400	Н	700	660	660	650	420	440

# (2) Max. Output Frequency (Cn-02)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG

Cn-02	Max. Output Frequency	Cn-02=060.0Hz Max. O/P Freq.	×	50.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz	0	0	0	0
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# (3) Max. Output Voltage (Cn-03)

1	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-03	Max. Output Voltage	Cn-03=220.0V Max. Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	220.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0	0

# (4) Max. Voltage Frequency (Cn-04)

Ĭ	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-04	Max. Voltage Frequency	Cn-04=060.0Hz Max. Volt Frequency	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	60.0Hz	0	0	0	0

## (5) Middle Output Frequency (Cn-05)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-05	Middle Output Frequency	Cn-05=003.0Hz Middle O/P Freq.	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	3.0Hz	0	0	×	0

# (6) Voltage At Middle Output Frequency (Cn-06)

# 1. GP, PG

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	J Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-06	Voltage At Middle Output Frequency	Cn-06=016.5V Middle Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V	0.1V	16.5V	1	2	X	1

### 2. SL

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-06	Voltage At Middle Output Frequency	Cn-06=011.0V Middle Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>1</sup>	0.1V	11.0V	1	2	×	1

# (7) Min Output Frequency (Cn-07)

## 1. GP, PID, PG

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Ĭ	Cn-07	Min Output Frequency	Cn-07=001.5Hz Min O/P Freq.	×	0.1~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz	1	2	1	1

## 2. SL

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG

Cn-07 Min Output Cn-07=001.0Hz Sequency Min O/P Freq. 0.1~400.0Hz 0.1	0.1Hz 1.0Hz	1	2	1	1
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## (8) Voltage At Min. Output Frequency (Cn-08)

### 1. GP, PG

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-08	Voltage At Min. Output Frequency	Cn-08=011.0V Min. Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0.1V	11.0V	1	2	3	1

### 2. SL

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-08	Voltage At Min. Output Frequency	Cn-08=004.3V Min. Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0.1V	4.3V	1	2	3	1

### 3. PID

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-08	Voltage At Min. Output Frequency	Cn-08=013.0V Min. Voltage	×	0.1~255.0V* <sup>2</sup>	0.1V	13.0V	1	2	3	1

- Set inverter output frequency/voltage characteristics. (V/f characteristics).
  - (a) Changing V/f characteristics

Sn-02 = 0 to E: V/f characteristics determined by set value. Settings of Cn-02 to Cn-08 cannot be changed. (Refer to page 64).

Sn-02 = F: Any V/f characteristic can be obtained by the set values of constants Cn-02 to Cn-08.

- (b) Voltage values (Cn-03, Cn-06, Cn-08) displayed in the operator depend on the set value of Sn-02 (V/f selection) as follows:
  - Sn-02 = 0 to E: Proportional computation is performed with input voltage (Cn-01) as 100%

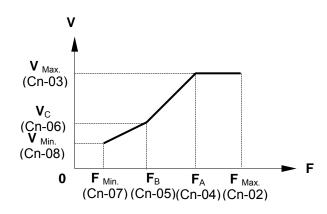
<Example> When Cn-01 = 220V and V/f pattern Sn-02 = 1, the following display is shown on the operator:

• Cn-06 = 15V x 
$$\frac{220}{200}$$
 = 16.5V

• Cn-08 = 10V x 
$$\frac{220}{200}$$
 = 11V

• Sn-02 = F: The set value is displayed.

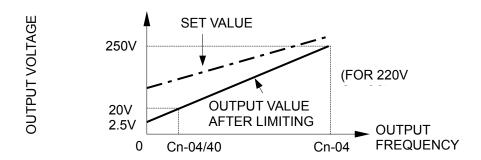
(c) When V/f characteristics are a straight line, the same value as Cn-07 is set in Cn-05. The set value of Cn-06 is disregarded.



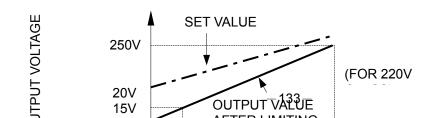
### Notes:

- 1. The maximum output voltage is limited by input voltage.
- 2. When the set values of Cn-02 to Cn-08 do not satisfy the following conditions, a setting error occurs and "V/F Curve Incorrect (OPE10) " is displayed. The set value is checked at power ON and switching from PRGM mode to DRIVE mode.  $F_{Max}$ .  $\geq F_{A} > F_{B} \geq F_{Min}$ .
- 3. Actual output voltage is limited to the following value even if an arbitrary V/f is set as Sn-02 = F. For setting without limit, set Sn-02 = FF. In this case, the inverter may malfunction unless V/f suitable for the motor characteristics is set.

### 7.5 to 30HP (5.5 to 22kW)



40 to 100HP (30 to 75kW), (40 to 400HP for 440V class)



### (9) Motor Rated Current (Cn-09)

Param	neter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No		Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-(	00	Motor Rated Current	Cn-09=031.0A	\/	*	0.1A	31A	)			
Cri-C	บฮ	WOOD Rated Current	Motor Rated I	_ ×		U.IA	SIA				

Set motor rated current by the electronic thermal function in units of 0.1A for motor overload protection. The range of setting is 10% to 200% of inverter rated current. When the 1st digit of Sn-14 is 1, the electronic thermal function is disabled and the motor is not protected from overheating due to overload.

## (10) DC Injection Braking Starting Frequency (Cn-10)

Ì	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-10	DC Injection Braking Starting Frequency	Cn-10=01.5Hz DC Braking Start F	×	0.1~10.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz	0	0	0	0

Set a frequency for starting DC braking at deceleration stop in units of 0.1Hz.
 When a set value is not greater than Cn-07 (minimum output frequency), DC braking is started with the minimum output frequency.

## (11) DC Braking Current (Cn-11)

Parameter	Nama	LCD Display Change			Settina	Factory	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Cn-11	DC Braking Current	Cn-11=050%  DC Braking Current	×	0~100%	1%	50%	0	0	0	0	

Set DC braking current in units of 1%. Inverter rated current is 100%.

# (12) DC Injection Braking Time At Stop (Cn-12)

### 1. GP, SL, PG

	Parameter			Change	Setting	Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Ĭ	Cn-12	DC Injection Braking Time At Stop	Cn-12=00.5s DC Braking Stop Time	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.5s	1	1	2	1
1		: 11 - 11 p	DO DIAKING Stop Time								

 Set the duration of DC braking at stopping in units of 0.1 second. When a set value is 0, DC braking is not performed, and inverter output is shut OFF at the start of DC braking.

### 2. PID

Parameter No			Change	Setting	Setting	Factory	Valid Access Level				
No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Cn-12	DC Injection Braking Time At Stop	Cn-12=00.0s DC Braking Stop Time	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.0s	1	1	2	1	

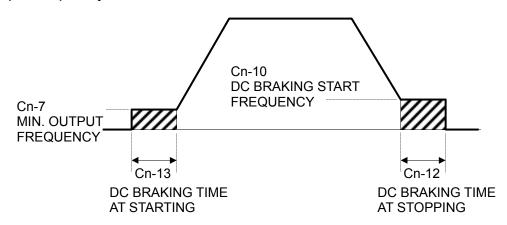
<sup>\*</sup> Setting range becomes 10 to 200% of inverter rated current.

Factory setting 0.0sec, DC braking is not performed.

## (13) DC Injection Braking Time At Start (Cn-13)

Parameter			Change	Setting	Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-13	DC Injection Braking Time At Start	Cn-13=00.0s DC Braking Start Time	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.0s	0	0	0	0

 Set the duration of DC braking at starting in units of 0.1 second. When a set value is 0, DC braking is not performed, and acceleration begins with the minimum output frequency.

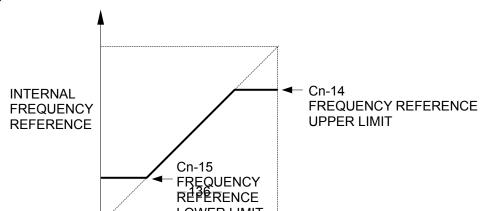


## (14) Frequency Command Upper Bound (Cn-14)

## (15) Frequency Command Lower Bound (Cn-15)

Parameter	Nama	LCD Diaplay (English)	Change	Setting	Setting	Factory	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Cn-14	Frequency Command Upper Bound	Cn-14=100% Freq. Cmd. Up Bound	×	0~109%	1%	100%	0	0	0	0		
Cn-15	Frequency Command Lower Bound	Cn-15=000% Freq. Cmd. Low Bound	×	0~109%	1%	0%	0	0	0	0		

Set the lower limit of frequency reference in units of 1%. Cn-02 (maximum frequency) is regarded as 100%. When the run command is input with a frequency reference of 0, acceleration continues from the minimum frequency to the lower frequency reference limit, and operation continues in the lower frequency reference limit.



- (16) Frequency Jump Point 1 (Cn-16)
- (17) Frequency Jump Point 2 (Cn-17)
- (18) Frequency Jump Point 3 (Cn-18)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	Valid Access Levels				
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG			
Cn-16	Frequency Jump	Cn-16=000.0Hz	×	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	)		)	)			
CII-10	Point 1	Frequency Jump 1		0.0*400.0112	0.1112	0.0112		)					
Cn-17	Frequency Jump	Cn-17=0.0Hz	×	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz			\/				
CII-17	Point 2	Frequency Jump 2		0.0*400.0112	0.1112	0.0112		)					
Cn-18	Frequency Jump	Cn-18=0.0Hz		0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	)		\ \	)			
OII-10	Point 3	Frequency Jump 3	×	0.0°-400.0HZ	U. 1ΠZ	U.UHZ		0					

 Set a setting prohibit frequency in units of 0.1Hz. A set value of 0.0Hz disables this function.

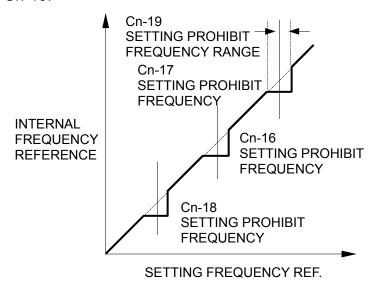
Note: If the setting prohibit frequency ranges overlap, set prohibit (skip) frequency 1 to 3 as shown below:

### (19) Jump Frequency Width (Cn-19)

Parameter No.		LCD Diambou (Familiah)	Change	Setting	Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels	
		Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-19	Jump Frequency Width	Cn-19=01.0Hz Freq. Jump Width	×	0.0~25.5Hz	0.1Hz	1.0Hz	0	0	0	0

 Set the range of setting prohibit (skip) frequency in units of 0.1Hz. The range of the setting prohibit (skip) frequency is determined a follows, depending on combinations with Cn-16 to Cn-18.

Cn-16 to Cn-18 -Cn-19  $\leq$  the range of the setting prohibit frequency  $\leq$  Cn-16 to Cn-18 +Cn-19.



Note: Constant speed operation is prohibited in the setting prohibit frequency range. Output frequency does not jump during acceleration or deceleration, which is performed smoothly.

## (20) Digital Operator Display Unit (Cn-20)

Parameter	Nama	LCD Diamley (Facility)	Change	Setting	Setting	tting Factory	Valid Access Level					
No.	Name	LCD Display (English)	During Operation	Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Cn-20	Digital Operator Display Unit	Cn-20=00000 Operator DSPL Unit	×	0~39999	1	0	0	0	0	0		

• The setting unit of frequency references 1 to 8 and jog frequency reference depends on the set value of operator display mode (Cn-20) as follows:

Cn-20	Setting / Reading Unit
0	Units of 0.01Hz
1	Units of 0.01%
	Set in the units of r/min (0 to 39999).
2 to 39	r/min = 120 x frequency reference (Hz)/Cn-20
	(Set the number of motor poles in Cn-20).
	The position of decimal point is set by the value of the 5th digit of Cn-20.
	Value of 5th digit = 0: Displayed as XXXX
	Value of 5th digit = 1: Displayed as XXX.X
	Value of 5th digit = 2: Displayed as XX.XX
	Value of 5th digit = 3: Displayed as X.XXX
40 to 39999	A set value of 100% frequency is determined by the 1st digit to 4th digit of Cn-20.
	Example 1: When the set value of 100% speed is 200.0, Cn-20 = 12000 is set.
	100% speed is displayed as 200.0 at Cn-20 = 12000.
	60% speed is displayed as 120.0
	Example 2: When the set value of 100% speed is 65.00, Cn-20 = 26500 is set.
	60% speed is displayed as 39.00 at Cn-20 = 26500.

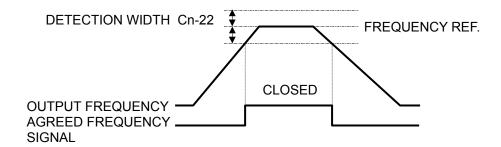
## (21) Frequency Agree Detection Level (Cn-21)

### (22) Frequency Agree Detection Width (Cn-22)

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Change	0 "	Setting	Factory	Vali	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG			
Cn-21	Frequency Agree Detection Level	Cn-21=000.0Hz F Agree Det. Level	×	0.0~400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	0	0	0	0			
Cn-22	Frequency Agree Detection Width	Cn-22=02.0Hz F Agree Det. Width	×	0.1~25.5Hz	0.1Hz	2.0Hz	0	0	0	0			

- Set an agreed frequency detection width in units of 0.1Hz. The relationship with the multi-function contact outputs are shown in the four figures below [(a) to (d)].
  - (a) Agreed frequency (set value of multi-function contact output = 2)

This is "closed" when output frequency is within the detection width shown in the following figure.



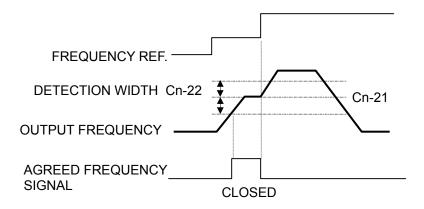
(Frequency ref. -Cn-22)  $\leq$  Output frequency  $\leq$  (Frequency ref. +Cn-22)

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

# (b) Agreed frequency (set value of multi-function contact output = 3)

This is "closed" when acceleration or deceleration is completed and output frequency is within the detection width shown in the figure below.



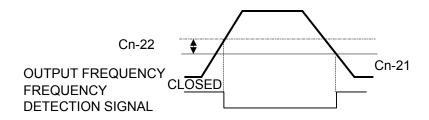
(Cn-21 - Cn-22) < Output frequency < (Cn-21 + Cn-22)

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

(c) Frequency detection contact (set value of multi-function contact output = 4)

This contact is "closed" when output frequency is equal to or less than Cn-21, as shown in the figure below.



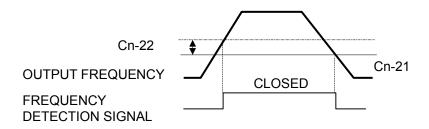
Output frequency ≤Cn-21

Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

(d) Frequency detection contact (set value of multi-function contact output = 5)

This contact is "closed" when output frequency is equal to or more than Cn21, as shown in the figure below.



Output frequency ≥ Cn-21

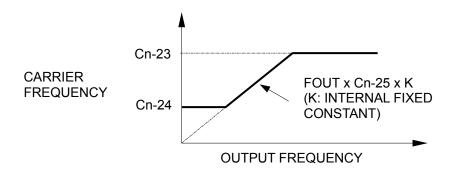
Cn-21: Agreed frequency point.

Cn-22: Agreed frequency detection width.

- (23) Carrier Frequency Upper Limit (Cn-23)
- (24) Carrier Frequency Lower Limit (Cn-24)
- (25) Carrier Frequency proportion Gain (Cn-25)

Parameter	Namo	LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG			
Cn-23	Carrier Frequency	Cn-23=6.0KHz	\ \	0.4~15.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0 1KHz	6.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>							
OII-20	Upper Limit	Carry-Freq. Up Bound		0.4 10.01(1)2	0. HXHZ	0.01(1)2	0	)	0				
Cn-24	Carrier Frequency	Cn-24=6.0KHz	×	0.4~15.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>	0 1KHz	6.0KHz* <sup>6</sup>							
011-24	Lower Limit	Carry-Freq. Low Bound		0.4 10.01(1)2	0. HVI 12	0.01(1)2	0	)	0				
Cn-25	Carrier Frequency	Cn-25=00		0~99	1	0* <sup>5</sup>							
GH-25	proportion Gain	Carry-Freq. P_ Gain	×	0.399	1	0		)					

- The relationship between output frequency and carrier frequency is determined as follows from the set values of Cn-23 to Cn-25.
  - (a) For constant carrier frequency (set value of Cn-23): Set 0 in Cn-25 and set the same value in Cn-23 and Cn-24.
  - (b) For carrier frequency: Carrier frequency changes according to Cn -23 to Cn-25 set values and output frequency as shown below.



- "Carry\_Freq Incorrect (OPE11) Alarm" is displayed in the following cases:
- $\bigcirc$  Cn-25 > 6 and Cn-24 > Cn-23
- (2) Cn-23 > 5kHz and Cn-24  $\leq$  5kHz

## (26) Overtorque Detection Level (Cn-26)

### (27) Overtorque Detection Time (Cn-27)

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid Access Levels					
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG		
Cn-26	Overtorque Detection	Cn-26=160%		30~200%	1%	160%	)		)			
C11-20	Level	Over Tq. Det. Level	×	30~200%	1%	160%		0	0			
Cn-27	Overtorque Detection	Cn-27=00.1s	\/	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.1s	)		)			
CII-21	Time	Over Tq. Det. Time	×	0.0~25.58	0.15	0.15	0	0	0			

• Set overtorque level in units of 1%. Inverter rated current is regarded as 100%.

• Set overtorque detection time in units of 0.1 second.

### (28) Stall Prevention Level During Acceleration (Cn-28)

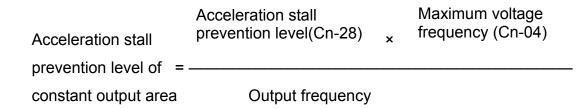
Ì	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-28	Stall Prevention Level During Acceleration	Cn-28=170% ACC. Stall	×	30~200%	1%	170%	0	0	0	0

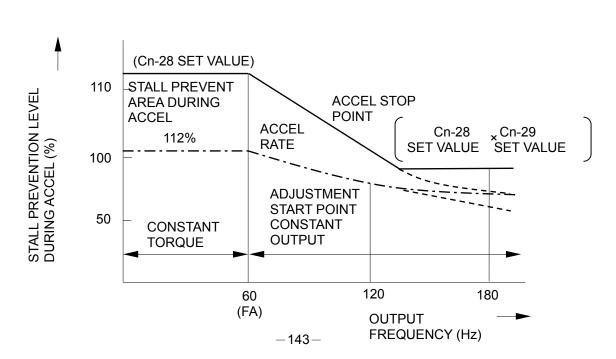
• Set stall prevention level during acceleration in units of 1%. Inverter rated current is regarded as 100%.

### (29) Constant HP Area stall prevention (Cn-29)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-29	Constant HP Area stall prevention	Cn-29=050% CH* Acc. Stall	×	30~200%	1%	50%	0	0	0	0

- Set constant HP (kW) area stall prevention level in units of 1%. Inverter rated current is regarded as 100%.
- The function of stall prevention during acceleration automatically extends acceleration according to load status (inverter output current), thus preventing the motor from stalling during acceleration. The stall prevention level during acceleration in a constant output area is reduced as follows:
- When the 1st digit of Sn-10 is 1, the output frequency increases at the rate determined by acceleration time:

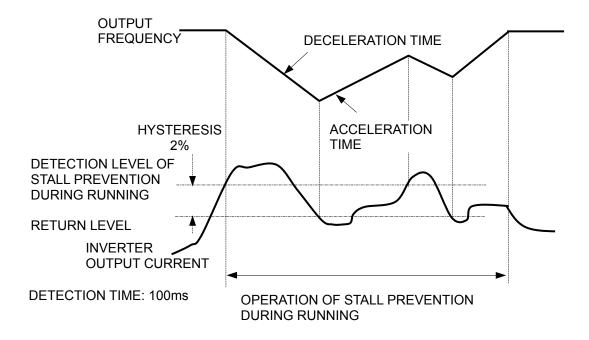




### (30) Stall Prevention Level During Running (Cn-30)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-30	Stall Prevention Level During Running	Cn-30=160% Running Stall	×	30~200%	1%	160%	0	0	0	0

- Set a proportion as a stall prevention level during running in units of 1%. Inverter rated current is regarded as 100%
- Stall prevention during running starts deceleration when the output current is greater than the setting value of Cn-30 during agreed frequency for more than 100ms. The inverter decelerates as long as the output current exceeds the setting value of Cn-30 (stall prevention level during running). When the output current goes below the setting value, the inverter reaccelerates. The deceleration time selected in the 4th digit of Sn-10 is taken.
- Even during stall prevention while running, stall prevention during deceleration and stall prevention during acceleration are enabled.



### (31) Motor Terminal Resistance (Cn-31)

Parameter No.	Name LCD Display Dui		Change		Setting	Factory	Valid Access Levels			
	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-31	Motor Terminal	Cn-31=0.308Ω		0~65.535Ω	0.001Ω	0.308Ω				
CII-31	Resistance	Motor Line R	×	0~05.55512	0.00112	0.30612	0	0	0	

<ul> <li>It is for torque compensation function. The default setting depends upon the inverter capacity (Sn-01). Normally, the setting does not need to be altered.</li> </ul>
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### (32) Motor Iron Loss (Cn-32)

### 1. GP, PID, PG

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-32	Motor Iron Loss	Cn-32=425W Core Loss	×	0~65535W	1W	425W	1	2	1	1

• It is for torque compensation function. The default setting depends upon the inverter capacity (Sn-01). Normally, the setting does not need to be altered.

### 2. SL

	Parameter		LCD Display	Change	I (.I) DISDIAV I ⊂ I SETTING I FACTORV I		tory Valid Acce		ss Levels		
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Ĭ	Cn-32	Motor Leakage	Cn-32=005.54mH		0.00~200.00mH	0.1mH	5.54mH*	1	0	1	1
1	011-02	Induetance (LS)	Equivalent Leakage L		0.00 200.001111	0.111111	5.5411111	·	2	-	'

- Set motor leakage inductance in the units 0.01mH.
- Set motor leakage inductance and externally-mounted reactor values when a reactor is connected between the inverter and motor.

## (33) Torque Compensation Limiter (Cn-33)

### 1. GP, PID, PG

Parameter No.	Name	LCD Display	Change		Setting F	Factory	Valid Access Levels				
	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Cn-33	Torque Compensation Limiter	Cn-33=100V Tq. Comp. Limit	×	0~50V* <sup>1</sup>	1V	100V	1	2	1	1	

- For 440V class, the setting range and initial value are doubled.
- Factory settings differ depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 set value).

#### 2. SL

Parameter No.	Name	LCD Display	Change		Setting Setting	Factory	Valid Access Levels				
	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
Cn-33	Torque Limiter	Cn-33=150%	\/	0~200%	1%	150%	1	2	1	1	
CI1-33	Torque Limiter	Torque Limit		0~200%	1 70	150%	'	2	ı	ı	

 Sets the upper limit of motor torque in the units of 1%. For example, When it is set to 150%, motor generating torque becomes 1.5 times as large as motor rated torque at the maximum.

<sup>\*</sup> Factory settings differ depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 set value).

### (34) Motor No Load Current (Cn-34)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-34	Motor No Load Current	Cn-34=030% Motor No_Load I	×	0~99%	1%	30%	0	0	×	×

- Set motor no load current in units of 1%. Motor rated current (Cn-09) is regarded as 100%.
- When the output current of the inverter is larger than motor no-load current (Cn-34), the output frequency of the inverter is compensated.
- The amount of frequency compensation is determined by the formula below.
- The maximum voltage frequency (Cn-04) is 100% level.

If the output current is compensated for by the motor rated slip (bn-08).

If frequency reference is equal to or smaller than minimum output frequency (Cn-07) or motor is in a regeneration mode, slip compensation is not performed.

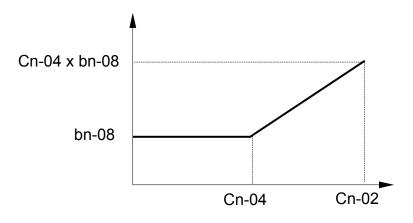
Amount of output frequency compensation =

Motor rated current: Cn-09

Motor no load current: Cn-34

Motor rated slip: bn-08

 The amount of output frequency compensation in a constant torque area and a constant output area is shown in the figure below.



\* Motor rated current (Cn-09) becomes 100% level. Factory settings differ depending on inverter capacity (Sn-01 Set value) in SL control mode.

### (35) Slip Compensation Delay time (Cn-35)

### 1. GP, PID, PG

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-35	Slip Compensation Delay time	Cn-35=02.0s Slip Filter	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	2.0s	1	2	×	×

Set slip compensation primary delay time in units of 0.1 second.

#### 2. SL

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-35	Slip Compensation Delay time	Cn-35=0.2s Slip Filter	×	0.0~25.5s	0.1s	0.2s	1	2	×	×

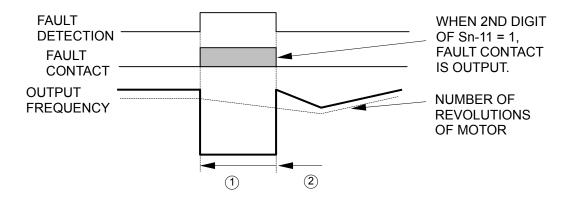
## (36) Number of Auto Reatart Attempt (Cn-36)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-36	Number of Auto	Cn-36=00	~	0~10	1	0				
O11-30	Reatart Attempt	Retry Time		0 10	•	3		)		

- Set the number of auto reset/restart operation. Setting of zero causes no auto reset/restart operation.
- Each time one of these faults occur: OC, OV, OL1, OL2, OL3, OH, UV1 (OC, GF, OV, rr or UV1), one is added to the number of auto reset/restart operation, and auto reset/restart operation is performed according to the following procedure. However, auto reset/restart operation is not performed in the following cases:
  - ① When operation not continued at momentary power loss (3rd digit of Sn-11 = 0) is specified, UV1 fault is not automatically reset.
  - When OC or OV fault occurs due to external fault during deceleration stop or DC injection braking stop, inverter output is shut OFF.
- The number of auto reset/restart operation is cleared to zero when:
  - 1) No fault occurs for 10 minutes or more.
  - ② A fault reset signal is input from control circuit terminals or digital operator.

### Auto reset/restart operation

- ① When a fault is detected, inverter output is shut OFF for the minimum baseblock time (Cn-40). During shut OFF of inverter output, a fault occurring in the operator is displayed.
- When the minimum baseblock time (Cn-40) elapses, the fault is automatically reset, and speed search operation is performed with the output frequency at the time of the fault.
- When the total number of faults exceeds the number of auto restart attempts (Cn-36), automatic reset is not performed and inverter output is shut OFF. At this time, fault contact output is output.



### (37) Power Loss Ride-thru Time (Cn-37)

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-37	Power Loss Ride-thru Time	Cn-37=2.0s Ride-thru Time	×	0~2.0s	0.1s	2.0s* <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0

• Set in units of 0.1 second. The initial value depends on the inverter capacity.

## (38) Speed Search Detection Level (Cn-38)

1	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	Cn-38	Speed Search Detection Level	Cn-38=150% SP_Search Level	×	0~200%	1%	150%	0	0	0	×

• When inverter output current immediately after power recovery is larger than the set value of Cn-38, speed search operation is started. When inverter output current is smaller than the set value of Cn-38, the frequency is interpreted as a speed synchronization point and acceleration or deceleration is performed again up to a specified frequency.

### (39) Speed Search Time (Cn-39)

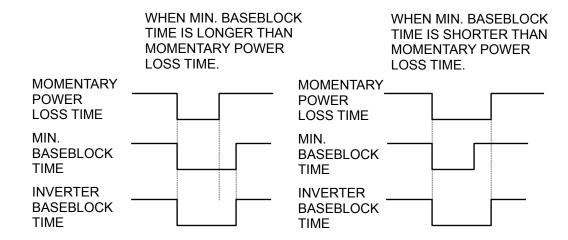
Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
I	Cn-39	Speed Search Time	Cn-39=02.0s	X	0.1~25.5s	0.1s	2.0s	0	0	0	X
	Cn-39	Speed Search Time	Cn-39=02.0s SP_Search Time	×	0.1~25.5s	0.1s	2.0s	0	(	С	0 0

 Set deceleration time during speed search in units of 0.1 second. A setting of 0.0 second causes no speed search.

### (40) Min. Baseblock Time (Cn-40)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Settina	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-40	Min. Baseblock Time	Cn-40=1.0s		0.5~5.0s	0.1s	1.0s				
C11-40	Willi. Daseblock Tillle	Min. B.B. Time		0.5*5.08	0.15	1.05	0	)		

- On detecting momentary power loss, the inverter shuts OFF output and maintains the baseblock state for a given time. Set a time in Cn-40 when residual voltage is expected to be almost zero.
- When momentary power loss time is longer than the minimum baseblock time, speed search operation is started immediately after power recovery.



# (41) V/F Curve in Speed Search (Cn-41)

Ī	Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
	No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
I	Cn-41	V/F Curve in Speed	Cn-41=100%	\ \	10~100%	1%	100%			)	
ı	011-41	Search	SP_Search V/F Curve	^	10 - 100 /6	1 70	100 /0		0	0	

To ensure that a fault such as OC does not occur during speed search operation,
 V/f must be reduced during speed search operation, as compared with that
 during normal operation. Set V/f during speed search as follows by the set value

of Cn-41:

V/f during speed search = V/f at normal operation × Cn-41

# (42) Voltage Recovery Time (Cn-42)

Parameter		LCD Display	Change		Setting	Factory	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	During Operation	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Cn-42	Voltage Recovery	Cn-42=0.3s	\/	0.1~5.0s	0.1s	0.3s	)			
G11-42	Time	Voltage Recovery		0.1~5.08	0.15	0.38	0		0	

• Set in Cn-42 the time between completion of speed search operation and return to V/f at normal operation. The setting of voltage recovery time is set as follows:

220V class: Time required to raise voltage from 0 to 230V

440V class: Time required to raise voltage from 0 to 460V

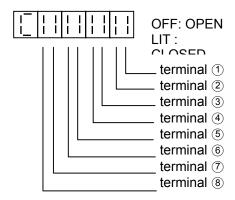
# 2.6 Monitoring Parameters Un - $\square$

Parameter	Norre	LCD Display	11:4	Dopprinting	Valid	d Acce	ess Le	evels
No.	Name	(English)	Unit	Descriptions	GP	SL	PID	PG
Un-01	Frequency Command	Un-01=60.00Hz Frequency Command	0.01Hz	Display frequency command, the displayed unit is determined by Cn-20	0	0	0	0
Un-02	Output Frequency	Un-02=60.00Hz Output Frequency	0.01Hz	Display output frequency, the displayed unit is determined by Cn-20	0	0	0	0
Un-03	Output Current	Un-03=12.5A Output Current	0.1A	Display inverter output current	0	0	0	0
Un-04	Output Voltage	Un-04=220.0V Output Voltage	0.1V	Display output voltage command of inverter	0	0	0	0
Un-05	Main Circuit DC Voltage	Un-05=310.0V DC Voltage	0.1V	Display DC voltage of inverter main circuit	0	0	0	0
Un-06	Output Power	Un-06= KW Output Power	0.1KW	Display output power of inverter	0	0	0	0
Un-07	Input Terminal Status	*1 Un-07=00000000 I/P Term. Status	_	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1: CLOSE Input terminal ① Input terminal ② Input terminal ③ Input terminal ④ Input terminal ⑥ Input terminal ⑥ Input terminal ⑦	0	0	0	0
Un-08	Output Terminal Status	*2 Un-08=00000000 O/P Term. Status	_	0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0

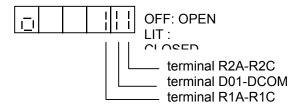
				0 : OPEN 1 : CLOSE Output terminal ③① Output terminal ②② Output terminal ②② Reversed Reversed Reversed Reversed Reversed Reversed Reversed Reversed				
Un-09	LED Lamp Cheek	Un-09=65535 LED Cheek	_	LED Lamp Cheek (for JNEP-33 Digital operator)	0	0	0	0
Un-10	S/W Version	Un-10=00001 Software Version		- Manufacturing use -	0	0	0	0

Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Unit	Descriptions	Valid	Acce	ess Le	vels
No.	Name	(English)	Unit	Descriptions	GP	SL	PID	PG
		Setting		V/F Control mode while Sn-13=00				
		V/F Ctrl Mode	_	(factory setting)				
		Setting		Seneorless Vector Control mode while Sn-				
Un-11	Control Mode	SL Ctrl Mode	_	13=01		0		
OII-11	Select	Setting		PID with Auto Energy Saving Control mode	0		0	0
		PID Ctrl Mode		while Sn-13=10				
		Setting	_	V/F=PG Closed loop Control mode while Sn-				
		PG Ctrl Mode		13=11				
		Un-12=100%	1%	Output torque at SL Control mode				
		Output Torque	1 70	(motor rated torque=100%)				
Un-12	Monitoring	Un-12=0.9	0.1	Output Power factor at PID Control mode	×	1	2	3
011-12	Output Select	Output P.F.	0.1	Output I ower lactor at I ID Control Mode		'	_	
		Un-12=100.0%	0.1%	Amount of speed feedback at PG Control mode.				
		Speed Feedback	0.170	(display unit=0.1% of max. output frequency)				
Un-13	Amount of Speed Control	Un-13=10.0%	0.1%	Amount of speed control compensation at PG Control mode. (display unit=0.1% of max. output	×	X	×	
011-13	Compensation	Speed Ctrl Comp.	0.176	frequency)				0

## \*1. The display status for JNEP-33 LED operator :



### \*2. The display status for JNEP-33 LED operator



# 3. FAULT DISPLAY AND TROUBLESHOOTING

The 7200GAS has protection functions and warning self-diagnosis functions. If a fault a occurs, the protection functions operate to shut OFF the inverter output and the motor coasts to stop, at the same time, the fault contact signal (terminal (8-20, (9-20)) is output.

### A). PROTECTIVE FUNCTIONS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Protecti	ion function	Explanation	LCD display (English)
Low voltage	Main circuit low voltage Momentary power loss protection	When the inverter power voltage drops, torque becomes insufficient and motor is overheated.  Inverter output is stopped when the main circuit DC voltage becomes lower than the low voltage detection level for 15 ms or longer. or about 2 seconds or longer if the momentary power loss redo-thru function is used.  Detection level: Approximately 210V or less for 220V class and 420V or less for 440V class	Fault (UV1)* <sup>1</sup> DC Volt. Low
protection	Control circuit low voltage  Man circuit	The inverter output is shut-off when he control circuit voltage drops below the low voltage level.	Fault (UV2)*1 C/B DC Volt. Low
	soft charge contactor defective	The inverter output is shut-off when no answer back is received from the main circuit soft-start contactor.	Fault (UV3)* <sup>1</sup> MC Ans. Fault
Overcurren	at protection	The inverter output is shut-off when the inverter output current becomes approx. 200% and above of inverter rated current.	Fault (OC)*1 Over Current
Ground-fau	ult protection	The inverter output is shut-off when a ground-fault occurs at the inverter output side and the ground-fault current exceeds approximately 50% of the inverter rated current.	Fault (GF)* <sup>1</sup> Ground Fault
Overvoltag	e protection	The inverter output is shut-off when the main circuit DC voltage becomes excessive because or regeneration energy caused by motor deceleration and negative load.  Detection. Approx. 800V for input voltage set 400V and above Level : Approx. 700V for input voltage set 400V or less Approx. 400V for 200V class	Fault (OV)* <sup>1</sup> Over Voltage
Cooling fin	overheat	The inverter output is shut-off when the ambient temperature rises and the heat sink fin reaches $90^{\circ}$ C. Please check for a detective cooling fan or clogged filter.	Fault (OH)* <sup>1</sup> Over Heat
	Motor	Inverter output is stopped when motor overload is detected by the electronic thermal overload in the inverter. Either a inverter duty constant-torque specialized motor or general-purpose motor can 9 selected. If more than one motor is driven, overload protection should be disabled. Use a thermal relay or thermal protector for each motor.	Fault (OL1)* <sup>1</sup> Motor Over Load
Overload protection	Inverter	The inverter output is shut-off when the electronic thermal overload reaches or exceeds the inverse time limit of 103% of the inverter's rated current occurs. Maximum rated overload: 110%. 1 min.	Fault (OL2)*1 Inverter Over Load
	Over torque detection	The motor operates according to a preset mode when the inverter output current execeeds the overtorque detection level. This function is used to protect the machine or to monitor the output torque.	Fault (OL3)*1 Over Torque
	Terminal ③		Fault (EF3)*1 External Fault 3 Fault (EF5)*1
External ault	Terminal (6)	When an external alarm signal is input, the inverter operates according to a preset stop method (coasting to a stop, continuous operation, or ramp to	External Fault 5 Fault (EF6)*1
signal nput	Terminal ⑦	stop)	External Fault 6 Fault (EF7)*1
	Terminal ®		External Fault 7 Fault (EF8)*1
	Control Circuit Fault		External Fault 8 Fault (CPF02)*1 Logic board Fault
	EEPROM fault		Fault (CPF03)*1 EEPROM Fault
Control Circuit Fault F	EEPROM BCC CODE Error CPU ADC	The inverter output is shut-off when a transmission error occurs in the control circuit or a component fails. The inverter output is also shut-off when	Fault (CPF04)*1 EEPROM CODE Err. Fault (CPF05)*1
	Fault Option Card Fault	a specialized option such as the digital operator is not properly connected.	A/D Fault Fault (CPF06)*  Fault (CPF06)*  Opt. Card A/D Fault
		_155 <i>_</i>	

EPROM	Fault (CPF30)*1	
Address Error	EPROM Add. Err.	

The warning and self-diagnosis functions do not operate fault contact output (except OH1 warning function) and returns to the former operation status automatically when the factor is removed.

The fault display and troubleshooting are proudided as shown in the table below.

Fault Contact output	Error causes	Action to be taken
Operation	<ul> <li>Inverter capacity is too small.</li> <li>Voltage drop due to wiring.</li> <li>Inverter power voltage selection is wrong</li> <li>A motor of large capacity (11 kW or greater) connected to the same power system has been started.</li> <li>Rapid acceleration with generator power supply</li> <li>Operation sequence when power is off</li> <li>Defective electromagnetic contactor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the power capacity and power system.</li> <li>UV display appears when the inverter power is turned off while operation signal is input. Remove the power after stopping the inverter.</li> <li>(Set the third and fourth bits of Sn-04 to 01.)</li> </ul>
Operation	Extremely rapid accel/decel     Motor on/off switching at the inverter output side     Short-circuit or ground-fault at the inverter output side     Motor of a capacity greater than the inverter rating has been started     High-speed motor or pulse motor has been started.	Transistor error may occur. Investigate the error cause, correct it, then restart.
Operation	Motor dielectric strength is insufficient.     Load wiring is not proper.	Check for ground-fault in motor or load wiring.
Operation	<ul> <li>Over voltage</li> <li>Insufficient deceleration time</li> <li>Regenerative load (Motor is turned by the load.)</li> <li>High input voltage compared to motor rated voltage</li> </ul>	If braking torque is not proper, extend the decel time or use a braking resistor. (If braking resistor is already installed, verify that Sn-10. 2nd digit to 1.)
Operation	Defective cooling fan.     Ambient temperature rise     Clogged filter	Replace the cooling fan and clean the filter. Ambient temperature: 104°F (40°C) or less for enclosed type 122°F (45°C) or less for open chassis
Operation	Overload, low speed operation or extended acceleration time, improper V/f characteristic setting	Investigate the cause of overload and review the operation pattern, V/f characteristic, and motor/inverter capacities. (If inverter is repeatedly reset after an overload occurs, the inverter may fault. Investigate and correct the cause of overload.)
Operation	Motor current exceeds the preset value because of machine error or overload.	Check the use of the machine. Correct the overload cause or set a higher detection level which is within the allowable range.
Operation	External fault condition occurred.	Correct the Cause of the fault input.

Operation	●External noise ●Excess vibration or shock. ●CPF 02:Control circuit fault. ●CPF 03:NVRAM (SRAM) fault. ●CPF 04:NVRAM BCC Code error. ●CPF 05:AD converter fault in CPU. ●CPF 06:Option Card fault. ●CPF 30:EEPROM Addressing Error.	Check data in Sn-01 and Sn-02. Record all data, then use, Sn-03 for initializing. Turn off power, then turn on again. If error is persistent, contact your TECO representative.
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Protection function	Protection function Explanation		
Parameter Setting Error	Parameter Setting Error Parameter Setting Error		
PG line broken	PG line broken Stopping methed can be selected		
Overspeed	Excessive PG speed fault, stopping method can be selected.	Fault (oS)* <sup>1</sup> PG Over Sp.	
Excessive deviation	Excessive speed deviation, stopping method can be selected.	Fault (dEu)* <sup>1</sup> Sp. Deviat. Over	
AI-14B A/D fault	●AI-14B option card A/D fault ●External noise or excessive vibration or shock.	Fault (CPF20)*1 AI-14B A/D Fault	
Watchdog Error (SI-M card)	Communication option card Watchdog time active.	Fault (CPF21)*1 SI-M Comm. Fault 1	
Dual Port RAM FAULT (SI-M card)	Communication option card Dual port RAM fault.	Fault (CPF23)*1 SI-M Comm. Fault 2	
SI-M transmission error	When any communication error between communication option card (SI-M) and master controver occurs, the inverter operates according to a preset stop method (Sn-08)	Fault (buS)* <sup>1</sup> SI-M Comm. Fault 3	

# st 1. The display contents of LED digital operator.

Fault Contact output	Error causes	Action to be taken
Operation	Parameter setting error	Check the parameter setting.
Operation	●The PG wiring is not properly connected or open-circuit.	●Check the PG wiring.
Operation	<ul> <li>Improper setting of ASR parameter or over-speed protection level.</li> </ul>	Check the parameter of ASR and the protection level.
Operation	• Improper setting of ASR parameter or speed deviation level.	Check the parameter of ASR and speed deviation level.
Operation	Al-14B option card A/D Fault.     External noise.     Excessive vibration or shock.	Turn off power, then turn on again. If error is persistent, replace the option card.
Operation		
Operation	●RS-485 communication option card fault. ●External noise. ●Excessive vibration or shock.	<ul> <li>Turn off power, then turn on again. If error is persistent, replace the option card.</li> </ul>
Operation		

# **B.) Warning and Self-Diagnosis Functions**

Protection function		Explanation	LCD display (English)			
Low-voltage prote main circu insufficient		Monitor display appears if low voltage protection conditions such as a drop in main circuit voltage or momentary power loss occur while the inverter output is OFF.	(blinking) Alarm (UV)*1 DC Volt. Low			
High voltage protection		Monitor display appears when the main circuit DC voltage rises above the detection level while the inverter output is OFF.	(blinking) Alarm (OV)* <sup>1</sup> Over Voltage			
Cooling fin overh	eat warning	Monitor display appears when a separate thermal protector contact is input to the external terminal.	(blinking) Alarm (OH2)* <sup>1</sup> Over Heat			
Overtorque detec	ction	This function is used to protect the machine and to monitor the inverter output torque. The inverter output reacts in a preset manner when the inverter output current exceeds the over torque detection level. The monitor display blinks when "operation continue" is preset.	(blinking) Alarm (OL3)* <sup>1</sup> Over Torque			
Stall prevention	During acceleration	Inverter acceleration is stopped when 150% of or more of the inverter rated current is required by the load. This prevents overload protection (OL2) or overcurrent (OC) from occurring. When current is reduced to less than 170%, acceleration is enabled.				
Accel/decel is accomplished with maximum capacity of the	During normal operation	Output frequency is decreased when 130% of the inverter rated current or greater is required by the load. This prevents motor and inverter overload (OL1, OL2). When current is reduced below 130%, inverter acceleration is than enabled.	-			
inverter without tripping on over- current or overvoltage a	During deceleration	Deceleration is stopped when the DC voltage is caused to rise by motor regenerative energy. This prevents overvoltage trips (OV). When DC voltage decreases, deceleration to the set value then resumes				
Simultaneous normal and reverse rotation commands		When forward and reverse rotation commands are simultaneously detected for a period of time exceeding 500 ms, the inverter is stopped according to the preset stop method.	(blinking) Alarm (EF)* <sup>1</sup> Input Error			
	Terminal ③		(blinking) Alarm (EF3)* <sup>1</sup> External Fault 3			
	Terminal ⑤	It is indicated on the monitor when the mode after external signal input is set to "Operation continue."  •Ref. to the external faults ⑤ ~ ⑧ setting.	(blinking) Alarm (EF5)*1 External Fault 5			
External Fault Signal Input (Minor fault)	Terminal 6	Minor fault setting — terminal ③ (Sn-12=11XX) terminal ⑤ (Sn-15=2C) terminal ⑥ (Sn-16=3C)	(blinking) Alarm (EF6)*1 External Fault 6			
	Terminal ⑦	terminal ⑦ (Sn-17=4C) terminal ⑧ (Sn-18=5C)	(blinking) Alarm (EF7)*1 External Fault 7 (blinking)			
	Terminal ®		Alarm (EF8)* <sup>1</sup> External Fault 8			
Digital Op		Operator transmission fault 1 (Initial fault)	Alarm (CPF00)*1 OP comm. Error 1			
communication error		Operator transmission fault 2 (on lime fault)	Alarm (CPF01)*1 OP comm. Error 2			
External baseblock signal input (Minor failure) main circuit transistor instantance shut-off		When an external base block signal is input, the motor coasts to a stop. When the external base block signal is removed, the inverter output is immediately turned on at the previously set frequency.	(blinking) Alarm (bb)* <sup>1</sup> B.B.			
Invalid parameter	When an invalid parameter is set, it is indicated on the monitor at power up or when the inverter is changed from the PRGM mode to the DRIVE mode.		When an invalid parameter is set, it is indicated on the monitor at power up or when the inverter is changed from the PRGM mode to the DRIVE		Alarm (OPE01)*1 Set Cap. Error  Alarm (OPE02)*1 Parameter Incorrect	

Fault Contact output	Error causes	Action to be taken
Non Operation	●Input voltage drop	Check the main circuit DC voltage in Un-xx. If the voltage is low, adjust the input voltage.
Non Operation	●Input voltage rise	Check the main circuit DC voltage in Un-xx. If the voltage is high, adjust the input voltage.
Non Operation	●Overload ●Cooling fan fault ●Ambient temperature rise ●Clogged filter	Replace the cooling fan and clean the filter.  Ambient temperature:  104°F (40°C) or less for enclosed type  122°F (45°C) or less for open chassis
Non Operation	Motor current exceeded the set value because of machine fault or overload.	Check the driven machine and correct the cause of the fault or set to a higher value.
Non Operation	<ul><li>Insufficient power for accel/decel</li><li>Overload</li><li>Phase loss</li></ul>	Set proper accel/decel time for smooth operation.     For stall prevention during normal operation lighten the load or increase inverter capacity.
Non Operation	● Operation sequence error ●3-wire/2-wire selection error	●Recheck the control sequence.  ●Recheck system constant (Sn-15 to -18)
Non Operation	●External fault conditions set-up	Take appropriate measurement for the cause of external fault input.
Non Operation	<ul> <li>Transmission between the inverter and digital operator cannot be established 5 seconds after supplying power.</li> <li>Transmission between the inverter and digital operator is established once after supplying power, but later transmission fault continued for more than 2 seconds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Insert the operator connector again.</li> <li>Check the wiring of control circuit.</li> <li>Replace the control board or operator.</li> </ul>
	uansinission iaun continued for more than 2 seconds.	_
Non Operation	●Inverter KVA setting (Sn-01) error	- D. d
Non Operation	Parameter setting range error	Review the parameter setting range and conditions.

Protection fur	nction	Explanation	LCD display (English)
Invalid parameter setting of Sn-15 to Sn-18.			
PG constant set v	/alue	PG constant, number of poles or PG division ratio setting fault.	Alarm (OPE04)*1 PG Const. Incorrect
V/F curve constar	nt set	●Improper setting of V/F characteristic. (Cn-02~Cn-08)	Alarm (OPE10)*1 V/F Curve Incorrect
Carrier frequency constant set value fault		●Improper setting of carrier frequency. (Cn-23~Cn-25)	Alarm (OPE11)*1 Carry-Freq Incorrect
Parameter read error		Parameter read error	Alarm (Err)* <sup>1</sup> Read Error
RS-485 Communication	Fault 1	●Communication option card Watchdog timer active and the stopping method after communicating error of Sn-08 is to continue to run (Sn-08=11xx)	(blinking) (CPF21)* <sup>1</sup> RS-485 comm. Fault 1
Fault	Fault 2	Communication option card dual port RAM fault and the stopping method after communicating error of Sn-08 is to continue to run (Sn-08=11xx)	(blinking) (CPF23)* <sup>1</sup> RS-485 comm. Fault 2
RS-485 Commun Ready	ication	When the inverter with communication option card (SC-C, GA-M or GA-P) does not receive correct data from master controller.	(CALL)* <sup>1</sup> RS-485 comm. Ready
PG lime broken		<ul> <li>PG lime broken and the stopping method after PG lime broken of Sn-27 is to continue to run.</li> </ul>	(blinking) Alarm (PGo)* <sup>1</sup> PG open
Over speed		• Excessive PG speed fault and the stopping method after overspeed of Sn-28 is to continue to run.	
Excessive deviati	on	Excessive speed deviation and the stopping method after excessive deviation of Sn-28 is to continue to run.	(blinking) Alarm (dEu)* <sup>1</sup> Sp. Deviat. Over

\* 1. The display contents of LED digital operator.

Fault Contact output	Error causes	Action to be taken
Non Operation	Parameter setting incorrect.	•Review the parameter setting.
Non Operation	PG constant set value incorrect.	●Review the parameter (Cn-43 or Cn-44) setting.
Non Operation	●The set values of Cn-02 to Cn-08 do not satisfy Fmax $\geq$ FA $>$ FB $\geq$ Fmin conditions.	●Review the parameter (Cn-02 or Cn-08) setting.
Non Operation	●The set values of Cn-23 to Cn-25 do not satisfy  — Cn-25>6 and Cn-24>Cn-23  —Cn-23>5KHz and Cn-24≤5KHz	● Review the parameter (Cn-23 or Cn-25) setting.
Non Operation	EEPROM internal data did not match when initializing the constant	•Turn off power, then turn on again. If error is persistent, replace the control board.
Non Operation	RS-485 communication option card fault.     External noise	●Turn off power, then turn on again. If error is
Non Operation	•Excess vibration or shock.	persistent, replace the option card.
Non Operation	●Poor connection.  ●Defective communication software (in master controller).	Check for communication cable between communication option card and master controller (PLC).      Check for communication software.
Non Operation	●The PG Qiring is not properly connected or open circuit.	●Check the PG wiring.
Non Operation	●Improper setting of ASR parameter or overspeed protection level (Cn-52)	Check the parameter of ASR and the protection level.
Non Operation	●Improper setting of ASR parameter or speed deviation level (Cn-51)	Check the parameter of ASR and the speed deviation level.

# 4. APPENDIX

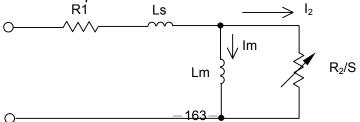
### A. SENSORLESS VECTOR CONTROL

The 7200GAS standard with selectable control modes, V/F control mode (GP mode), sensorless vector control mode (SL mode), PID with Auto Energy Saving control mode (PID mode) and V/F+PG closed loop control mode (PG mode). When the Sensorless vector control mode is selected(Sn-13=0001), be sured to make the inverter capacity and the motor rating are suitably matched. The AUTOTUNE feature can be used to identity and store the important motor parameters in the first time sensorless vector operation after installation, and when switching to one of the other three control mode, then switched back to the sensorless vector control mode, the AUTOTUNE feature has to be used to identity and store the motor parameters once again.

### (a) Constants related to Sensorless Vector Control

Function	Parameter	Name and	LCD Display	Setting Range	Setting Range	Factory	٧	/alid A Lev		s
		Descriptions	(English)	Unit	- coming vienige	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
V/F curve	Sn-02	Fixed to OF for the SL mode	Ref. to Sn-02 descriptions	_	0F	0F	0	0	0	0
Over torque Detection	Sn-07	Used the 4th digit to select overtorque detection by current or torque	Ref. to Sn-07 descriptions	_	_	0000	1	2	1	1
Operation mode selection	Sn-09	Analog output     (terminal ②-②)     can be selected as inverter output torque signal      Slip compensation during regenerating	Ref. to Sn-05,Sn- 09 descriptions	_	_	0000	1	2	3	×
Analog		selection Sn-19=OB, the analog								
Input Selection	Sn-19	input (terminal 16) function as torque limit	Ref. to Sn-19 descriptions	_	00-0F	00	0	0	0	0
Auto tuning	Sn-29	Motor parameters auto tuning selection	Sn-29=0 Auto tuning invalid	_	_	0	×	0	×	$\times$
Motor slip	Bn-08*	Rated slip of motor	Bn-08=1.7HZ Motor Rated Slip	0.1HZ	0.0~20.0HZ	1.7HZ	1	2	×	×
	Cn-09*	Motor Rated current	Cn-09=031.0A Motor Rated I	0.1A	_	31A	0	0	0	0
_	Cn-31*	Motor terminal resistance (R1)	Cn-31=0.308Ω Motor Line R	0.001Ω	0~65.535Ω	0.308Ω	0	0	0	0
	Cn-32*	Motor Leakage Inductance (Ls)	Cn-32=005.54mH Equivalent Leakage L	0.1mH	0.00~200.00mH	5.54mH	1	2	1	1
_	Cn-33	Torque limiter	Cn-33=150% Torque Limiter	1%	0~200%	150%	1	2	1	1
_	Cn-34*	Motor no load current	Cn-34=030% Motor No-Load I	1%	0~99%	30%	0	0	×	×
-	Cn-35	Slip compensation delay time	Cn-35=0.2S Slip Filter	0.1S	0.0~25.5S	0.28	1	2	×	×

The Induction Motor Y-equivalent model.



### (b) The Sequence of Motor Parameter Autotuning

- (1) Disconnect the motor load and make sure that the wiring between the inverter and the motor is suitable. Check the class difference of inverter capacity and motor rating is less than 2 class or equal.
- (2) Switch to PRGM operation mode by pressing the digital operator (PRGM) key
- (3) Key in motor rated voltage data to Cn-13, motor rated slip to bn-08 and motor rated current to Cn-09 according to the motor's nameplate.
- (4) Enable the autotuning function by setting Sn-29=1.
- (5) Switch to DRIVE operation mode by pressing the DRIVE key, than run the inverter by pressing the RUN key
- (6) The inverter system immediately enters into the autotuning operation, while complete(normally, about 20 seconds), the inverter return to stopped condition. The value of motor parameter will be automatically stored in Cn-31.
- (7) Switch to normal operation mode(set Sn-29=0), then run the inverter by pressing the RUN key in the DRIVE operation mode.

### (c) The Operation and Adjustments of Sensorless Vector Control.

- (1) Adjust the setting bn-08, if the speed accuracy need to improve. When the actual speed is lower than the setting speed, increase the set value and when the speed is higher, decrease the set value.
- (2) If the motor speed is not stable or the load inertia is too large, increase the slip compensation delay time(Cn-35)setting. Decrease the set value to improve the speed response when the load inertia is smaller.
- (3) If sufficient torque cannot be obtained at a low speed, change the V/F pattern setting of Cn-02 to Cn-08 to high starting V/F or increase the auto torque boost gain(bn-07).
- [Note] The autotuning feature is an off-line autotuning functions, used the AUTOTUNING function to identity and store the motor parameter only in the first time sensorless vector operation after installation, the inverter will adjust the related motor parameters to an optimum value during running automatically.

# (d) The Operation Sequence and Display of Motor Parameter Autotuning.

Operation Sequence	LCD Display (English)	LED Display
oltage data to Cn-		
(Cn-09=031A urrent to Cn-09  Motor, Rated I		
8 - ' ' Sn-29=1 g function by Auto tuning Valid		
4 Switch to DRIVE operation mode by key, then run the inverter by pressing the RUN key		
Auto tuning Success		
Auto tuning Fail ation fail.		
## Cn-31'=0'.308 Ω    Motor Line R   minal resistance.   (eaample:0.308 Ω)		
Sn=29=0  Cauto tuning invalid ration by setting		
Freq., 6md00.00Hz		
→ Selected DRIVE mode		

### B. AUTO ENERGY-SAVING CONTROL IN PID CONTROL MODE

When the PID control mode is selected (Sn-13=0010), the Auto Energy Saving (AES) function adjust an optimum output voltage to minimije the inverter output current automatically according to the load. The output power can be saved, the saved value varies according to the load ratio. Little energy-saving effect is obtained with the load ratio exceeding 70%. As the load becomes lighter, the effect becomes larger.

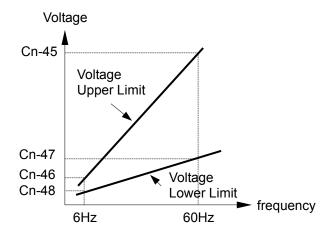
## <a> Constants rebted to Auto Energy-Saving Control in PID Control Mode.</a>

The table below shows the constants need in the auto energy-saving mode. To change any of the On- parameters, it is necessary to set Sn-03 to 1010, and set Sn-03 to 0000 after changed On- parameters for safe.

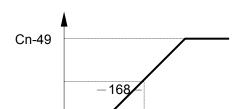
		arameter Name and Descriptions	LCD Display	LCD Display		Factory	Valid Access Levels				
Function	Parameter	Name and Descriptions	(English)	Setting Unit	Setting Range	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG	
-	Sn-08	-0: Energy Saving function ineffective (V/F) -1: Energy Saving function effective	Sn-08=0000 Option/IW Eg. Saving	_	-	0000	1	1	2	3	
	Cn-45	Energy Saving Voltage Upper Limit(60HZ)	Cn-45=120% Hi-spd. Sav. V-Upper	1%	0~120%	120%	×	×	1	2	
Energy- Saving	Cn-46	Energy Saving Voltage Upper Limit(6HZ)	Cn-46=16% Lo-spd. Sav. V- Upper	1%	0~25%	16%	×	×	1	2	
Voltage Limit	Cn-47	Energy Saving Voltage Lower Limit(60HZ)	Cn-47=050% Hi-spd. Sav. V-Lower	1%	0~100%	50%	×	×	1	2	
	Cn-48	Energy Saving Voltage Lower Limit(6HZ)	Cn-48=12% Lo-spd. Sav. V- Lower	1%	0~25%	12%	×	×	1	2	
	Cn-49	Tuning operation voltage limit	Cn-49=00% Sav. Tuning V-Limit	1%	0~20%	0%	X	×	1	2	
Energy- Saving	Cn-50	Tuning operation control cycle	Cn-50=01.0s Sav. Tuning period	0.1s	0.1~10.0s	1.0s	X	X	1	2	
Tuning Operation	Cn-51	Tuning operation voltage step(100% output voltage)	Cn-51=00.5% Sav. Tuning Gain 1	0.1%	0.1~10.0%	0.5%	×	×	1	2	
	Cn-52	Tuning operation voltage step(5% output voltage)	Cn-52=00.2% Sav. Tuning Gain 2	0.1%	0.1~10.0%	0.2%	×	X	1	2	
	Cn-53	Not used	Cn-53= Reserved	0	-	-	×	×	0	×	
Energy- Saving	Cn-54	Not used	Cn-54= Reserved	0	-	_	X	X	0	×	
Motor Constants	Cn-55	Not used	Cn-55= Reserved	0	-	_	X	×	0	X	
*1	Cn-56	Not used	Cn-56= Reserved	0	-	_	X	X	0	×	
	Cn-57	Not used	Cn-57= Reserved	0	_	_	X	×	0	X	
Energy- Saving	Cn-58	Energy-Saving Coefficient K2(60HZ)	Cn-58=115.74*1 Eng. Saving Coeff.	0.01	0.00~655.35	115.74* <sup>1</sup>	X	X	0	X	
Coefficient K2	Cn-59	Energy-Saving Coefficient reduction ratio(6HZ)	Cn-59=100% K2 Reduce Ratio	1%	50~100%	100%	×	×	0	×	
IX	Cn-60	Motor Code	Cn-60=29*2 440V 25HP	_	00~FF	29*2	×	X	0	×	
Energy- Saving Power	On-15	Power detection filter changing width	On-15=010% Power-Det. Dead Zone	1%	0~100%	10%	×	×	0	×	
Detection											

	Power detection filter	On-16=020	1	1, 255	20	~	~	
On-16	Time constant	Power-Det. Time Const	(7ms)	1~255	(140ms)			

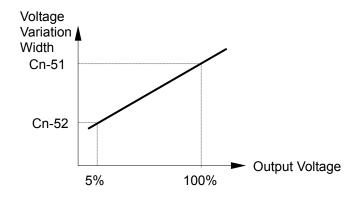
- \*1. Difference depending on the setting of Cn-60.
- \*2. The same value as Sn-01 is set by initializing.
- (1) Energy-saving voltage limit (Cn-45 to Cn-48)
- The upper and lower limits of output voltage are set. If the voltage reference value calculated in the energy-saving mode exceeds the upper or lower limit value, this upper or lower limit value is output as voltage reference value.
- ●The upper limit value is set in order to prevent over excitation at low frequency and the lower limit value is set in order to prevent stalling at a light load. Limit voltage values obtained at 6Hz and 60Hz are set: for any limit value other than at 6Hz and 60Hz, the values calculated by linear interpolation of these values. Setting is made in the units of % of rated voltage.



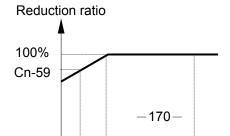
- (2) Energy-saving tuning operation (Cn-49 to Cn-52)
- •In the energy-saving mode (Sn-09 = X1XX) the optimum voltage is calculated according to load power and the voltage is supplied to the load. However, since the setting motor constants are different depending on temperature variation or use of other manufactures'-motors, the optimum voltage is not always output. At tuning operation, operation is controlled so that the optimum operating status can be obtained by fine adjustment of voltage.
  - (a) Tuning Operation voltage Limit (Cn-49)
  - Limits the range where voltage is controlled by tuning operation. Setting is made in the units of % of rated voltage. By setting this value to 0, tuning operation is not performed.



- (b) Tuning Operation Control Cycle (Cn-50)
- Sets the control cycle of tuning operation.
- (c) Tuning Operation voltage Step (Cn-51, 52)
- Sets voltage variation width of one tuning operation cycle. Setting is made in the units of % of rated voltage. By increasing this value, rotation speed variation becomes larger. This voltage variation width is set at tuning stanting voltage 100% and 5%. With the other voltage value, voltage variation width obtained by linear interpolation is set.



- (3) Energy-saving coefficient K2 (Cn-58)
- Voltage at which the motor efficient will be the maximum is calculated by using this coefficient at operation in the energy-saving mode, and the calculated value is to be voltage reference. This value is already set to the value of a TECO motor as the initial value. By increasing the energy-saving coefficient, output voltage becomes larger.
- (4) Energy-saving coefficient reduction ratio (Cn-59)
- •In order to prevent over excitation in the low frequency area, this constant reduces output voltage at low frequency. Set in the reduction ratio at 6Hz. According, to this value, output voltage is reduced with the reduction ratio (Cn-59) when output voltage of 15Hz or less is 6Hz or with the reduction ratio obtained by linear interpolation of reduction ratio (100%) at 15Hz.



### (5) Motor code (Cn-60)

•By setting this code, energy-saving coefficient is set to Cn-58 when a TECO motor is used. This motor code is the same as that used for motor constant setting (Sn-01) By setting the capacity and initializing by Sn-01, the same code is written to Cn-60. Therefore, when the inverter and motor has the same capacity, setting is not needed. When exclusive use motor or other manufacturer's motor is used and its motor constant is not known or when the inverter and motor has the different capacity, try to set the mother code corresponding to the motor voltage and capacity to Cn-60. The motor codes are shown in the table below.

# $({\bf 220V}~{\bf class})$

Cn-60	Motor	Cn-58
CII-00	Capacity	Initial value
00	1/2	288.20
01	1	223.70
02	2	169340
03	3	156.80
04	5	122.90
05	7.5	94.75
06	10	72.69
07	15	70.44
08	20	63.13
09	25	57.87
0A	30	51.79
0B	40	46.27
0C	50	38.16
0D	60	35.78
0E	75	31.35
0F	100	23.10

# (440V class)

Capacity         Initial value           20         1/2         576.40           21         1         447.40           22         2         388.80           23         3         313.60           24         5         245.60           25         7.5         189.50           26         10         145.38           27         15         140.88           28         20         126.26           29         25         115.74           2A         30         103.58           2B         40         92.54           2C         50         76.32           2D         60         71.56           2E         75         67.20           2F         100         46.20           30         125         41.22           31         150         36.23	Cn-60	Motor	Cn-58
21       1       447.40         22       2       388.80         23       3       313.60         24       5       245.60         25       7.5       189.50         26       10       145.38         27       15       140.88         28       20       126.26         29       25       115.74         2A       30       103.58         2B       40       92.54         2C       50       76.32         2D       60       71.56         2E       75       67.20         2F       100       46.20         30       125       41.22         31       150       36.23	011-00	Capacity	Initial value
22     2     388.80       23     3     313.60       24     5     245.60       25     7.5     189.50       26     10     145.38       27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	20	1/2	576.40
23     3     313.60       24     5     245.60       25     7.5     189.50       26     10     145.38       27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	21	1	447.40
24     5     245.60       25     7.5     189.50       26     10     145.38       27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	22	2	388.80
25     7.5     189.50       26     10     145.38       27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	23	3	313.60
26     10     145.38       27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	24	5	245.60
27     15     140.88       28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	25	7.5	189.50
28     20     126.26       29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	26	10	145.38
29     25     115.74       2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	27	15	140.88
2A     30     103.58       2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	28	20	126.26
2B     40     92.54       2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	29	25	115.74
2C     50     76.32       2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	2A	30	103.58
2D     60     71.56       2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	2B	40	92.54
2E     75     67.20       2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	2C	50	76.32
2F     100     46.20       30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	2D	60	71.56
30     125     41.22       31     150     36.23	2E	75	67.20
31 150 36.23	2F	100	46.20
	30	125	41.22
00 475 0000	31	150	36.23
32   1/5   33.88	32	175	33.88
33 215 30.13	33	215	30.13

34	250	29.20
35	300	27.13
36	400	21.76

### <br/> <br/> Energy-Saving operation procedures

- (1) Enter the energy-saving mode by setting the third digit of operation mode selection 5 (Sn-09) to 1. (The energy-saving mode is already set at prior to shipping.)
- (2) Set Cn-60 to the motor code (refer to page) which is determined by the motor capacity and voltage.
- (3) Set operation frequency.
- (4) Input the run command The motor accelerates up to the set frequency (bn-01), when it reaches to the set value, the energy-saving mode is entered and operation is performed at voltage according to the load.

### <c> Verification of Energy-saving Power

Energy-saving power can be verified by comparing power in the V/f control mode operation (Sn-09 third digit to 0) with power in the energy-saving mode operation (Sn-08 third digit to 1). Power can be monitored by Un-06.

Energy saved value varies according to the load ratio. Little energy-saving effect is obtained with the load ratio exceeding 70%. As the load becomes lighter, the effect becomes larger.

### <d> Adjustment

Since the constants used in the energy-saving mode are already set to the optimum values as initial values, adjustment is not needed in the normal status. However, when the motor characteristics are much different from those of the TECO standard motors or if a fault occurs because of improper constant setting, perform the following, adjustment.

# Adjustment at fault Occurrence

Fault	Corrective Action
Power does not change in the energy-saving mode.	Does setting frequency exceed 100Hz? If it does, the energy-saving mode is released.
Power variation is very small in the energy-saving mode.	Is the load ratio excessively large? When the load ratio is excessively large, energy saved value becomes larger as the load becomes lighter.
Hunting at a light load	Increase the time constant (On-16) of power detecting filter.
Current increases to cause OL1 or OL2 although within rated load torque (Especially at low frequency).	Decrease the value (Cn-46) of energy-saving voltage upper limit at 6Hz. Or decrease the energy-saving coefficient reduction ratio (Cn-59).

When the energy-saving mode is entered after completion of acceleration, the motor stalls to a stop (Especially at a light load).	Increase the lower (Cn-47 or Cn-48).
Revolutions change periodically and its cycle is almost equal to Cn-50 set value.	Decrease search operation voltage stop (Cn-51 or Cn-52)

### C. PID CONTROL IN PID CONTROL MODE

When the PID control mode is selected \*Sn-13=0010), there are standard with Auto Energy Saving function (AES, as appendix B shown) and PID control function.

The PID control function is a control system that matches a feedback value )i.e. a detected value) to the set target value. Combining proportional (P), integral (I), and derivative (D) control makes control possible even for a mechanical system with dead time. This section explains the PID control applications and operations, along with the constant settings and tuning procedure.

#### <a> Constants related to PID Control Mode

Function Paramet		Name		Setting	Setting Range	Factory	Valid Acce Levels			38
	NO		(English)	Unit		Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
	An-01 Setting of aimed value 1 An-01=060.00Hz Frequency command 1 An-01=060.00Hz Frequency command 1		0.00~400.00Hz	60.00Hz	0	0	0	0		
Catting of	An-02	Setting of aimed value 2 (Frequency command 2)	An-02=000.00Hz Frequency command 2	0.01Hz	0.00~400.00Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	0	0
Setting of PID Control aimed value *1	An-03	Setting of aimed value 3 (Frequency command 3)	An-03=000.00Hz Frequency command 3	0.01Hz	0.00~400.00Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	0	0
·	An-04	Setting of aimed value 4 (Frequency command 4)	An-04=000.00Hz Frequency command 4	0.01Hz	0.00~400.00Hz	0.00Hz	0	0	0	0
	An-09	Setting of aimed value 5 (Frequency command 5)	An-09=006.00Hz Jog command	0.01Hz	0.01Hz 0.00~400.00Hz		0	0	0	0
	bn-13	Setting of detected value adjustment (PID Detection Gain)	bn-13=01.00 PID Gain	0.01	0.01~10.00	1.00	×	×	0	$\times$
	bn-14	Setting of proportional Gain (P)	bn-14=01.0 PID P-Gain	0.1	0.0~10.0	1.0	×	×	0	$\times$
Setting	bn-15	Setting of integral time (I)	bn-15=010.0S PID I-Time	0.1S	0.0~100.0S	10.0S	×	×	0	×
of PID Control Constant	bn-16	Setting of differential time (D)	bn-16=0.00S PID D-Time	0.01S	0.00~1.00\$	0.00S	×	×	0	×
Conotant	bn-17	PID offset adjustment (PID Bias)	bn-17=000% PID Bias	1%	0~109%	0%	×	×	0	×
	Cn-43	PID integral upper Bound	Cn-43=100% PID I-Upper	1%	0~109%	100%	×	×	1	*2
	Cn-44	PID primary delay time constant	Cn-44=0.0S PID Filter	0.1S	0.0~2.5S	0.08	×	×	1	*2
Integral value reset	Sn-15 ~ Sn-18	Integral value reset by external contact signal	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0
PID Control Cancel	Sn-15 ~ Sn-18	PID Control Canceled by external contact signal	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0

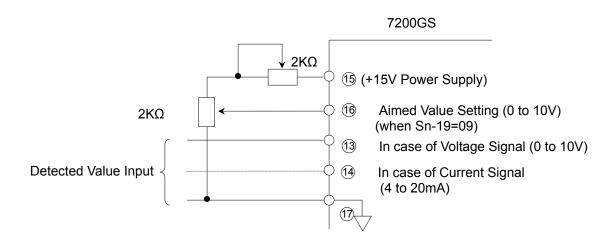
PID Control selection	Sn-19	PID Control mode is entered by setting Sn- 19=09	-	_	_		0	0	0	0
Control mode selection	Sn-13	Control mode selection	Sn-13=0010 PID Mode	_		-	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*1.</sup> The unit and setting range of An- can be changed according to the setting of the operator display mode (Cn-20).

<sup>\*2.</sup> Cn-43, Cn-44 have different function in the PG control mode (Ref. To appendix D).

### <br/>b> How to input PID control signals

For setting of aimed values, the multi-function analog input (control terminal 6) or Constant An-01  $\sim$  04 can be selected. The detected feedback value can be input from control terminal 3 (0  $\sim$  10V voltage signal) or Control terminal 4. (4  $\sim$  20mA current signal), as shown below.



- (1) When only control terminal (6) is used: set Sn-04 = XXX0.
- (2) When constant An for frequency reference is used: Set the aimed values to An-01 to 04 and 09 The aimed value to be used can be selected by combination of multi-step speed reference 1 or 2 and jog command (setting by constant Sn-15 ~ 18), as the table below shown.

### **Selection of Aimed Values**

Jog Command	Multi-step Speed 2	Multi-step Speed 1	Value to be Selected
OFF	OFF	OFF	An-01
OFF	OFF	ON	An-02
OFF	ON	OFF	An-03

OFF	ON	ON	An-04
ON	_	_	An-09

\*: When Sn-04 = XXX0 is set, (6) terminal signal is used instead of An-01. An-01 is used when Sn-04 = XXX1.

## <c> How to adjust

The PID control function is a control system that matches a feedback value (ie., a detected value) to the aimed value. Combining P (Proportional, bn-14), I (Integral, bn-15), and D (Derivated, bn-16) makes control possible even for a mechanical system with dead time. The PID control function, using different detected sensors, can be used for speed, pressure. flow or temperature etc. applications.

### (1) PID control Block Diagram and Step Porpoise

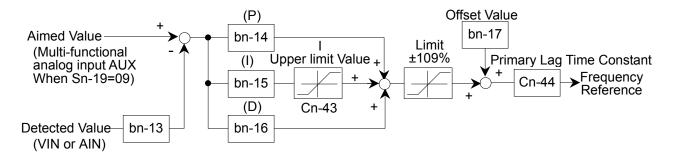


Fig 11 Block Diagram of PID Control Section

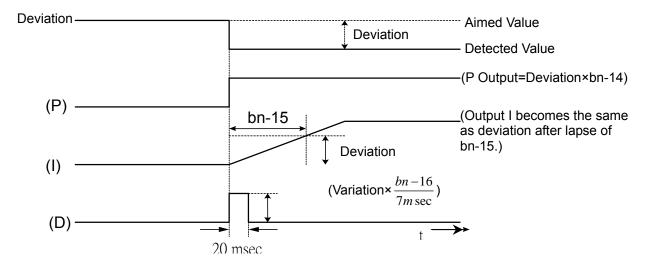


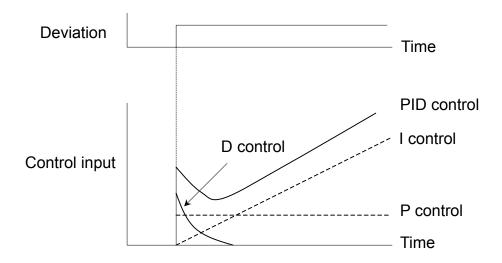
Fig 12 Response when Deviation is of Step Form

- ◆Deviation = Aimed value detected value × bn-13
- ●P output= Deviation × bn-14
- •I output = Integration of deviation, the additional value obtained at every 7msec can be calculated by the following equation:

[ Deviation 
$$\times \frac{7m \sec}{bn-15 \ set \ value}$$
 ]

- •D output = the output is obtained by multiplying the difference between the value before 7msec of deviation and the current value by gain of (  $\frac{bn-16\ set\ value}{7m\sec}$  ).
- The PID final outputs are all added.
  - (2) PID control operations.

In order to distinguish the separate PID control operations. The figure below shown the changes in the control input when the deviation between the target value and the feed back is held constant.



# Fig. 13 PID Control Operations

 P Control: A control input proportional to the deviation is output. The deviation cannot be zeroed by P control alone.

 I Control: A control input which is an integral of the deviation is output. This is effective for matching the feedback to the target value. Sudden changes, however, cannot be followed.

 D Control: A control input which is an integral of the deviation is output. Quick response to sudded changes is possible.

 PID Control: Optimum control is achieved by combining the best features of P, I, and D control.

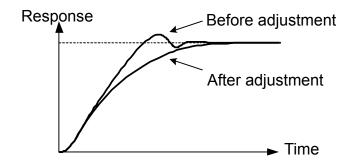
# (3) Adjusting PID contant

Refer to page, the block diagram of PID control selection, using the following procedure to activate PID control and then adjust it while monitoring the response.

- (I) Enable PID control function (Setting Sn-19 = 09, and if any constant Sn-15 ~ 18 setting value is 66, then none of control terminal ⑤ ~ ⑧ can be closed).
- ( II ) Increase the proportional gain P (bn-14) as far as possible without creating oscillation.
- ( III ) Reduce in integral time I (bn-15) as far as possible without creating oscillation.
- ( IV ) Increase the differential time D (bn-16) as far as possible without creating oscillation.
  First set the individual PID control constants, and then make fine adjustments.

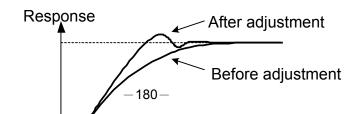
#### Reducing Overshooting

If overshooting occurs, shorten the derivative time D (bn-16) and lengthen the integral time I (bn-15)



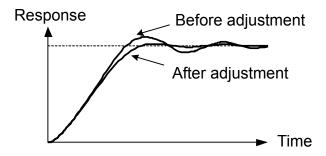
# Rapidly Stabilizing Control Status

To rapidly stabilize the control conditions even when overshooting occurs, shorten the integral time I (bn-15) and lengthen the derivative time D (bn-16)



# Reducing Long-cycle Oscillation

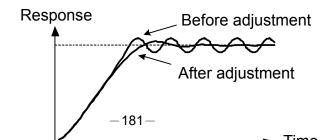
If oscillation occurs with a longer cycle than the integral time I (bn-15) setting it means that integral operation is strong. The oscillation will be reduced as the integral time I is lengthened.



# Reducing Short-cycle Oscillation

It the oscillation cycle is short and oscillation occurs with a cycle approximately the same as the derivative time D (bn-16) setting, it means that the derivative operation is strong. The oscillation will be reduced as the derivative time (D) is shortened.

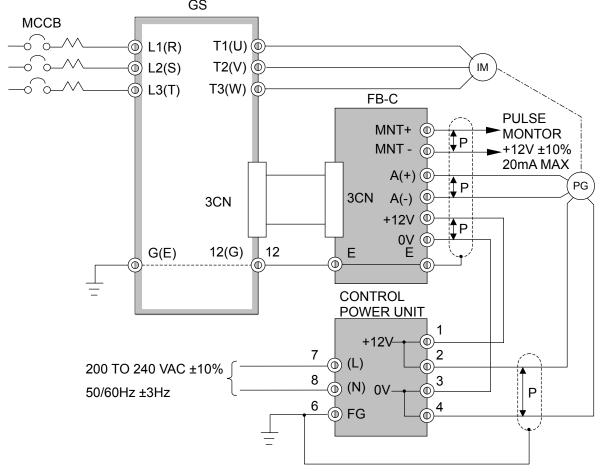
If oscillation cannot be reduced even by setting the derivative time (D) to "0.00" (no derivative control), then either lower the proportional gain P (bn-14) or raise the PID's primary delay time constant (Cn-44).



## D. PG FEEDBACK CONTROL

When the PG control mode is selected (Sn-13=11) and mounted the PG speed control option card FB-C on the control board of the inverter unit the 7200GAS can utilize a motor PG (pulse generator) which provides a means of speed feedback to compensate for speed fluctuations due to slip, to improve the speed accuracy.

# (a) FB-C Interconnection Diagram



Note: Thidicates twisted-pair shielded leads.

Fig. 14 FB-C Interconnection Diagram

[Note 1] The FB-C Cannot be connected to the inverter together with the following option cards:

• Communication card : SI-M • Analog monitor card : AO-12

• Pulse monitor card : PM-C

• Digital monitor card : DO=08

[Note 2] The PG interface only allows the open-collector interface or complementary interface.

[Note 3] Please refer to  $\ulcorner$  FB-C Instruction Manual  $_{\rfloor}$  for details.

# (b) Constants related to PG Control

Function	Parameter	Name	LCD Display	Setting	Setting Range	Factory	Valid Access Levels			
T dilotion	NO	ramo	(English)	Unit	coung rango	Setting	GP	SL	PID	PG
Multi- Function Selection	Sn-15 ~ Sn-18	Sn-15~18=0D: Speed control valid/invalid control Sn-15~18=0E: Integral value is reset in speed control	descriptions		T	-	0	0	0	0
FB-C Function Selection	Sn-27 ~ Sn-28	Ref. To Sn-27, Sn-28 descriptions	-	_	ı	ı	1	2	3	4
Multi- Function Analog Output	bn-11	bn-11=12: Amount of speed feedback bn-12=13: Amount of control compensation	Amount of speed feedback Ref. to bn-11 descriptions  Amount of control				1	1	1	2
Monitoring	Un-12	Amount of speed feedback at PG control mode	Un-12=100.0% Speed Feedback	0.1%	_		×	1	2	3
parameter	Un-13	Amount of speed control compensation	Un-13=10.0% Speed Comp.	0.1	_	_	×	×	X	0
	Cn-43	PG constant	Cn-43=000.0 P/R PG Parameter	0.1P/R	0.0~3000.0P/R	0.0P/R	×	×	1	2
	Cn-44	Number of motor poles	Cn-44=0.4 P Motor Pole	2P	0~32P	4P	×	×	1	2
	Cn-45	ASR Proportional gain 1	Cn-45=0.00 ASR Gain 1	0.01	0.00~2.55	0.00	×	×	1	2
	Cn-46	ASR integral time 1	Cn-46=01.0s ASR Intgl. Time 1	0.1s	0.1~10.0s	1.0s	×	×	1	2
Speed Control	Cn-47	ASR Proportional gain 2	Cn-47=0.02 ASR Gain 2	0.01	0.00~2.55	0.02	×	×	1	2
parameters	Cn-48	ASR integral time 2	Cn-48=01.0s ASR Intgl. Time 2	0.1s	0.1~10.0s	1.0s	X	X	1	2
	Cn-49	ASR Upper bound	Cn-49=05.0% ASR Up. Bound	0.1%	0.1~10.0%	5.0%	×	×	1	2
	Cn-50	ASR Lower bound	Cn-50=00.1% ASR Low. Bound	0.1%	0.1~10.0%	0.1%	×	×	1	2
	Cn-51	Excessive speed deviation detection level	Cn-51=10% Sp. Deviat. Det. Level	1%	1~50%	10%	×	×	1	2
	Cn-52	Over speed detection level	Cn-52=110% Over Sp. Det. Level	1%	1~120%	110%	×	×	1	2

# (1) PG Constant (Cn-43)

This constant determines the number of output pulses per revolution of the pulse generator (PG). When PG is connected to motor shaft via a mechanism such as a gear, speed ratio may occur. In this case, multiply the ratio by the constant. If 0 is set, speed detection and speed control are not executed.

Where PG constant: 900 P / R,

Gear ratio: 
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
  
Set 112.5 (900 x  $\frac{1}{8}$  ) to Cn-43.

# (2) Number of Motor Poles (Cn-44)

The number of motor poles is set. If the set value of Cn-43 or Cn-44 does not satisfy the following condition, a setting error occurs and  $\neg \neg \vdash \exists s \not\in S$  displayed. Set values are checked when the power supply is turned ON or when the program mode is changed to the drive mode.

$$\frac{2 \times Cn - 43 \times Cn - 02}{Cn - 44} \le 65535$$

(3) ASR Proportional Gain 1 (Cn-45)

ASR proportional gain at 0% output frequency is set.

(4) ASR Integral Time 1 (Cn-46)

ASR integral time at 0% output frequency is set.

(5) ASR Proportional Gain 2 (Cn-47)

ASR proportional gain at 100% output frequency is set.

(6) ASR Integral Time 2 (Cn-48)

ASR integral time at 100% output frequency is set.

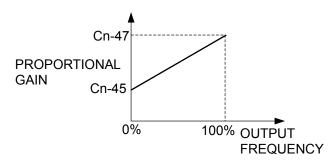


Fig. 15 Relation between Output Frequency and Proportional Gain

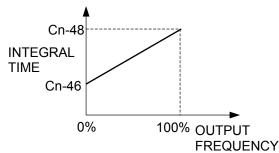


Fig. 16 Relation between Output Frequency and Integral Time

(7) ASR Upper Bound (Cn-49)

ASR Upper Bound is set in units of 1% ratio for the maximum frequency.

(8) ASR Lower Bound Negative Limit (Cn-50)

ASR Lower Bound is set in units of 1% ratio for the maximum frequency.

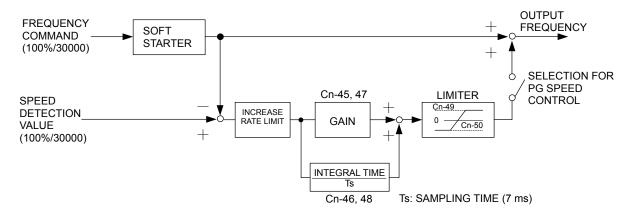


Fig. 17 ASR Block Diagram when PG Speed Control Card is Connected

(9) Excessive Speed Deviation Detection Level (Cn-51)

The level to detect excessive speed deviation is set in units of 1% ratio for the maximum frequency.

(10) Excessive Speed Detection Level (Cn-52)

The level to detect excessive speed is set in units of 1% ratio for the maximum frequency.

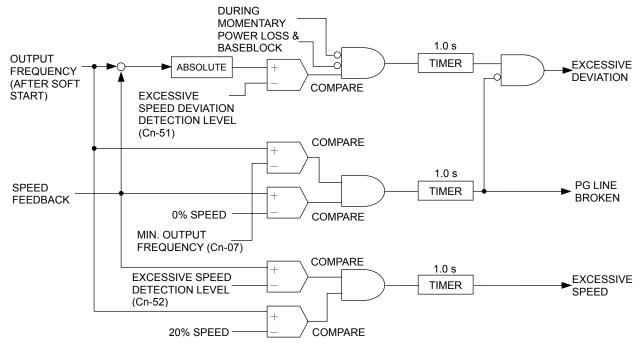


Fig. 18 Fault Detection Block Diagram

## E. NOTES ON APPLICATION OF MOTORS

## Motor Application Notes for Standard Motors

A standard motor driven by the inverter generates slightly less power than it does when it is driven with commercial power supply. Also, the cooling effect deteriorates in low speed range so that the motor temperature rise increases. Reduce load torque in the low speed range. Allowable load characteristics of the standard motor are shown in the figure. If 100% continuous torque is required in the low speed range, use an inverter duty motor.

# Torque (%) Torque (%) Allowable Load Characteristics of the Standard Motor

#### ■ High speed operation

When the motor is used above 60Hz, motor mechanical design should be verified. Contact your motor manufacturer.

#### ■ Torque characteristics

Motor torque characteristics vary when the motor is driven by an inverter instead of commercial power supply. Check the load torque characteristics of the machine to be connected.

#### Vibrations

Because of the high carrier modulation technique for PWM control, the 7200GAS series reduces motor vibration to a level equal to running with a commercial power supply. Larger vibrations may occur under the following conditions:

- (1) Response at resonant frequency of the mechanical system. Special care is required if a machine which has previously been driven at a constant speed, is to be driven at varying speeds. Installation of anti-vibration rubber padding under the motor base and frequency jump control are recommended.
- (2) Rotator residual imbalance Special care is required for operation at 60Hz or higher frequencies.

#### Noise

Inverter operation is as quiet as operation with commercial power supply. At above rated speed (60Hz), noise may increase by motor cooling fan.

#### Application to Special Purpose Motors

Motors with Brakes	Use brake-equipped motors with an independent power supply. Connect the brake power supply to the inverter primary side. When the brake Operates (the motor stops) it turns the inverter output OFF. Some types of brakes may make abnormal sounds in low speed range.
Pole Change Motors	Select the inverter with a capacity exceeding the rated current of each pole. Pole change should be made only after the motor stops. If a pole is changed while the motor is rotating, the regenerative overvoltage or overcurrent protection circuit is activated and the motor coasts to a stop.
Submersible Motors	Since the rated current of underwater motors is large compared with general purpose motors, select an inverter with a larger capacity. If the wire length between the inverter and the motor is large, use cables with sufficiently large diameter.
Explosion-proof Motors	Explosion-proof motors which are applied to inverters must be currently approved as explosion-proof equipment. The inverter is not explosion-proof and should not be located where explosive gases exist.
Geared Motors	Lubrication method and continuous rotation limit differ with manufacturers. When oil lubrication is employed, continuous operation only in low speed range may cause burnout. Before operating the motor at more than 60Hz, you should consult the motor manufacturer.
Single-phase Motors	Single-phase motors are not suitable for variable speed operation with an inverter. If the inverter is applied to a motor using a capacitor stack, a high harmonic current flows and the capacitor may be damaged. For split-phase start motors and repulsion start motors, the internal centrifugal switch will not be actuated and the starting coil may be burned out. Therefore, only use 3-phase motors.

# ■ Power Transmission Mechanism (Gear Reduction, Belt, Chain, etc.)

When gear boxes and change/reduction gears lubricated with oil are used in power transmission systems, (Continuous low speed operation decreases the oil lubrication function). Also, operation at more than 60Hz may result in noise, reduced life, etc.

#### F. PERIPHERAL UNIT NOTES

#### Installation and selection of molded-case circuit breaker —

On the input power side, a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) to protect inverter primary wiring should be installed. The inverter power factor (depending on power voltage, output frequency, and load) must be taken into account for selecting the MCCB. For standard selection, see If a full electromagnetic MCCB is to be used, select a larger capacity because the operating characteristics are altered by harmonic current. A leakage current breaker of inverter use is recommended.

#### Use of input side magnetic contactor –

The inverter can be used without an input side magnetic contactor (MC). An input MC can be used to prevent an automatic restart after recovery from an external power loss during remote control operation. However, do not use the MC frequently for start/stop operation, or it will lead to a reduced reliability. When the digital operator is used, automatic restart after power failure is disabled so that MC starting is impossible. Although the MC can stop the inverter, regeneration braking is disabled and the motor coasts to stop.

#### Use of secondary magnetic contactor -

In general, magnetic contactors on the output of the inverter for motor control should not be used. Starting a motor with the inverter running will cause large surge currents and the inverter overcurrent protector to be triggered. If an MC is used for switching to commercial power supply, switch MC after the inverter and the motor stop. To switch during motor rotation, use the speed search function.

### Use of overload relay -

The inverter includes an electronic thermal protective function to protect the motor from overheating. If more than one motor is driven with a single inverter or when a multi-pole motor is used, place an overload relay between the inverter and the motor. Set 1 to the first position of Sn-14 (xxx1), and set the overload relay to the current nameplate value at 50Hz, or 1.1 times of that at 60 Hz.

#### Power-factor improvement (elimination of phase advance capacitor) -

To improve the power-factor, install an AC reactor on the inverter's primary side. Power-factor improvement capacitors or surge suppressors on the inverter output side will be damaged by the harmonic component in the inverter output. Also, the overcurrent caused in the inverter output will trigger the overcurrent protection. To avoid this, do not use capacitors or surge suppressors in the inverter's output. To improve the power-factor, install an AC reactor on the inverter primary side.

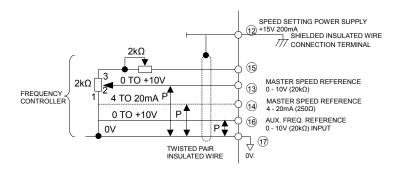
# Radio frequency interference -

Because the inverter I/O (main circuit) contains a higher harmonics component, it may emit RFI noise to communication equipment (AM radio, etc.) near the inverter. Use a noise filter to decrease the noise. Use of a metallic conduit between the inverter and motor and grounding the conduit is also effective. Proper routing of input and output leads is also recommended.

#### Wire thickness and cable length -

If the inverter is connected to a distant motor, (especially when low frequency is output,) motor torque decreases because of voltage drop in the cable. Use sufficiently heavy wire.

When a digital operator is to be installed separately from the inverter, use the TECO connection cable (option). For remote control with analog signals, connect the operating pot or operating signal terminal and the inverter within 30m of the inverter. The cable must be routed separately from power circuits (main circuit and relay sequence circuit) so that it is not subjected to inductive interference by other equipment. If frequencies are set not only from the digital operator but also with external frequency controller, use twisted pair shielded wire as shown in the following figure and connect the shielding to terminal E, not to the ground.



# G. CIRCUIT PROTECTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL RATINGS NOTES

## ■ Circuit Protection

The maximum rms symmetrical amperes and voltage of 7200GS series are to listed as follows

Device	Rating	Short circuit	Maximum	
Voltage HP		Rating (A)	Voltage (V)	
220V	25 ~ 50	5,000	240V	
	51 ~ 100	10,000	240 V	
440V	25 ~ 50	5,000		
	51 ~ 200	10,000	480V	
	201 ~ 400	18,000		

# Environmental Ratings

The 7200GS is suitable for use in pollution degree 2 environments.

# ■ Field Wiring Terminals and Tightening Torque

The wiring terminals and tightening torque as follows. (The main circuit terminal specifications – use 60/75°C copper wire only)

# (a) 220V class

Circuit	Inverter Rating (HP)	Terminals Mark	Cable Size (AWG)	Terminals	Tightening Torque (pound-in.)
	25	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, B2, ⊕, ⊝	4	M6	35
			6	M6	35
	30	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4	M8	78
			6	M10	156
	40	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0	M8	78
			4	M10	156
Main Circuit	50	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0	M8	78
			4	M10	156
	60	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0 x 2P	M8	78
			4	M10	156
	75	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0 x 2P	M8	78
			2	M10	156
	100	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4/0 x 2P	M10	156
			1/0	M10	156
Control Circuit	All series	1 ~ 33	24 - 14	М3	5

# (b) 440V class

Circuit	Inverter Rating (HP)	Terminals Mark	Cable Size (AWG)	Terminals	Tightening Torque (pound- inchs)
	25	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, B2, ⊕, ⊝	8	M4	10
			8	M6	35
	30	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, B2, ⊕, ⊝	8	M4	10
			8	M6	35
	4.0	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	6	M6	35
	40		8	M10	156
	50	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4	M6	35
	50		6	M10	156
	60	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4	M8	78
	60		6	M10	156
	75	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	1	M8	78
	75		4	M10	156
	100	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0	M8	78
Main			4	M10	156
Circuit	125	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0 x 2P	M10	156
			4	M10	156
	150	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	2/0 x 2P	M10	156
	130		2	M10	156
	175	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊖	2/0 x 2P	M10	156
			2	M10	156
	215	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4/0 x 2P	M10	156
			1/0	M10	156
	250	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4/0 x 2P	M10	156
			1/0	M10	156
	200	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	4/0x 2P	M10	156
	300		2/0	M10	156
	400	L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, ⊕, ⊝	650 x 2P	M10	156
	400		2/0	M10	156
Control Circuit	All series	1 ~ 33	20 - 14	M3	5

# H. DRIVE INPUT FUSES

☼ Drive input fuses are provided to disconnect the drive from power in the event that a component fails in the drive's power circuitry. The drive's electronic protection circuitry is designed to clear drive output short circuits and ground faults without blowing the drive input fuses. Below table shows the 7200GS input fuse ratings.

Inverter		Drive Input Fuse Ratings (Semiconductor protection)				
Voltage	HP	Rated Voltage	Amps	Fuse Type (FERRAZ)		
	25		125	A30QS125-4		
	30		150	A30QS150-4		
	40		175	A30QS175-4		
220V	50	300VAC	250	A30QS250-4		
	60		250	A30QS250-4		
	75		350	A30QS350-4		
	100		450	A30QS450-4		
440V	25	500VAC	60	A50QS60-4		
	30		70	A50QS70-4		
	40		90	A50QS90-4		
	50		125	A50QS125-4		
	60		125	A50QS125-4		
	75		175	A50QS175-4		
	100		225	A50QS225-4		
	125		300	A50QS300-4		
	150		350	A50QS350-4		
	175		400	A50QS400-4		
	215		450	A50QS450-4		
	250		500	A50QS500-4		

300	600	A50QS600-4	
400	900	A50QS900-4	

## I. CERTIFICATION FOR THE INVERTER

#### ■ CE Mark

- The 7200GS drives conform to the European Union Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive, when installed according to the recommendations described in the "EMC Installation Guideline" manual.
- The tests were made in accordance with the following basic standards:

EN55011 (2000-05): Conducted Emission and Radiated Emission.

EN61000-4-2 (1995-03): ESD

EN61000-4-3 (1998) : RFI Immunity

EN61000-4-4 (1995-03) : Fast Transient (Burst)

EN61000-4-5 (1995-03): Slow Transient (Surge)

EN61000-4-6 (1996-07): RF Common Mode Immunity

EN61000-4-11(1994) : Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions and

**Voltage Variations Immunity** 

